

Case Studies and Other Data Sources/Resources

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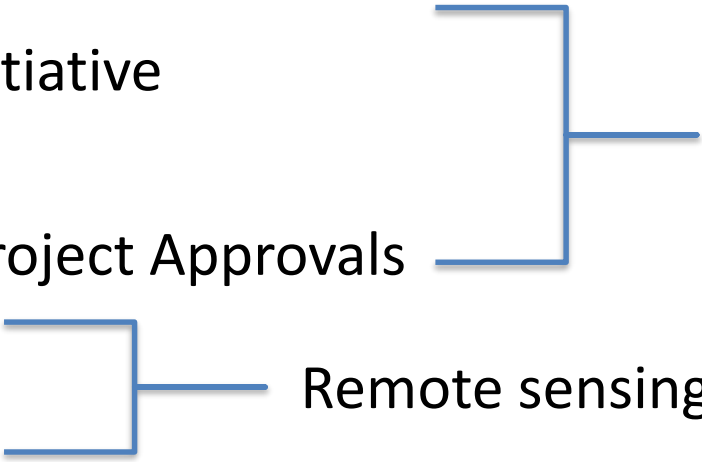


March 12, 2018
Olympia Workshop

Case Studies of Monitoring Programs

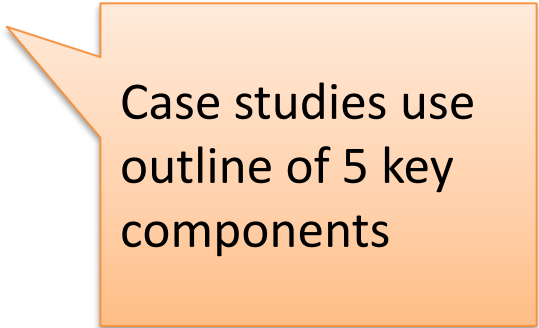


Retroactive evaluations:

- San Juan County Initiative
 - Jefferson County
 - WDFW Hydraulic Project Approvals
 - Snohomish County
 - Thurston County
- 
- Permit records,
site visits
- Remote sensing component

Ongoing compliance monitoring

- City of Kirkland
- Ecology Wetland Regulatory Effectiveness
- US Army Corps Mitigation Compliance



Case studies use
outline of 5 key
components

Sno Co Critical Areas Adaptive Management Plan (2008)

1. Gains or losses of function in Fish and Wildlife Habitat Conservation Areas, Wetlands and their buffers?
2. If losses, are adjustments needed to:
 - a) Code?
 - b) Permit review process?
 - c) Enforcement improvements?
 - d) Education efforts?
 - e) Restoration projects?



Monitoring objectives

- Implementation & Compliance Monitoring 11/2007 to 4/2013
- Analyze effectiveness and implementation of permits and enforcement in protecting critical areas and their buffers:
 - analyze landcover change impacts
 - evaluate critical reviews in the permit tracking system
 - recommendations for improving permitting & enforcement



**Critical Areas Site
Plans**



Enforcement

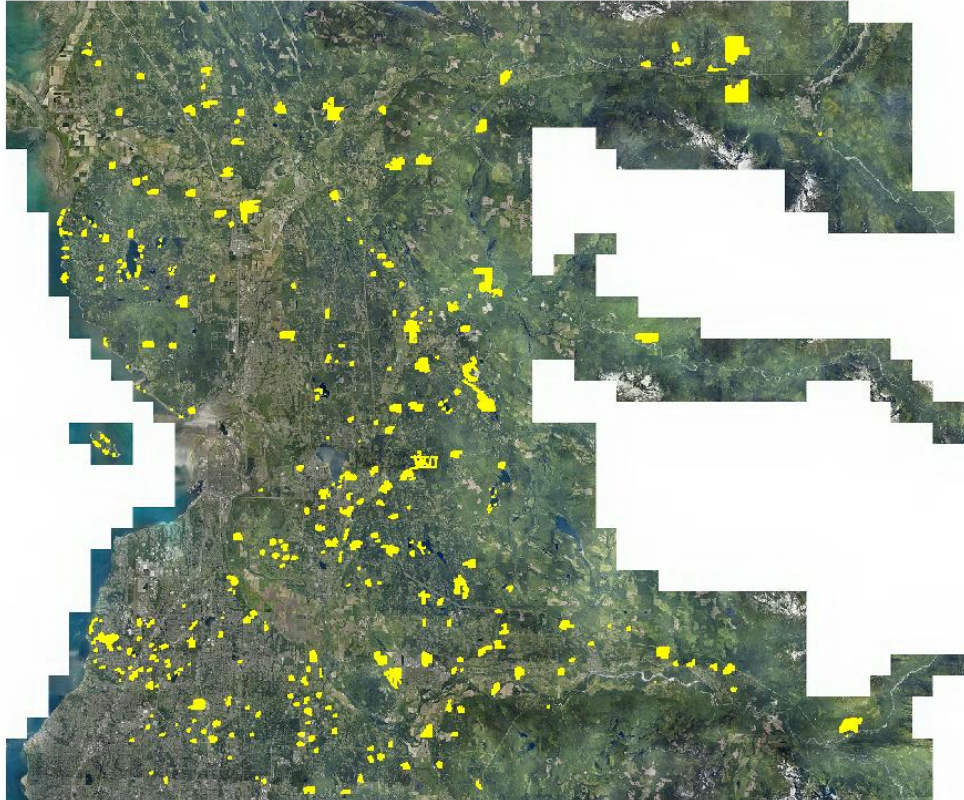


**Other unpermitted
clearing & grading**



**Class IVG Forest
Practices**

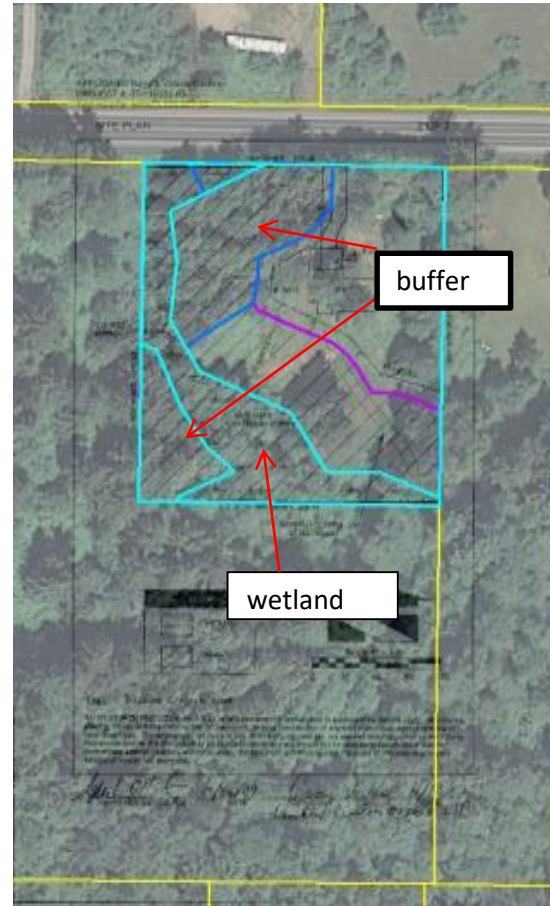
Critical Areas Site Plans (CASP) Parcel Analysis



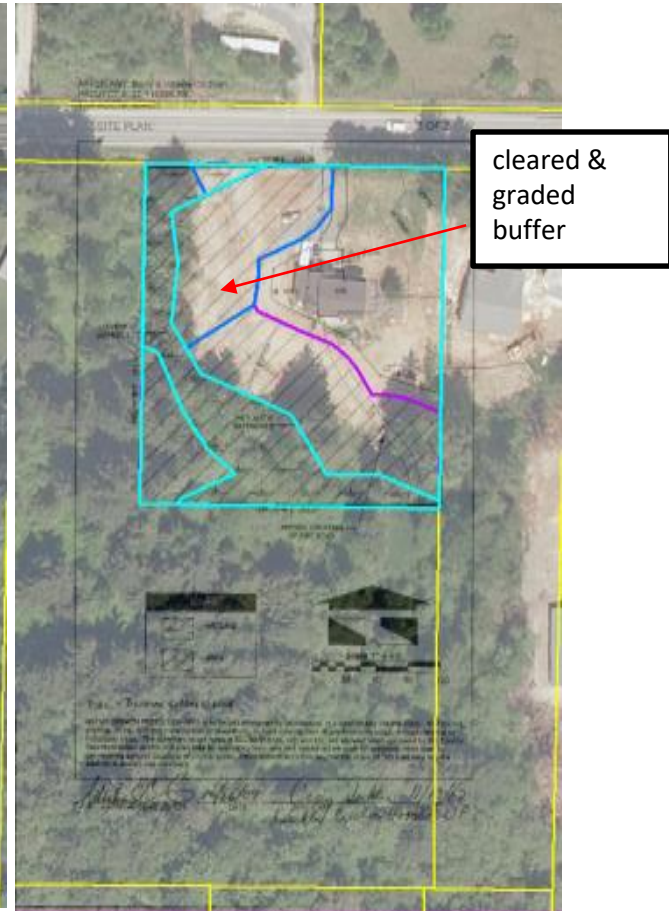
986 Critical Areas Site Plans (CASPs) recorded between November 2007 and April 2013 – 335 randomly selected

CASP Parcel Analysis

- Digitize critical areas and buffers
- Identify, classify and digitize land cover changes in protected areas of the CASPs



2007



2009

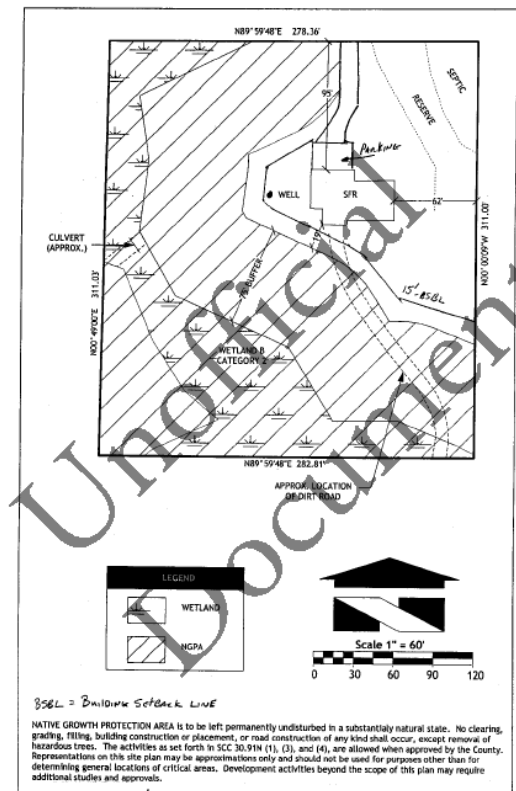
Key findings

- 109 acres of estimated impacts
- This is <1% of total critical and buffers identified on properties with permits and enforcement cases
- 70% occurred on properties with enforcement cases
- Half of the total occurred in wetlands
- > 70% of CASP had problems with accuracy
- No code changes warranted

APPLICANT: Barry & Valerie Cochran
PROJECT #: 07-110388-RK
TAX ACCT#: 300520-003-007-00

SITE PLAN:

2 OF 2



APPROVED AND CO PDS DATE 10/26/07
APPROVED AND CO PDS DATE 11/13/07
Sunkin Custom Homes U.P.

Recommendations

- Improve CASP accuracy
- Digitize and incorporate CASPs into GIS review of future permits
- Staff training (applicability, CA identification)
- Monitoring report every 8 years to align with GMA
- Improve Critical Area tracking in AMANDA

Attempt	Checklist (29)	Memo	Deficiency	Attachment	Dependency	Info (15)	Consent	Insp. Detail
Description			Value			Type	Display Order	
A. Buffer Alterations								
Permanent Buffer Impacts						P		
Buffer Alterations						C	10	
Fencing						C	20	
Separate Tracts						C	30	
Enhancement						C	40	
SFR Exception						C	50	

City of Kirkland tracking for SMP No Net Loss

ESTABLISH KEY OBJECTIVES AND STUDY QUESTIONS STEP TWO



DATA COLLECTION

What are all the values, figures, and other possible data the City may want to collect?

GOALS

What are the short term and long term goals the SMP codes are intended to achieve?

PURPOSE & INTENT

Do the figures being collected capture the required information to show whether or not the City is maintaining ecological function and following the purpose and intent of the SMP?

ADMINISTRATION

Can code administrators apply the code and collect the data without being unnecessarily burdened?

BUILD CONSENSUS

Will the data be useful in future discussions with citizens, council, or commission members?

Excel spreadsheet

DESIGN THE MONITORING PROGRAM STEP THREE

- Spreadsheet Tracking: Excel
 - Simple
 - Effective
 - Accessible
 - Short Term data collection
 - Easily Modified
- Permit Tracking Software Development (EnerGov)
 - Developed reviews and holds for specific project types
 - Long Term data collection
 - Reporting capabilities
 - Fee, security, inspection, and plan tracking



An ongoing program with 8-year reviews

DETERMINE THE MONITORING TIME FRAME STEP FOUR



- Programmatic – Ongoing
- Interim internal check-ins
- Eight year review – Reporting



City of Kirkland spreadsheet

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P
1	PLEASE READ TUTORIAL TAB FIRST															
2																
3					NATIVE VEGETATION (SQ.FT) WITHIN SHORELINE SETBACK											
4	ADDRESS	PERMIT # OR DATE	APPLICANT NAME	PLANNER	# OF TREES REMOVED	# TREES RETAINED	# OF TREES PLANTED	SHRUBS	GROUND COVER	LAWN	REMOVAL OF LAWN	REMOVAL OF ORNAMENTAL	REMOVAL OF INVASIVE	AQUATIC VEGETATION	MITIGATION FOR TREE REMOVAL	MITIGATION FOR 83.550.5.8.5 (10%) SQ.FT
5	XXXX Lake Washington Blvd	BLD10-00500	DOE	CPG												
6	XXX Lake Ave West	BLD10-00314	SMITH	CPG	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
7	XXXX Lake Ave West	BLD11-00181	JONES	CPG		1	3	500	300	809	720	280	0	65		
8	XXXXX Holmes Point Road	BLD11-00431	JOHNSON	CPG	0		7	600	400	2280	0	0	0	0		
9	XXXXX Champagne Pt Rd SE	BLD11-00534	TAYLOR	CPG	0		3	365	170	950	535	0	0	0		
10	XXXX NE 154th St	BLD11-00351	JACKSON	CPG												
11	XXXX SW 166th	BLD11-00350	JAMES	CPG												
12	XXXXX Champagne Pt Rd NW	MIS11-00006	DAWES	CPG	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
13	XXX Lake Ave West	SHR11-00004	BAILEY	CPG												
14	XXX Lake Ave West	BLD11-00109	BRONSON	CPG	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
15	XXXXX Holmes Point Road	1/10/2012	GLASS	CPG												
16	XXX Lake Ave West	BLD11-00462	SIMS	STL		6	6	90	632	400	990	0	0	0	Y	N
17	XXXX Rose Point Lane	BLD11-00689	RIVERA	CPG												
18	Marina Park Pier	exemption	City	TJS												
19		0	0	0	0											
20		0	0	0	0											
21		0	0	0	0											
22		0	0	0	0											
23		0	0	0	0											
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44		0	0	0	0											
45		0	0	0	0											
46		0	0	0	0											

Spreadsheet posted on Commerce web site.

Tracks indicators for each project – built into staff review time

TUTORIAL

DEVELOPMENT OR ACTION

PROJECT DETAILS & MISC.

SHORELINE SETBACK

VEGETATION

STABILIZATION

OVER

...

+

:

←

Example of measurable from Kirkland spreadsheet

- 2100 SF structures removed from shoreline setback
- 62 Native Trees Planted (15 Permits)
- 4000 SF Lawn removed (6 Permits)
- 8600 SF of Native Vegetation Planted along shoreline (13 Permits)
- 103 LF of Bulkhead Removed (3 Permits)
- 14,835 SF of Solid Pier Decking Removed
- 16,672 SF Grated Pier surface installed
- 1472 SF of Overwater Structures Removed
- 200 SF of in water Structures Removed
- 33 Piles Removed (5 parcels)
- 6000 SF Spawning Gravel Installed (6 parcels)



Ecology Wetlands Evaluation Program *

Site inspections

- As-built
- Mid-monitoring
- End of monitoring (*10 years*)

Formal follow-up letters

Review reports

- Track deadlines
- Ensure reports have complete information per Ecology's Order

** 401 WQ certifications for compensatory mitigation projects*



	Element	What to Look For (add in specifics from order, mitigation plan, and/or as-built)	Comments or Deviations from the Plan/Permit	Follow-up / Contingency	For Administrative Use
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On-the-Ground Elements

1.	Grading	<i>(for example, slopes, elevations, topographic features, microtopography, soil treatment)</i>			
2.	Water/ hydroperiod	<i>(for example, water-control structures, specified water regime, wetland hydrologic indicators)</i>			
3.	Planting	<i>(including: presence, numbers, location, spacing, and size of planted or seeded vegetation species or plant communities; plant protectors, irrigation)</i>			
4.	Management/ control of invasive species	<i>(for example, mowing, rolling, spraying, covering with plastic)</i>			
5.	Habitat features	<i>(for example, nest boxes, snags, stumps, LWD, brush piles)</i>			
6.	Required acreage of mitigation	<i>(Does mitigation area appear to be the appropriate size?)</i>			
7.	Other	<i>(for example, buffers, signs, fences, trails)</i>			



Wetlands Program Benefits



Increased mitigation success: work with the applicant to address issues that would result in site failure.

Improved permitting decisions: lessons learned during site visits can be applied to review of current mitigation proposals.

Voluntary compliance: improves when people expect oversight (less time needed to check on every project)

Improved **consistency and predictability** by standardizing permit conditions or project plan requirements

New Guidance: Evaluating Buffer Compliance



Characterizing Wetland Buffers in Washington State

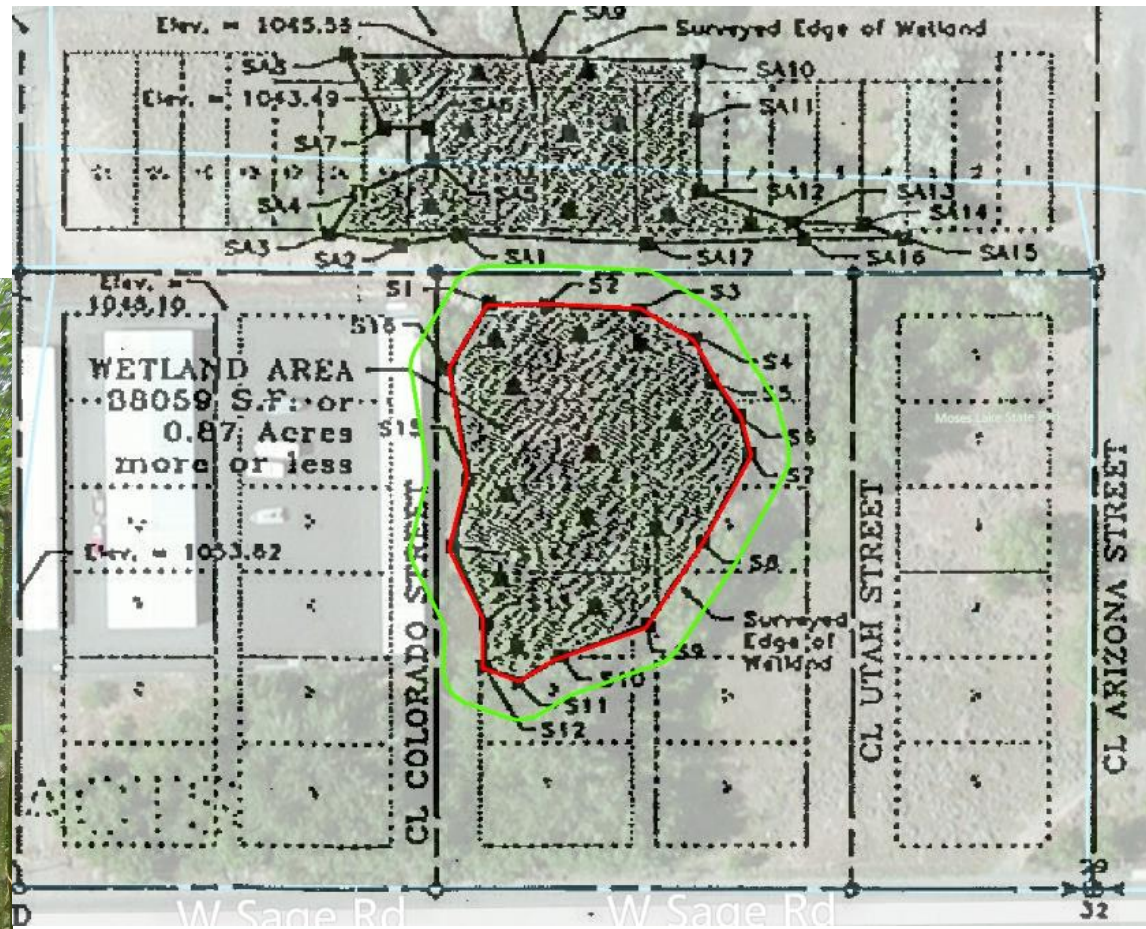
September 2017
Publication No. 17-06-008

Outlines **steps** for characterizing how well regulations are protecting buffers.

Based on pilot of 10 randomly selected projects from:

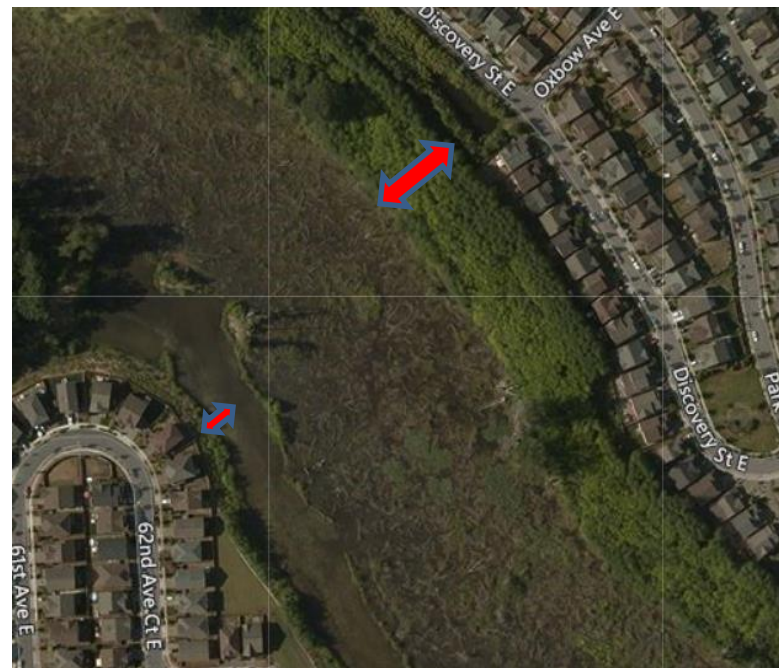
- Pierce County
- Tacoma
- Marysville
- Moses Lake

Review Permits, Assess Sites



Compare Permit Requirements to CAO

Wetland Category	Buffer width (in feet) based on habitat score			
	3-4	5	6-7	8-9
Category I: Based on total score	75	105	165	225
Category I: Bogs and Wetlands of High Conservation Value	190			225
Category I: Coastal Lagoons	150		165	225
Category I: Interdunal				225
Category I: Forested	75	105	165	225
Category I: Estuarine	150 (buffer width not based on habitat scores)			
Category II: Based on score	75	105	165	225
Category II: Interdunal Wetlands	110		165	225
Category II: Estuarine	110 (buffer width not based on habitat scores)			
Category III (all)	60	105	165	225
Category IV (all)	40			



- Was permit issued according to CAO requirements?
- Was buffer width more or less protective than basic CAO buffer?

Are justification for changes documented?

Consistent w/CAO criteria?

Compare Permit to Built Conditions



Is vegetation
management
consistent?
Fencing?



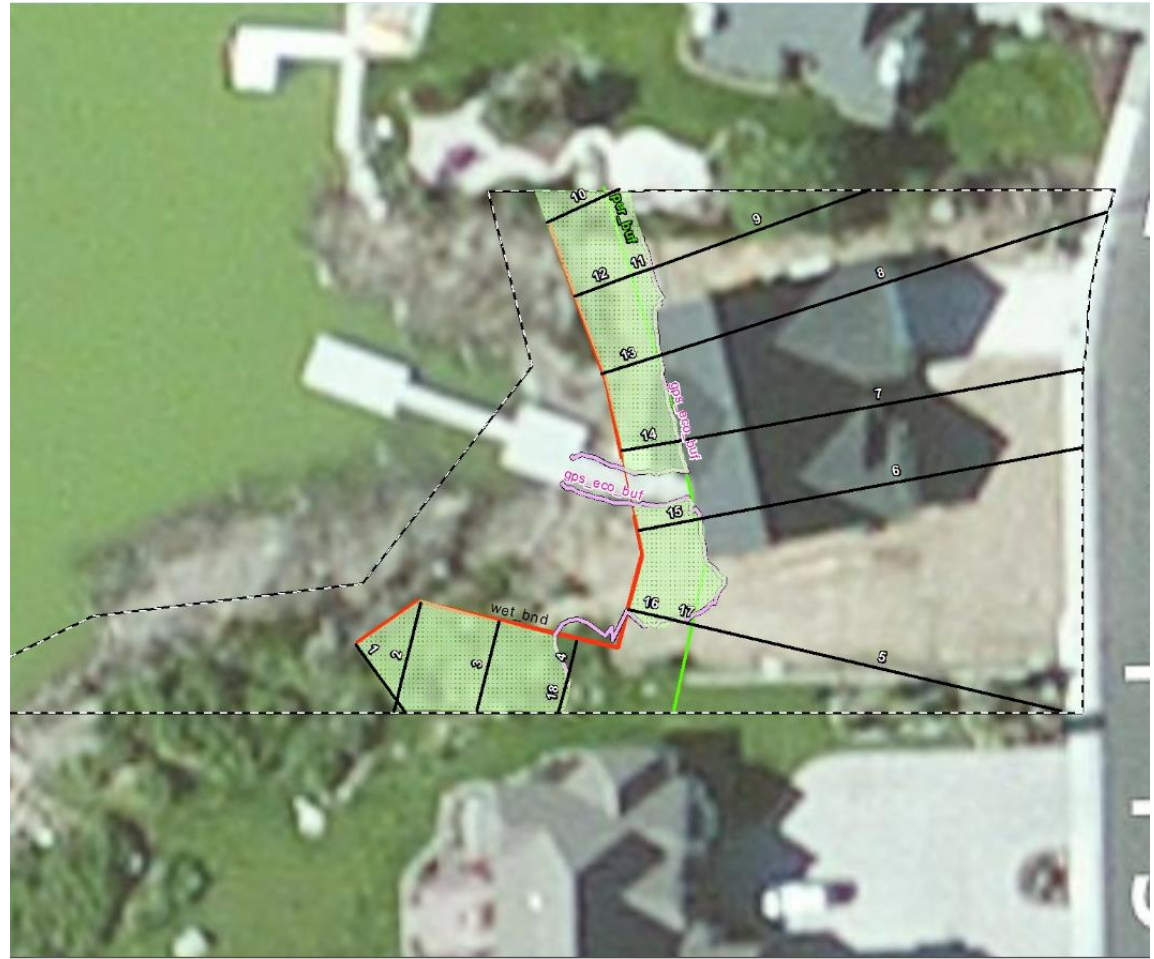
Signage?

**% of wetland edge
adjacent to
“ecologically
significant buffer”**

Width of ecologically significant buffer

Area of ecologically significant buffer

What are dominant stressors?



Methods, Forms

Worksheet For Reviewing a Permit

Permit # _____

Date of permit _____ Date of CAO in effect when vested _____

Date of Review _____ Reviewed by: _____

Category of wetland for which permit is required

Category I _____

Category II _____

Category III _____

Category IV _____

Other _____

Basic buffer width specified in the permit _____ (including adjustment for habitat points and impact-reducing measures if properly documented) (N/A if not discussed in permit)

Allowable discretionary changes to buffer width

Averaging _____ how much _____

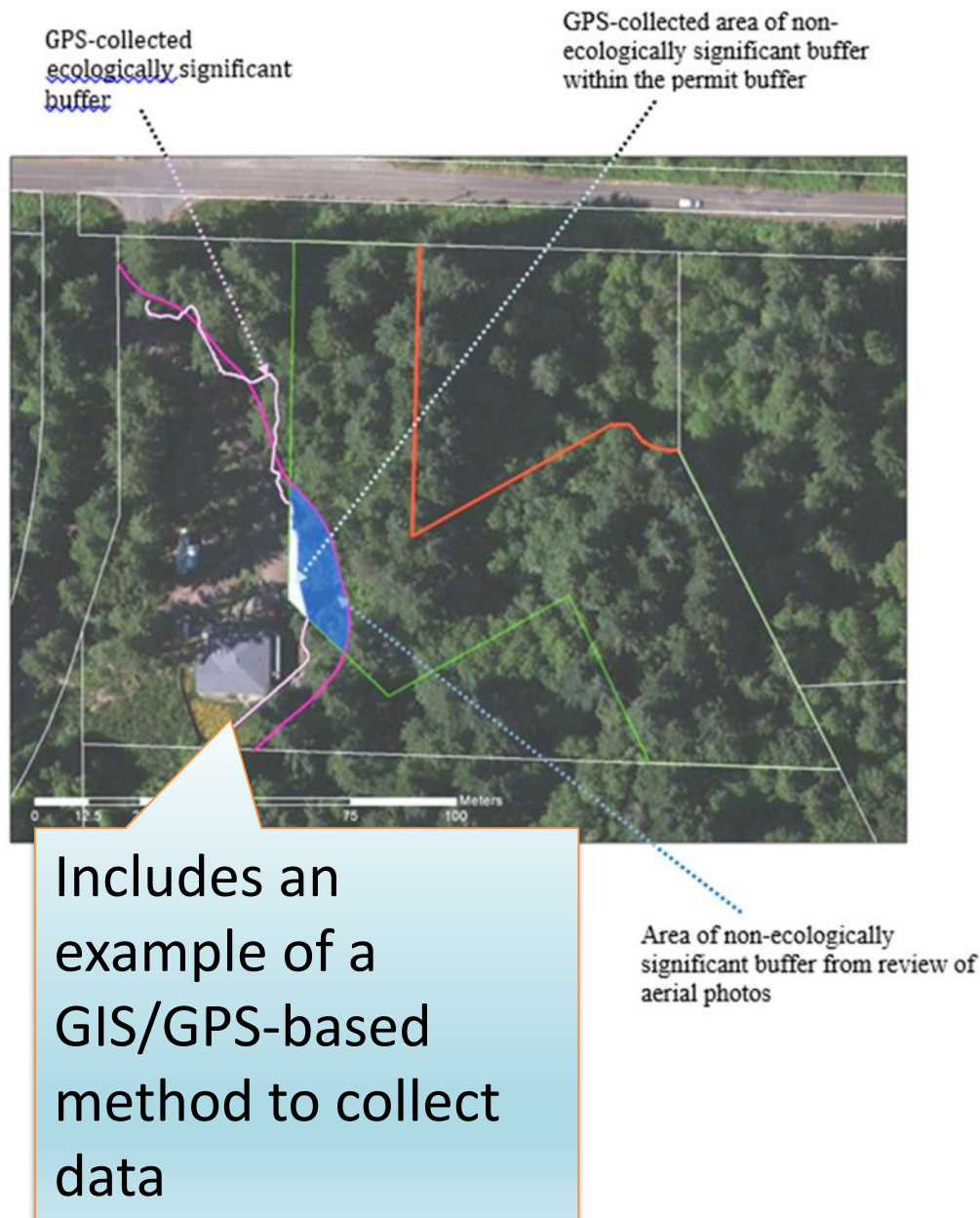
Reduction if enhanced _____ how much _____

Increases for _____ what conditions _____

Other _____

Other required _____

Includes samples of forms used in these steps.



New: Guide for Using Ecology Air Photos



DEPARTMENT OF
ECOLOGY
State of Washington

Washington Oblique Aerial Photography



September 2017
Publication no. 17-06-026

1997



2002



2006



2016



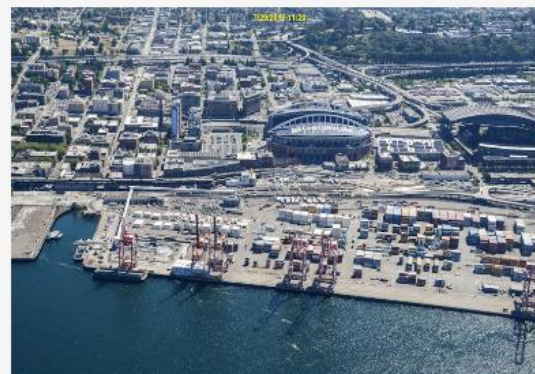
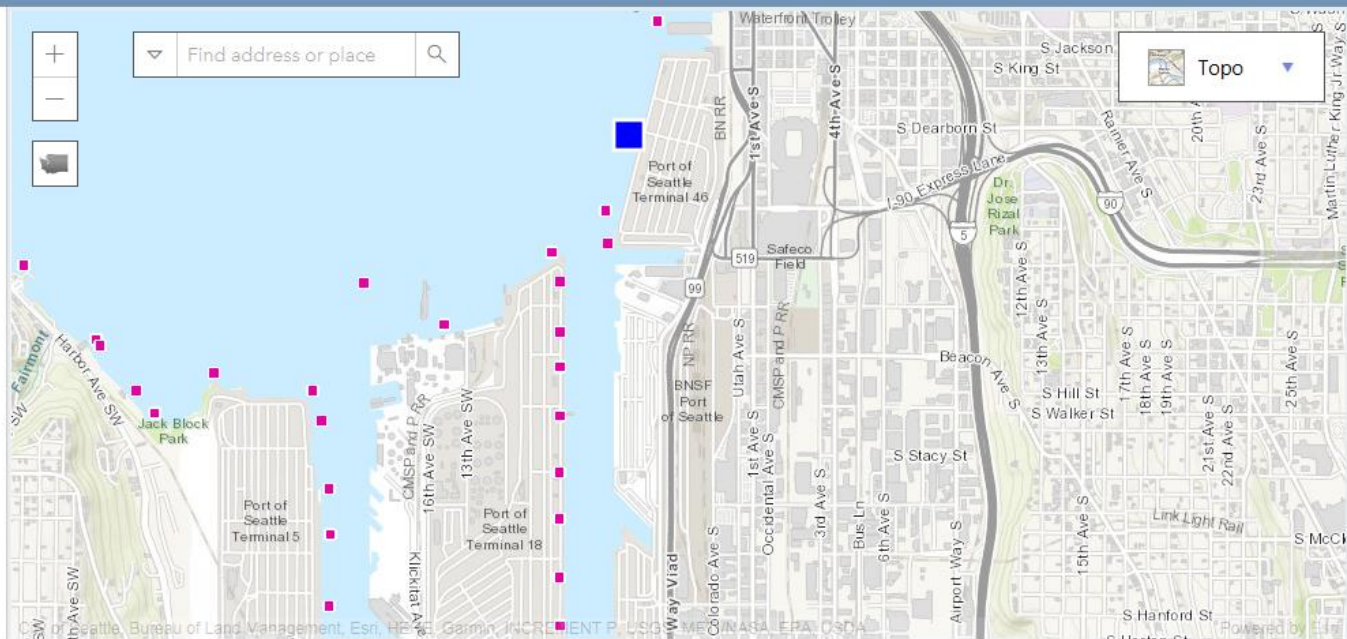
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Elliott Bay (7/29/2016)

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2000 ☐

1990 ☒



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