

**OCB BOARD MEETING: OCTOBER 6, 2022**

# **Chehalis Basin**

# **LAND**

**\*LOCAL ACTIONS NON-DAM ALTERNATIVE**





# EMERGING LAND ALTERNATIVE

# Community-Based Flood Damage Reduction for the Chehalis River Basin



**1.**

Determine the target level of protection



**2.**

Determine the mix of infrastructure protection, structure protection and potential relocation



**3.**

Determine the extent to which the natural systems of the floodplain can be restored through environmental design



**4.**

Determine the number and extent of resiliency elements and programs



**5.**

Determine funding, project management entity and implementation



# 1. Determine the target level of protection



**Nuisance**



**Damaging**



**Catastrophic**



**TARGET**



## 2. Determine the mix of infrastructure protection, structure protection and potential relocation

### Infrastructure Protection

#### Recoverable

*Mostly functional within a short period of time*

#### Fully Functional

- Raising of roadways, bridges and railroads
- Levees, floodwalls and diversions

### Safe Structures

#### Relocation

#### Protected in Place

- Flood proofing, elevating structures and flood walls
- Potential relocation



# INFRASTRUCTURE

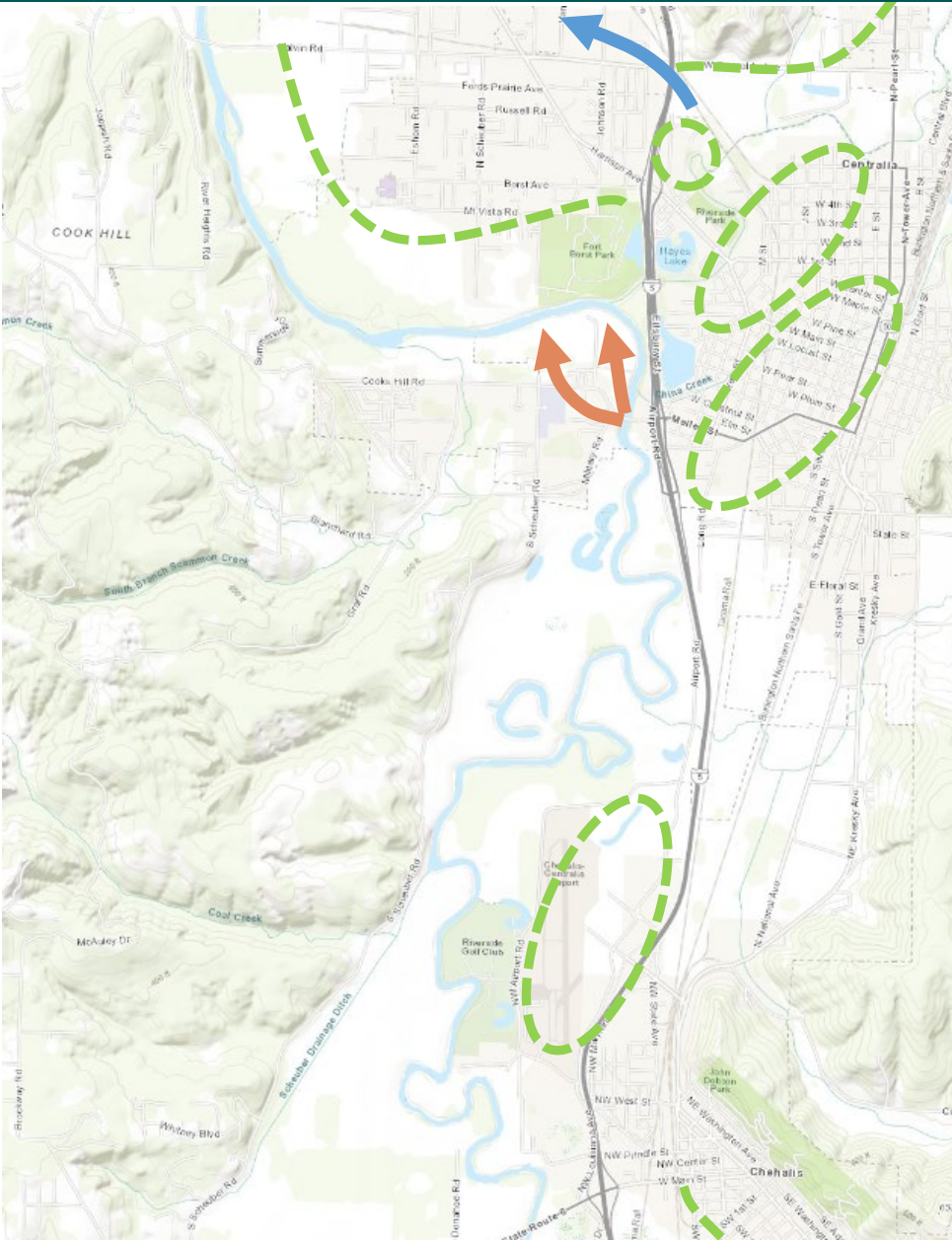
Levees and Diversions

Local Infrastructure Projects





# CONCEPTUAL ALTERNATIVES EVALUATED - OVERVIEW



Current concepts evaluated:

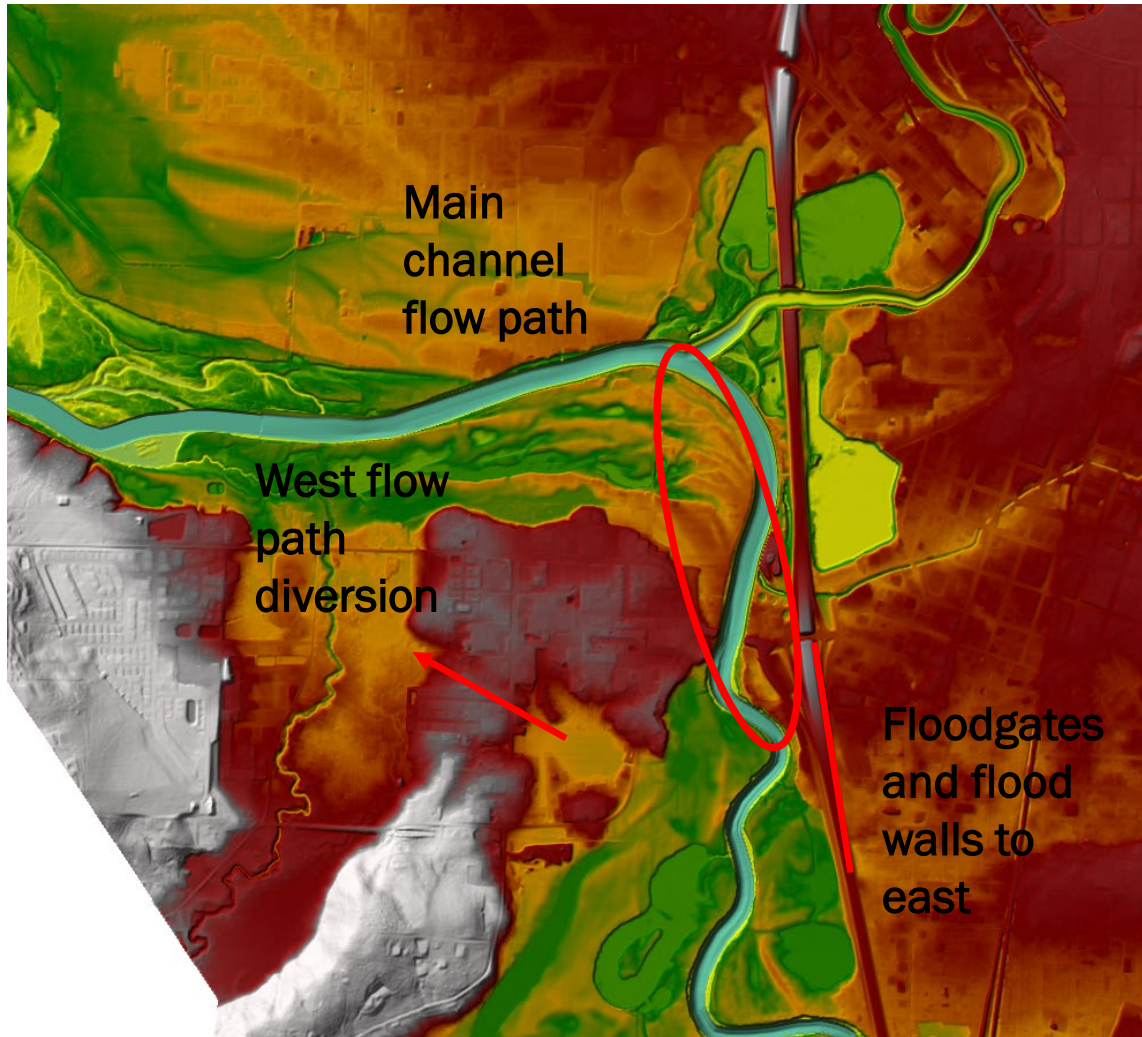
- Mellen Street Diversions (orange lines)
- Skookumchuck Diversions (blue line)
- Levees (green lines)

Simulated flood events:

- 20-year, 100-year, and late century (2080) 100-year flows (**DEIS and FEIS**)



# MELLEN STREET INCREASED CONVEYANCE CONCEPTS



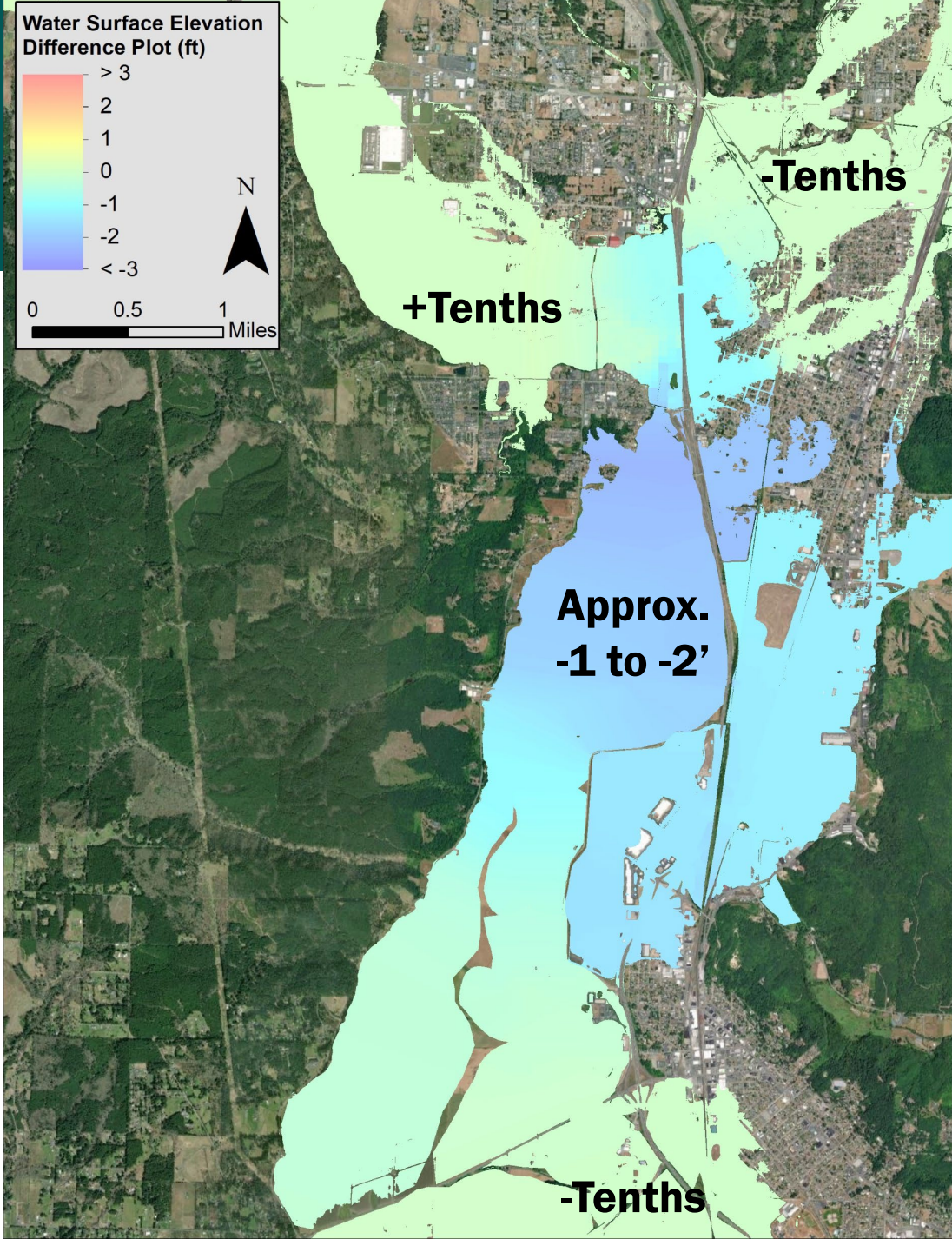
- Mainstem = Remove Mellen bridge/upstream and downstream high ground (~1,000 acre feet of soil removal)
- West = Cut channel through hillside (~1,000 acre feet of soil removal)
- East = floodgates and flood walls



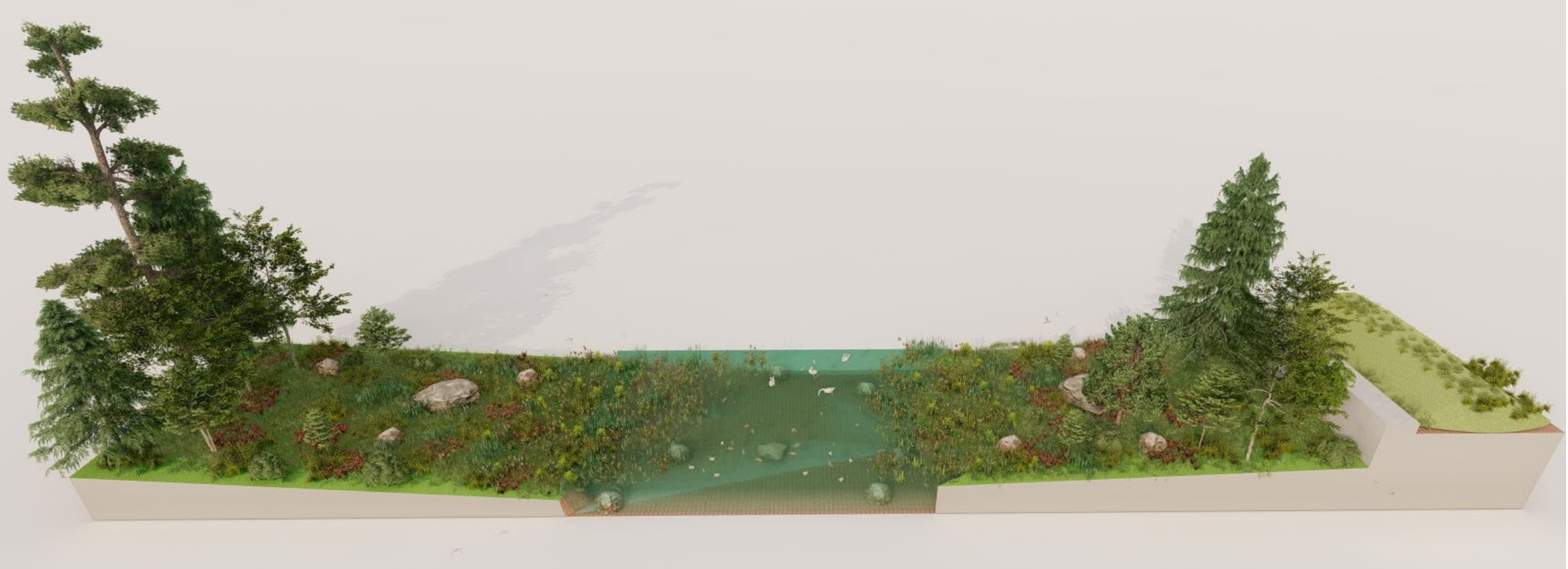
# CONCEPT RESULTS – MELLEN DIVERSION MAIN & WEST

Simulated 100-year  
Water Surface Shown

Simulation	# of Structures Removed from Inundation
100-year	~300
2080 100-year	~300



# DIVERSION EXAMPLES – NEAR ROAD OR URBAN EDGE





# DIVERSION EXAMPLES – VEGETATED WIDE CHANNEL





# DIVERSION EXAMPLES – NAPA RIVER





# COMBINED STRATEGIES – CURRENT CONDITIONS





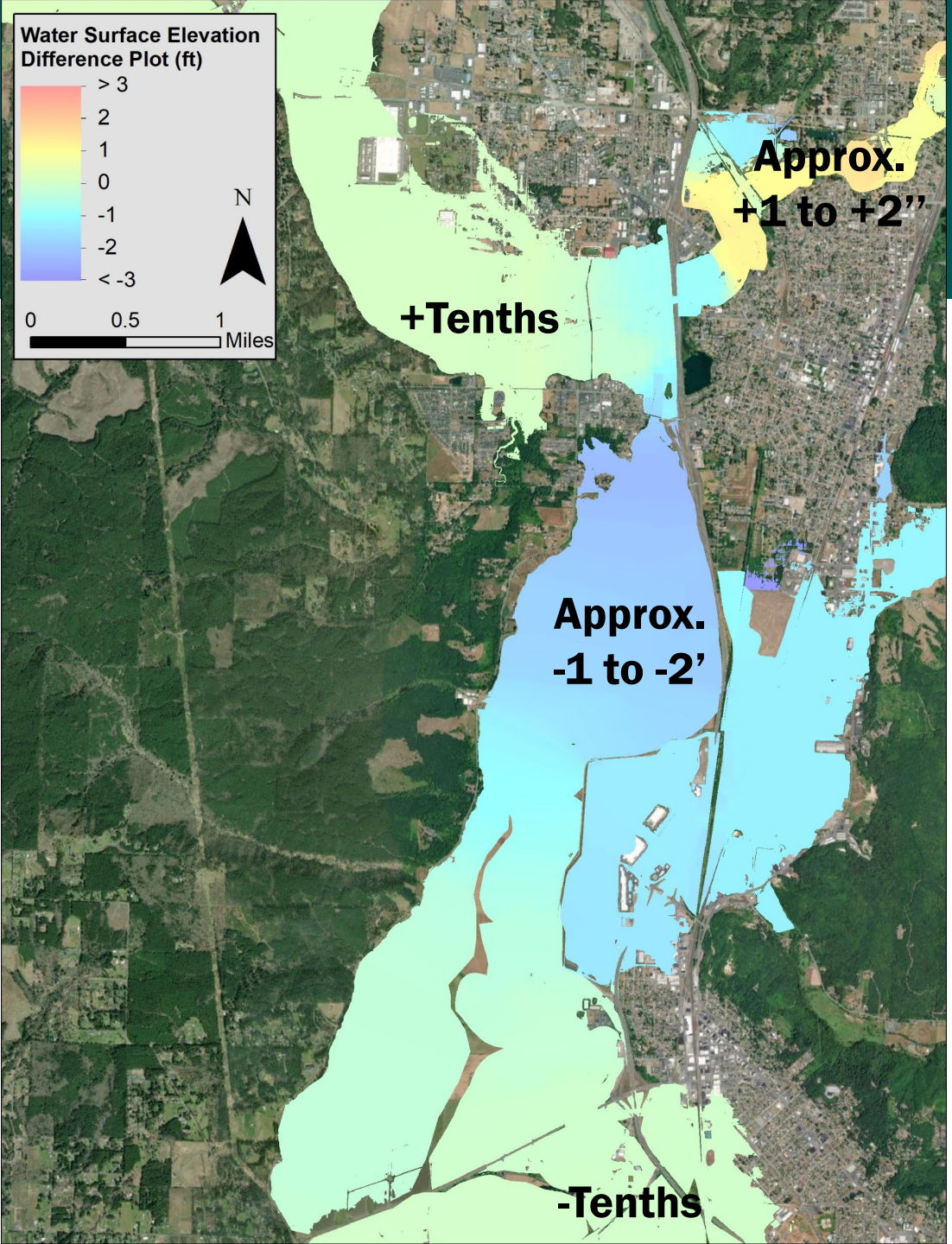
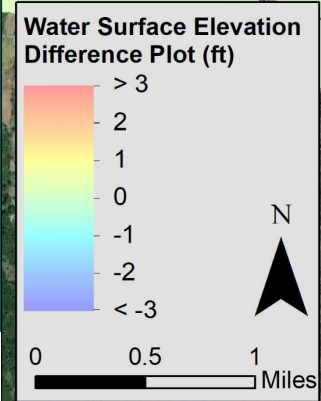
# COMBINED STRATEGIES – FUTURE VISION





# CONCEPT RESULTS – MELLEN CONVEYANCE WITH SKOOKUMCHUCK LEVEES AND CHEHALIS FLOOD WALLS/GATES

Simulated 100-year late  
century Water Surface  
Shown

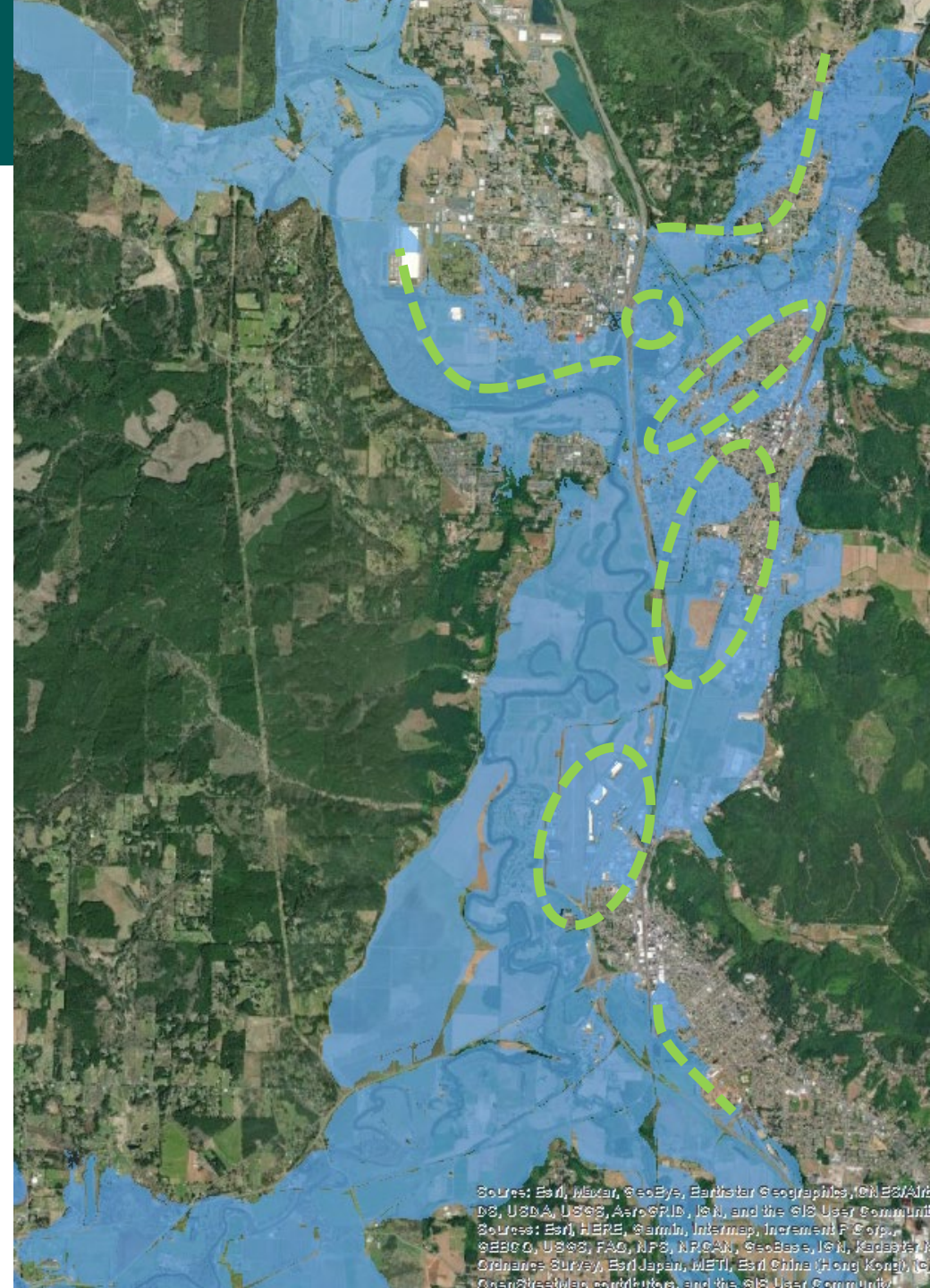


Simulation	# of Structures Removed from Inundation
20-year	~200
100-year	~600
2080 100-year	~600



# LEVEE CONCEPT

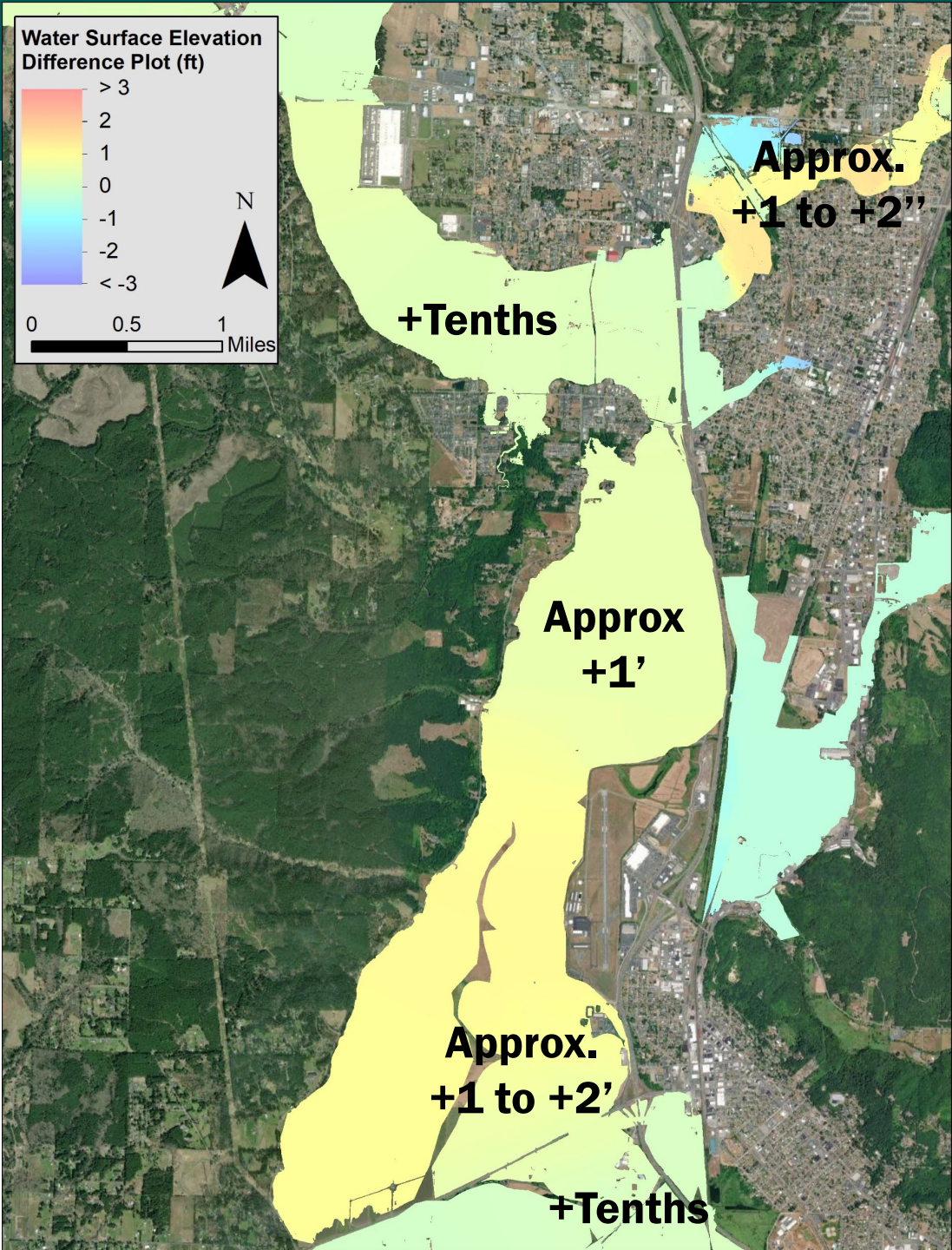
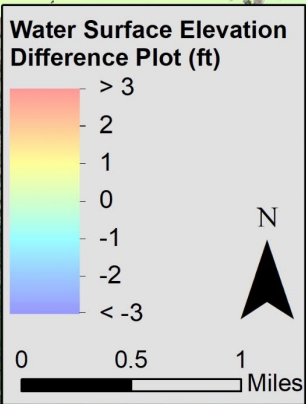
- Approximate locations (green lines)
- ~Levee location shown = vague until further refinement
- Further evaluation needed for affected downstream property





# CONCEPT RESULTS - LEVEES

Simulated 100-year late  
century Water Surface  
Shown

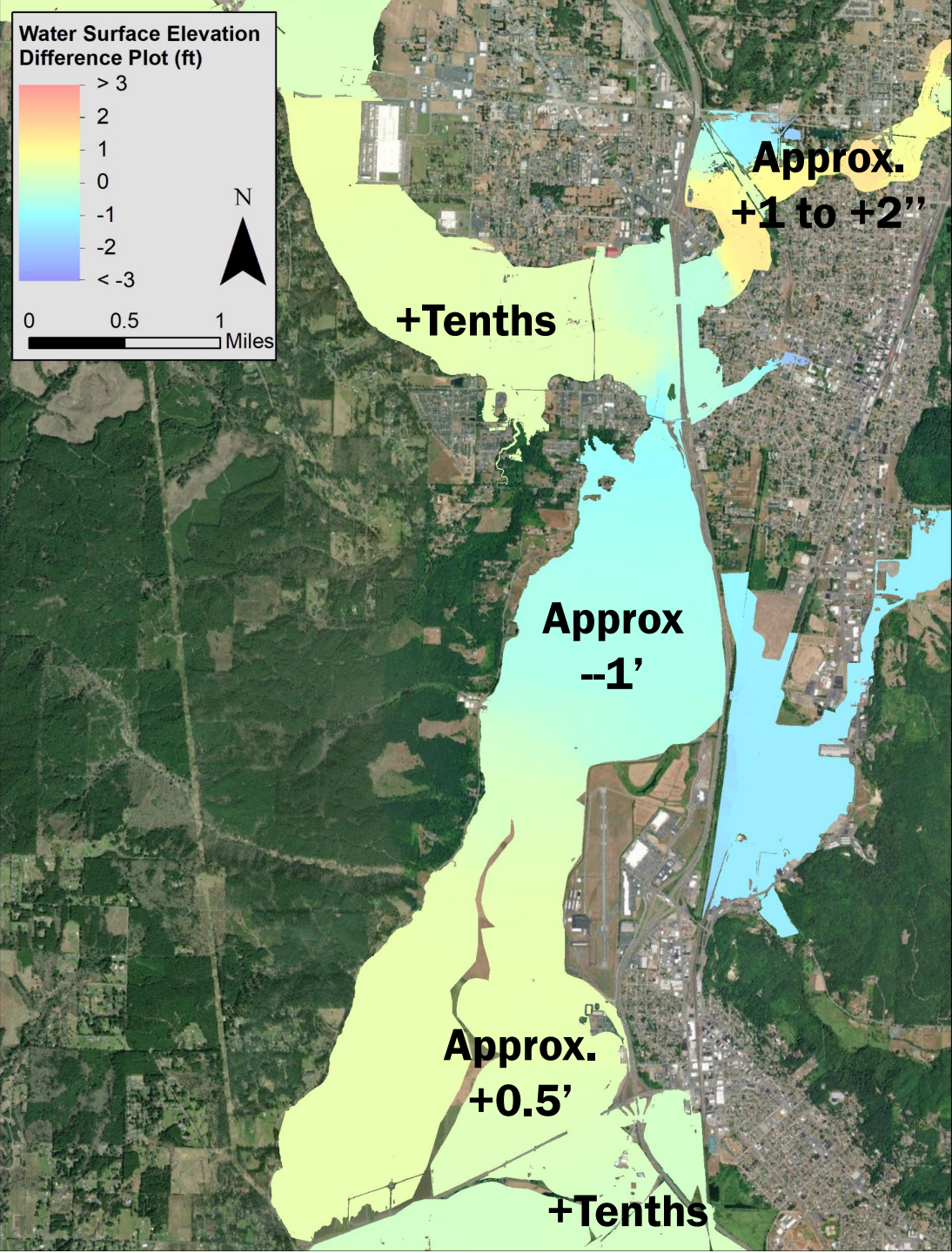
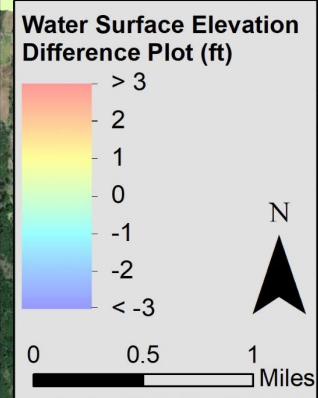


Simulation	# of Structures Removed from Inundation
20-year	~200
100-year	~700
2080 100-year	~1500



# CONCEPT RESULTS – LEVEES WITH INCREASED CONVEYANCE CONCEPTS

Simulated 100-year late century Water Surface Shown



Simulation	# of Structures Removed from Inundation
20-year	~200
100-year	~700
2080 100-year	~1500



# ESTIMATED COSTS FOR CONCEPTUAL ALTERNATIVES

- Mellen Street Diversion (West) = \$200M to \$400M
- Mellen Street Mainstem Increased Conveyance = \$200M to \$300M
- Levees (Skookumchuck R., China & Salzer Creeks, portion of Chehalis R. along I-5 and RB DS of Skook & Newaukum) = \$400M to \$500M

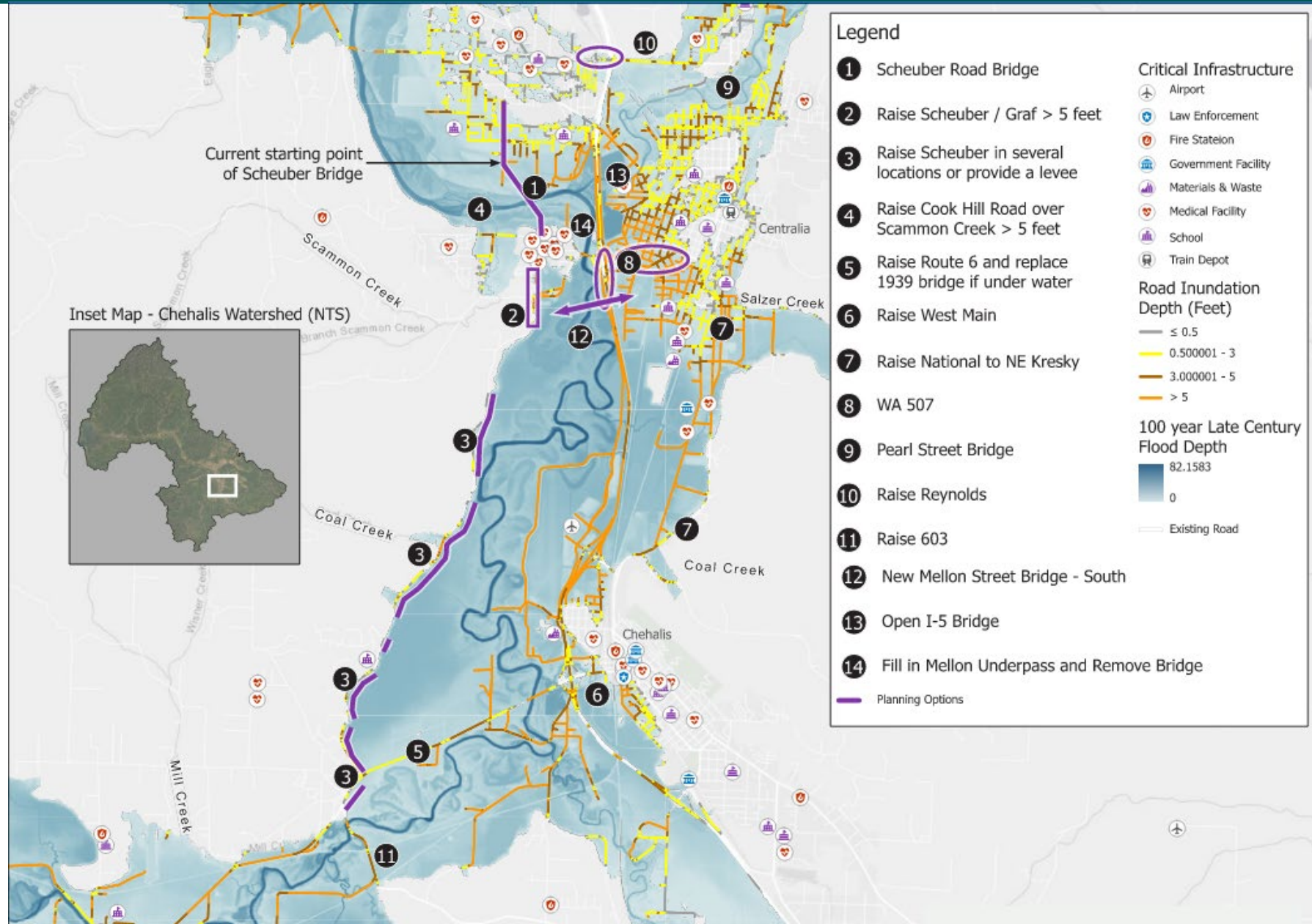
Assumes Airport Levees are constructed separately

# NEXT STEPS

- Detailed analysis using RiverFlow2D model
- Revisit results (inundation limits, # of structures, etc.)
- Refine levee analysis
- Address additional flood risk
  - Downstream structures
  - Upstream structures
- Coordinate on Skookumchuck Dam and Chehalis WWTP projects

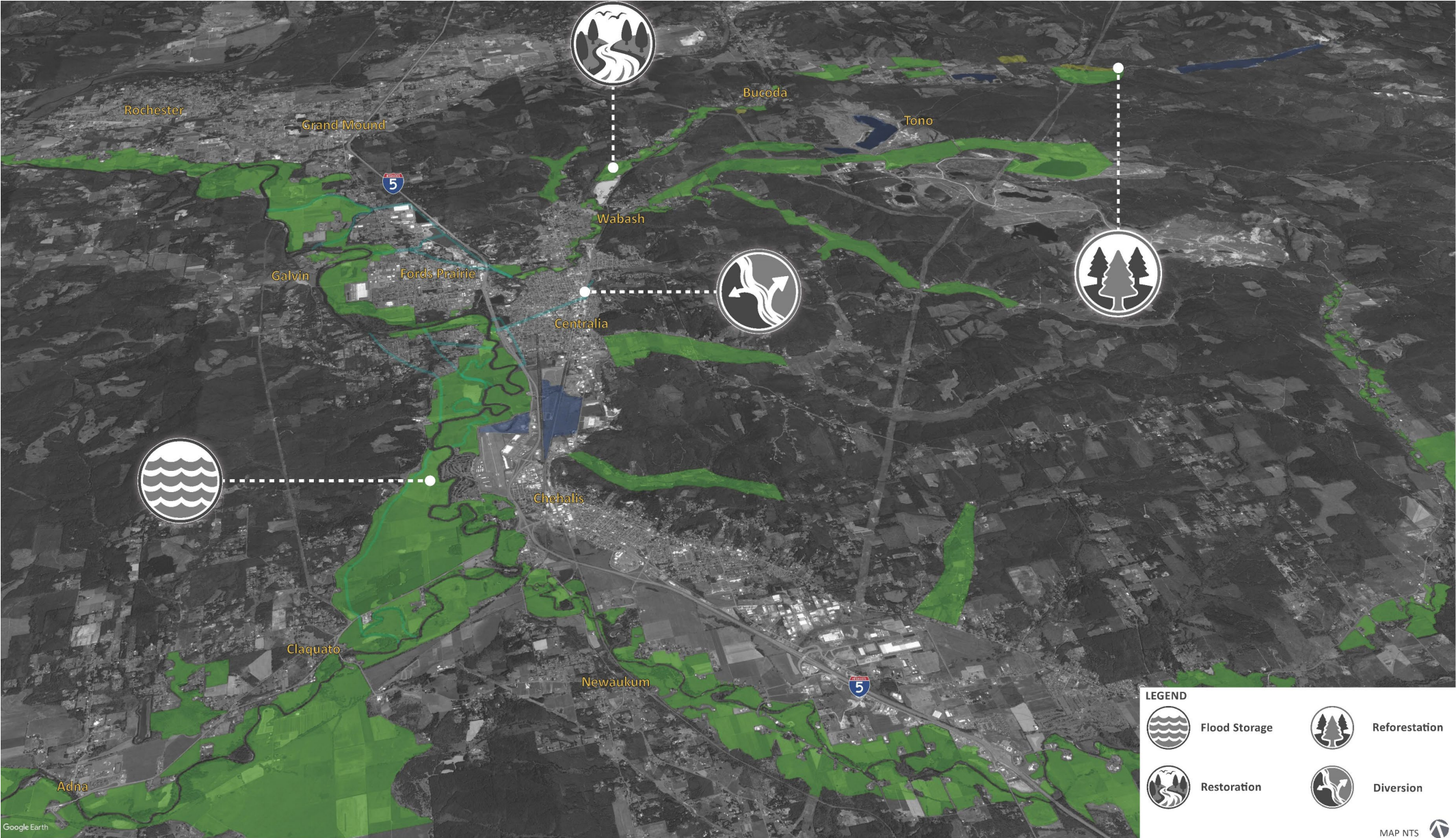


# ROAD INUNDATION (100 YEAR EVENT)





# FLOODPLAIN OPPORTUNITIES





# CHANNEL MODIFICATIONS AT MELLEN ST. BRIDGE

Area 1 = app. 18 acres

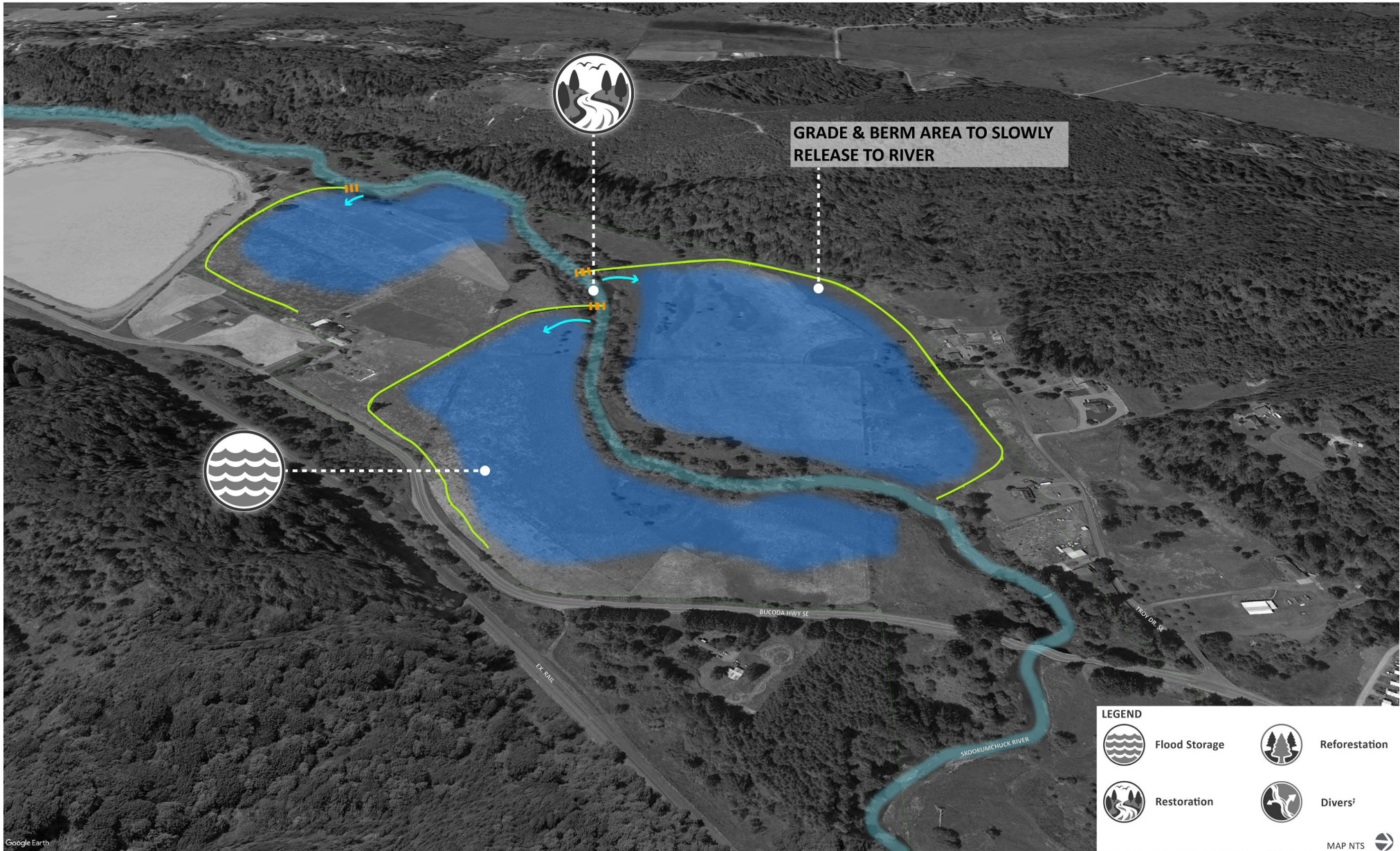
Area 2 = app. 115 acres

Area 3 = app. 370 acres (up to Galvin Road)



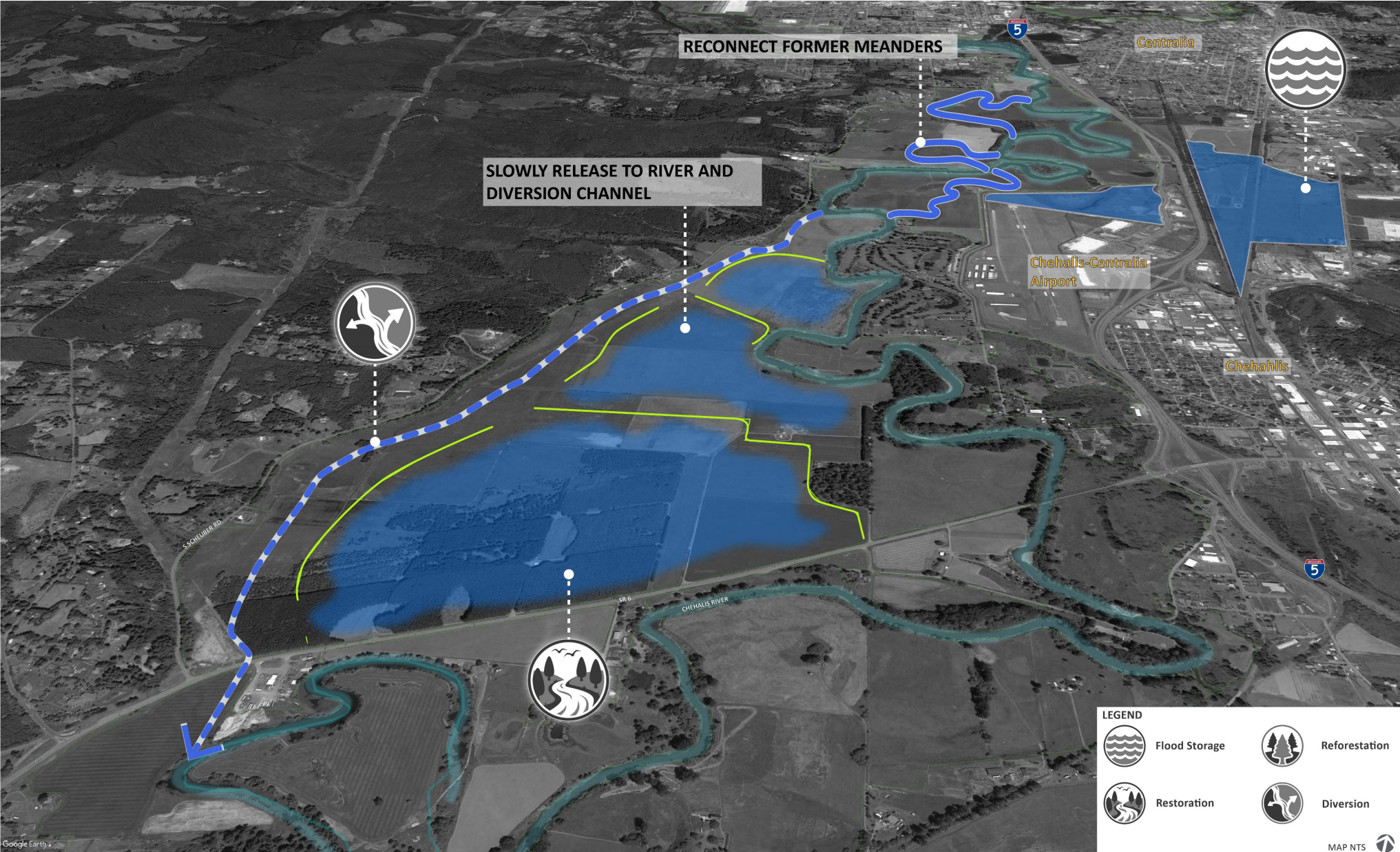


# RESTORATION AREA CONCEPTS – SKOOKUMCHUCK SITE 2



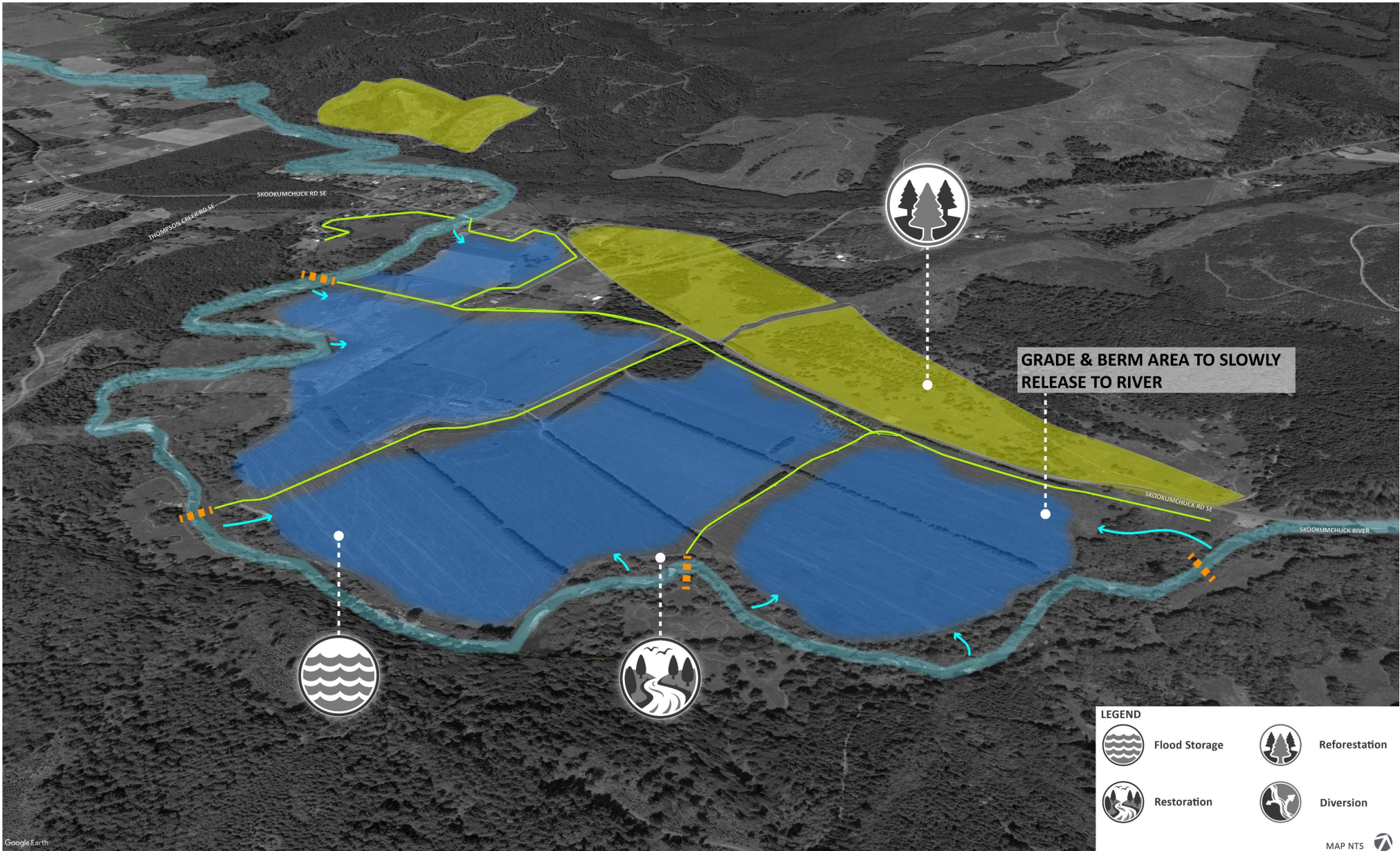


# RESTORATION AREA CONCEPTS – CHEHALIS



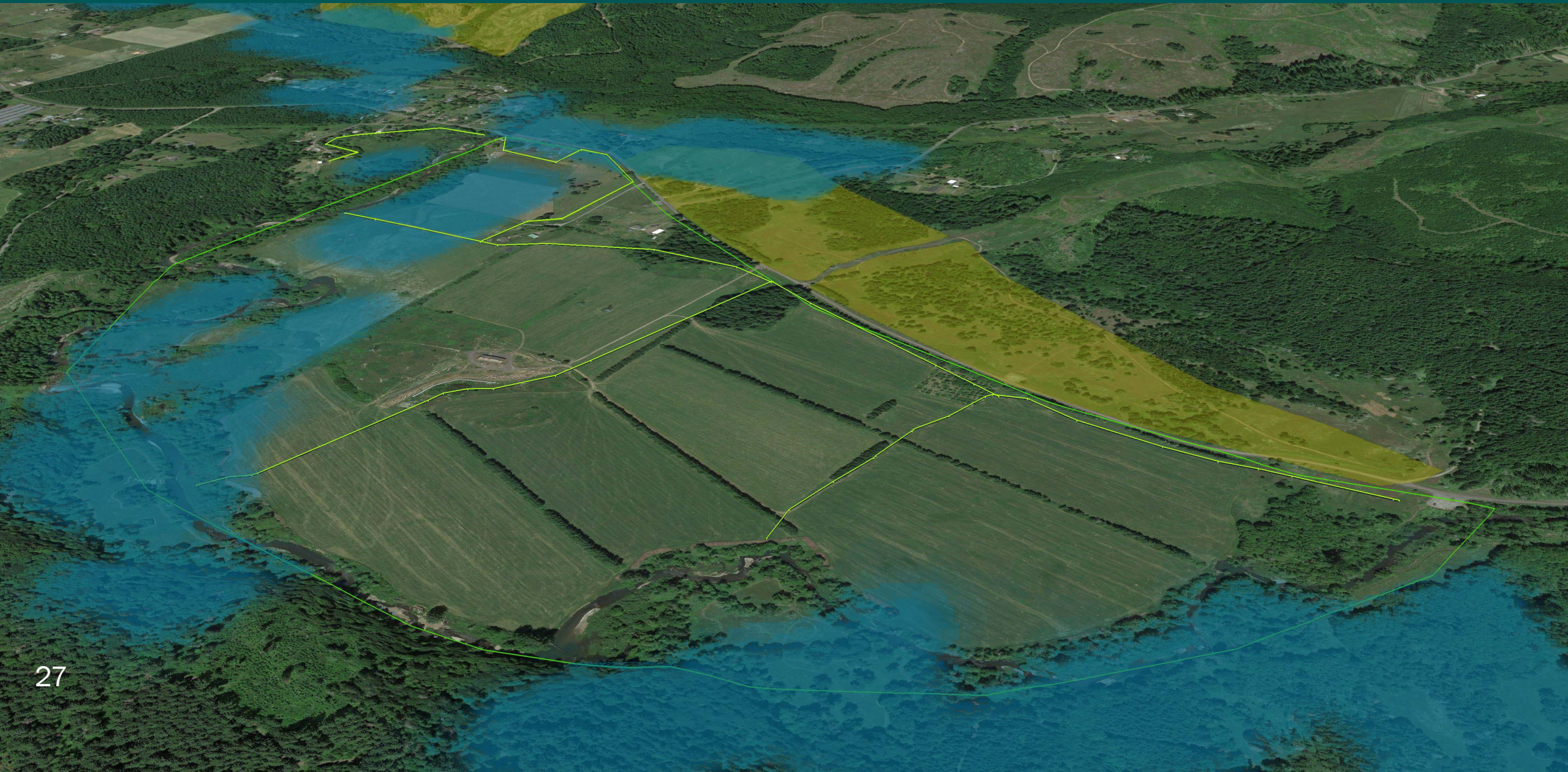


# RESTORATION AREA CONCEPTS – SKOOKUMCHUCK SITE 1



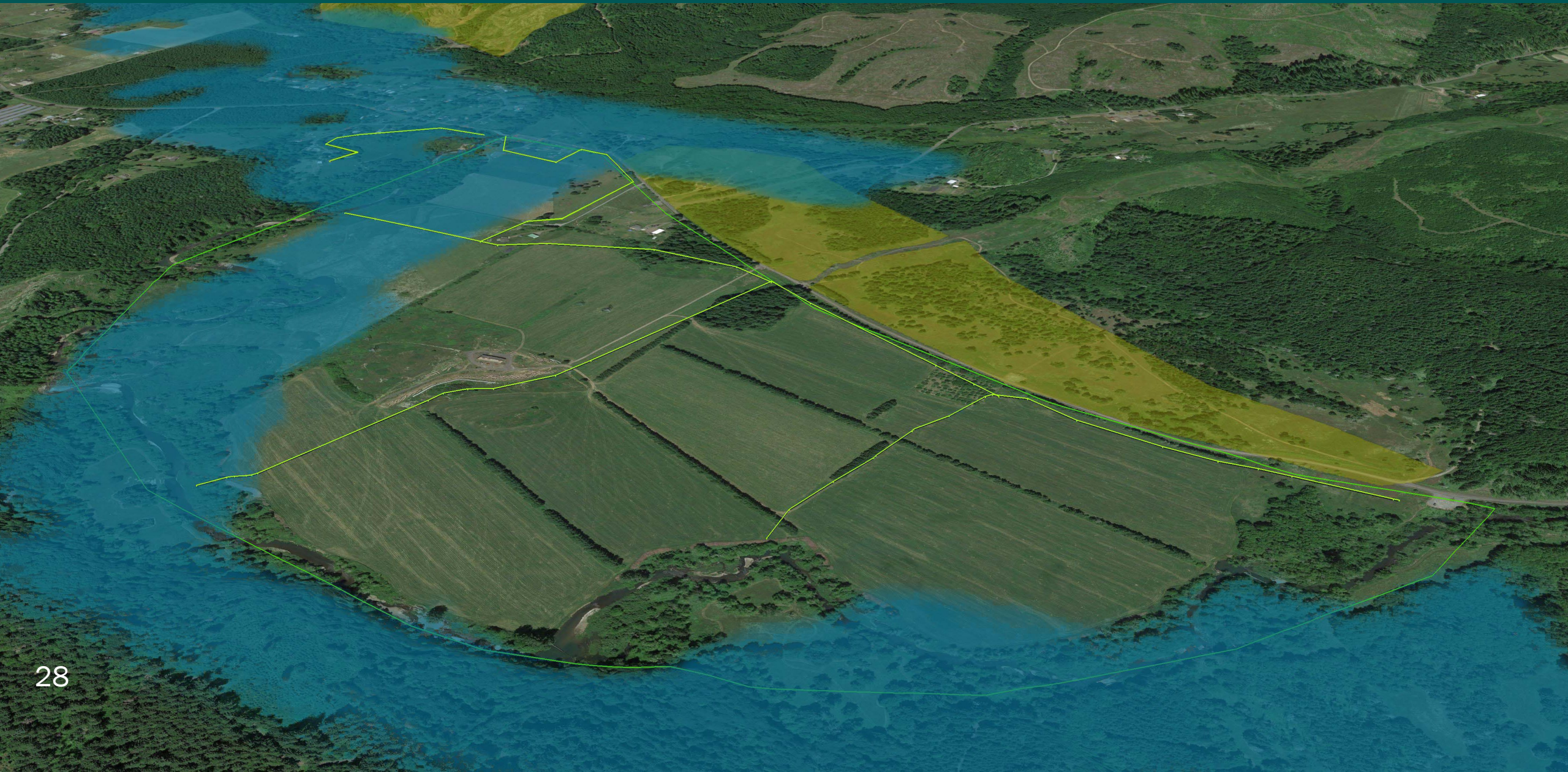


# RESTORATION AREA CONCEPTS – 2-YEAR FLOOD



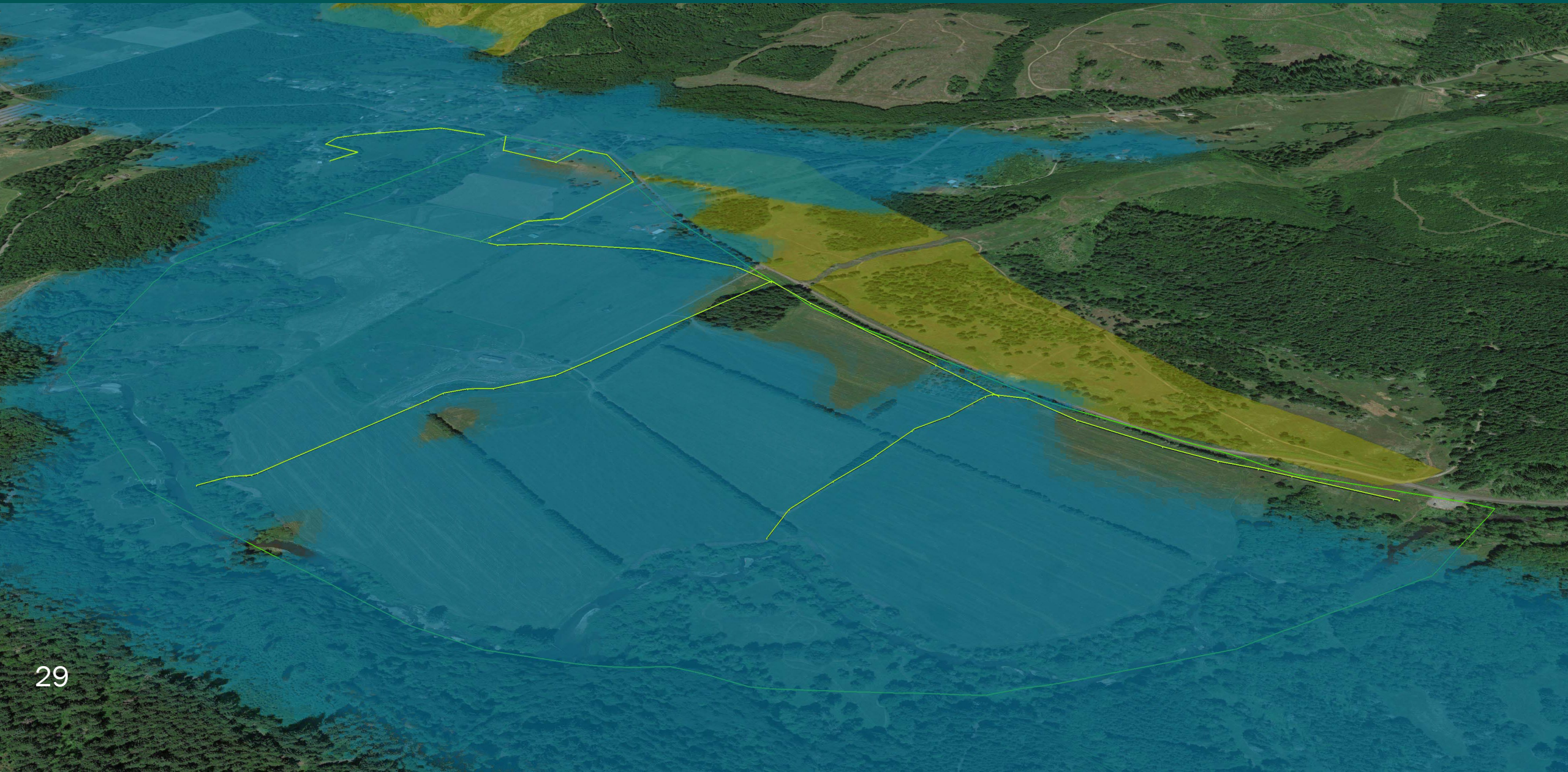


# RESTORATION AREA CONCEPTS – 10-YEAR FLOOD



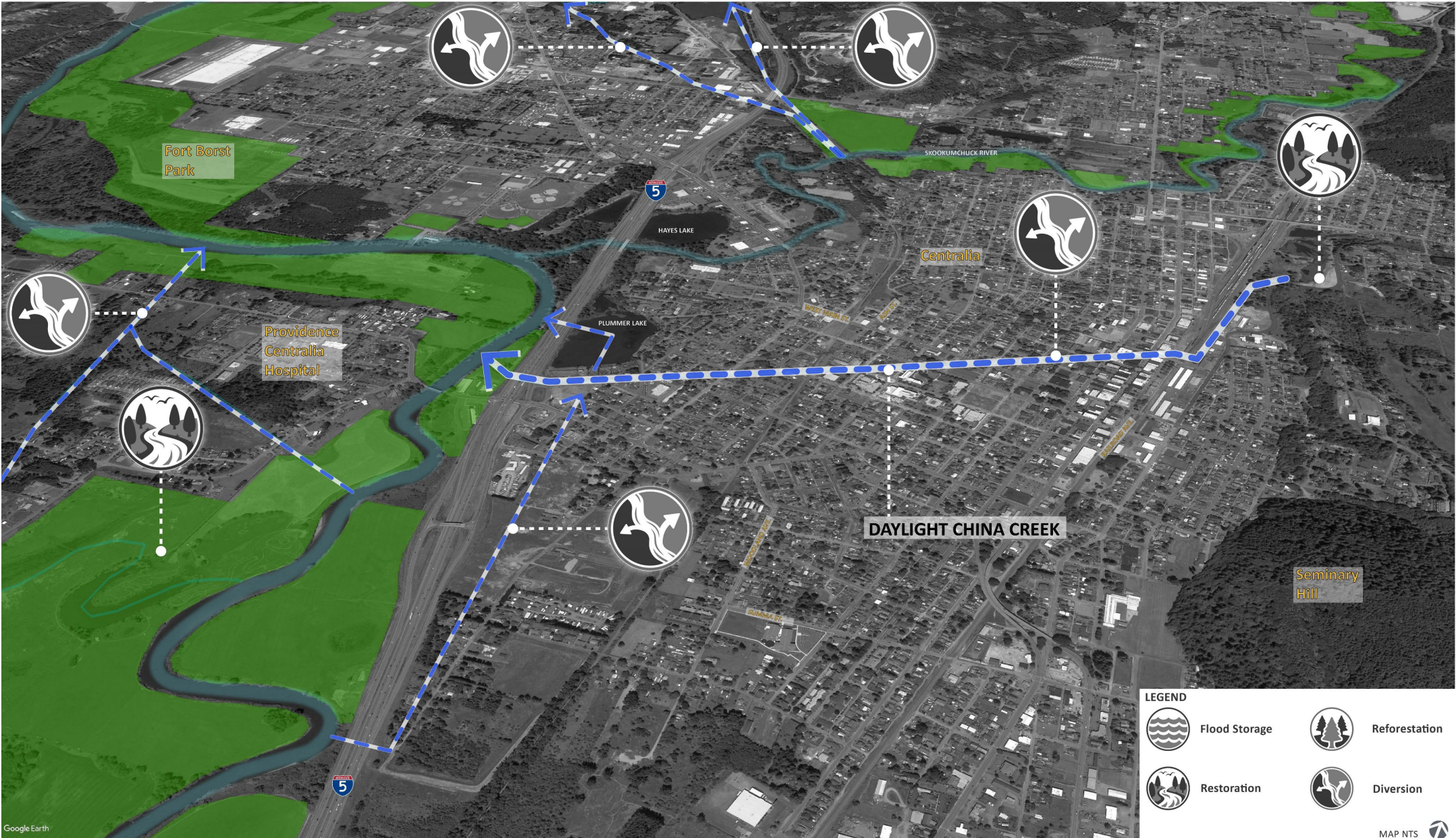


# RESTORATION AREA CONCEPTS – 100-YEAR LC FLOOD



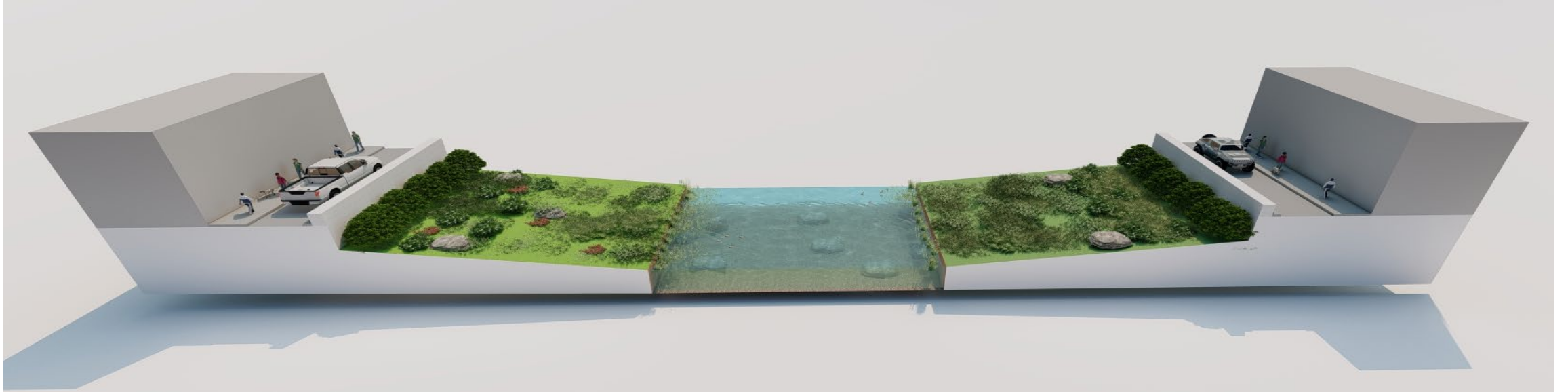


# CHINA CREEK DAYLIGHTING





# CHINA CREEK





# RESTORATION EXAMPLES – PARKS



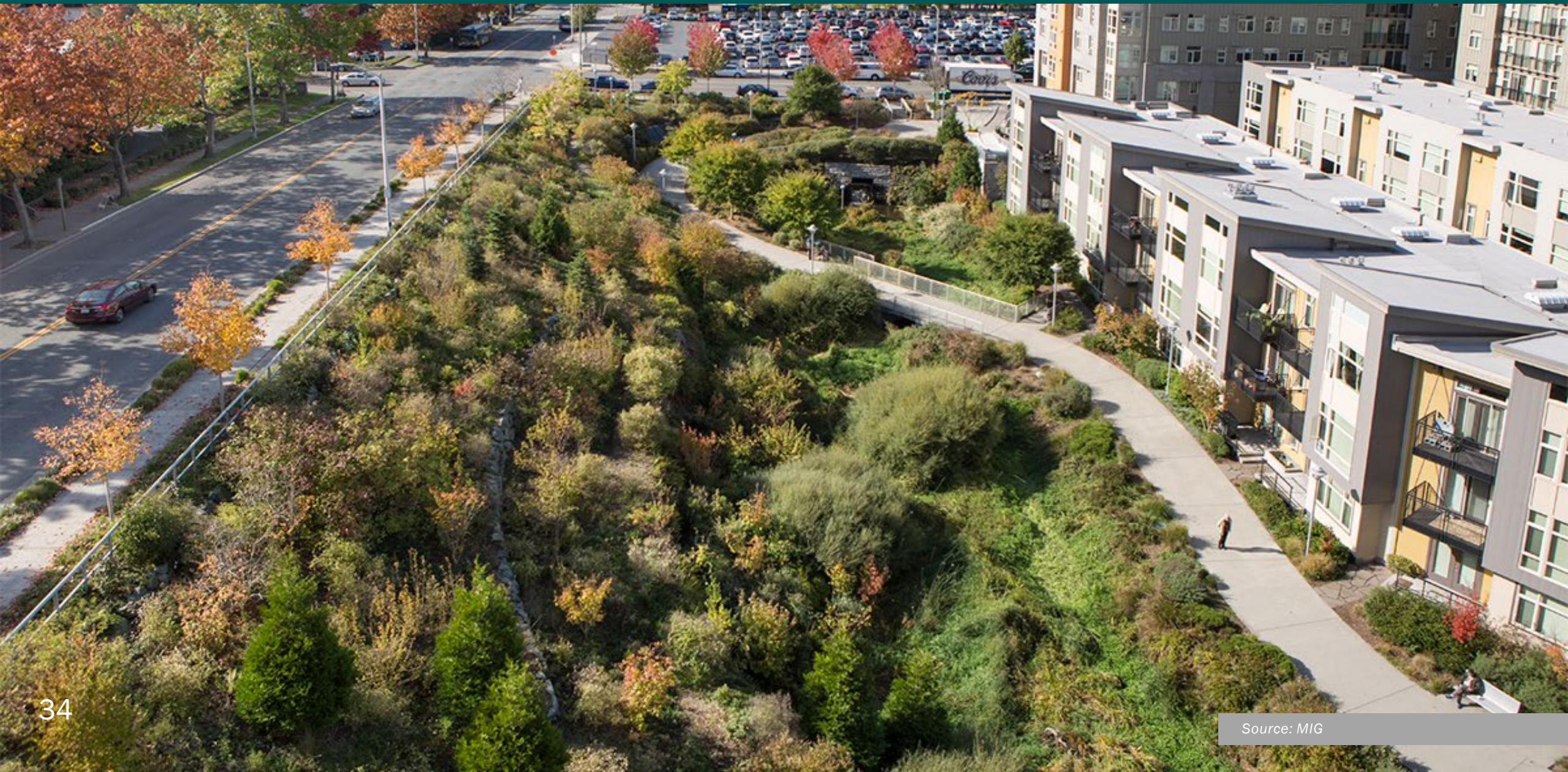


# STREAM DAYLIGHTING





# STREAM DAYLIGHTING





## 4. Determine the number and extent of resiliency elements and programs

**Minimum**

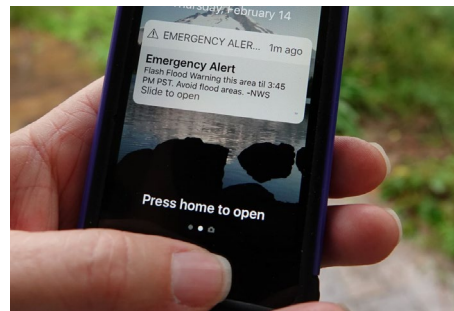
**Maximum**



Vehicle and equipment pre-positioning



Evacuation routes and refuges



Expanded warning systems



Maintenance programs



# During

During an event, emergency managers use command and control to rescue and stabilize.





# Early Warning System

## Key Considerations:

- Integrated and well coordinated system.
- Includes evacuation routes and nearest community resilience hub locations.
- Accessible interface for citizens with cell phone alerts.
- Keep a phone tree for quick calls to friends and families if needed





# Farm Evacuation Plans





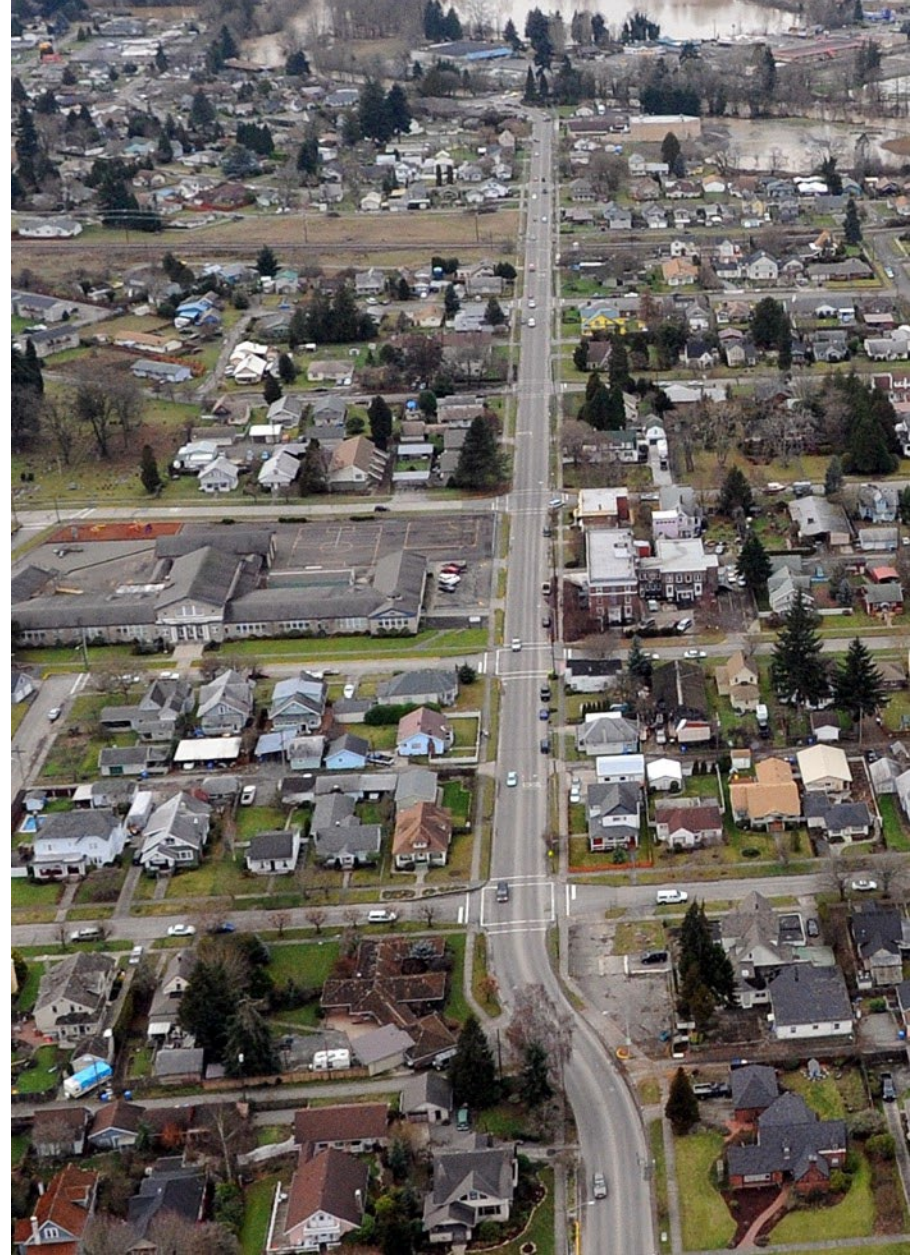
# Town and City Evacuation Plans





# Community Resilience Hubs (to accelerate recovery)

1. Located Above the Highest Floodwaters
2. Capability to Handle Peak Events
3. Programming Supporting Resiliency and Skills Training
4. Onsite Storage of Food & Materials
5. Onsite Equipment
6. Onsite Food Preparation Capability
7. Animal Refuges for Livestock and Pets
8. Volunteer Coordination Center
9. Business Center
10. Recreation Areas







# ONLINE SURVEY

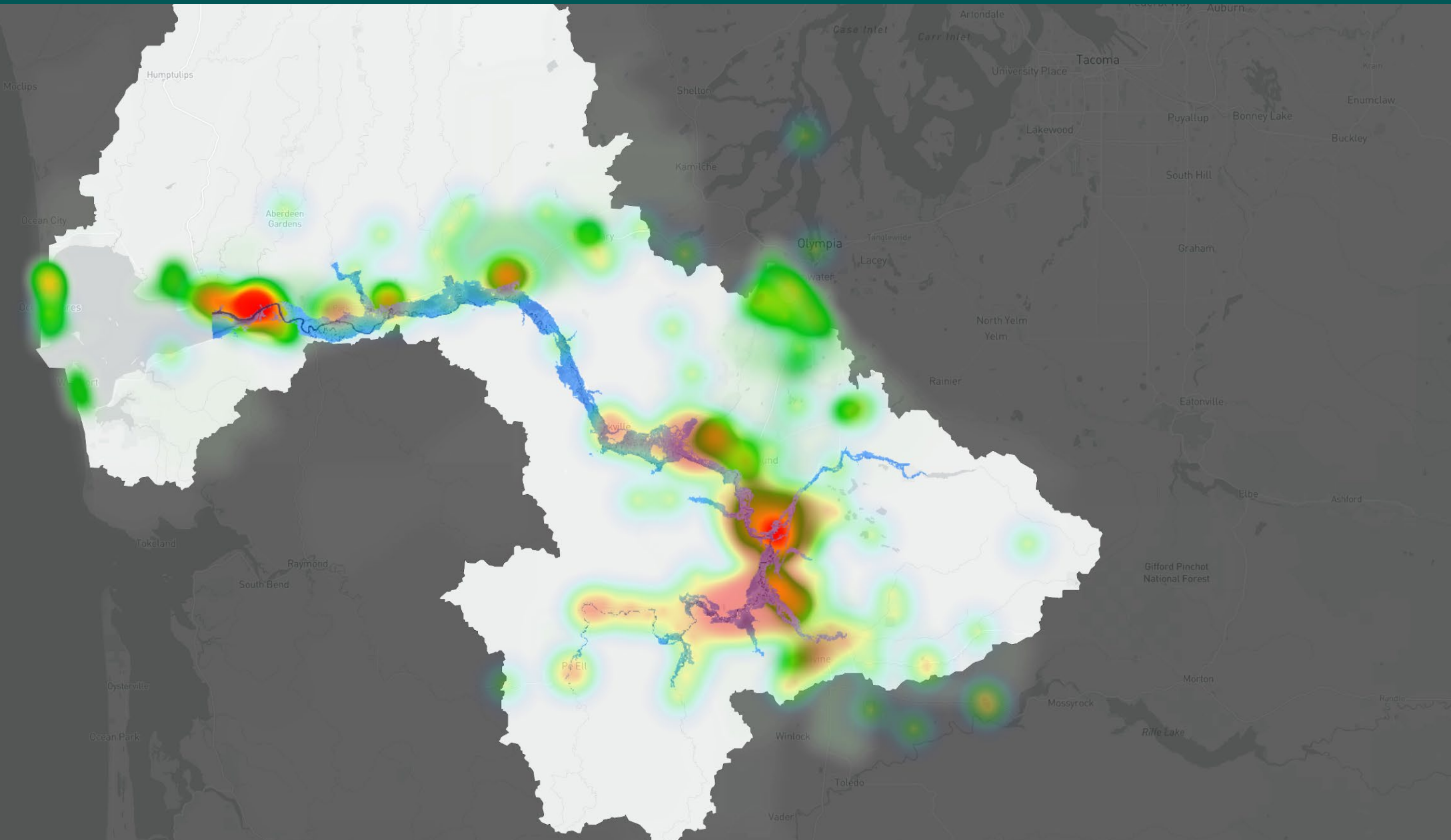


# WHO RESPONDED?

- 738 partial responses and 211 complete responses
- Almost two thirds are residents of the Chehalis Basin
- Many have lived here for a long time, 30% have lived here for 40 years or more
- 99% speak English as a first language at home
- 92% have some form of higher education
- 47% have a yearly household income of 90k or higher
- A little over half are 55 or older
- Most respondents identify as White/European



# WHERE PEOPLE LIVE





## CONNECTION TO THE CHEHALIS BASIN

- Of respondents, **66%** felt most connected to South Chehalis Basin
- Respondents **value the natural beauty and rural lifestyle**
- A little over **2/3** have been personally impacted by flooding in the Chehalis Basin
- Many have **learned how to monitor flood warning signs, signed up for alerts, or prepared evacuation plans** as a result



# ALIGNMENT WITH CRITICAL VALUES

How well does the list capture the critical values for this process?

- 62% somewhat to strongly agree
- 20% feel more neutral
- 18% somewhat to strongly disagree



Family, Culture, Heritage



Economic Vitality



Natural Wonder



Trust, Respect, Self-Determination



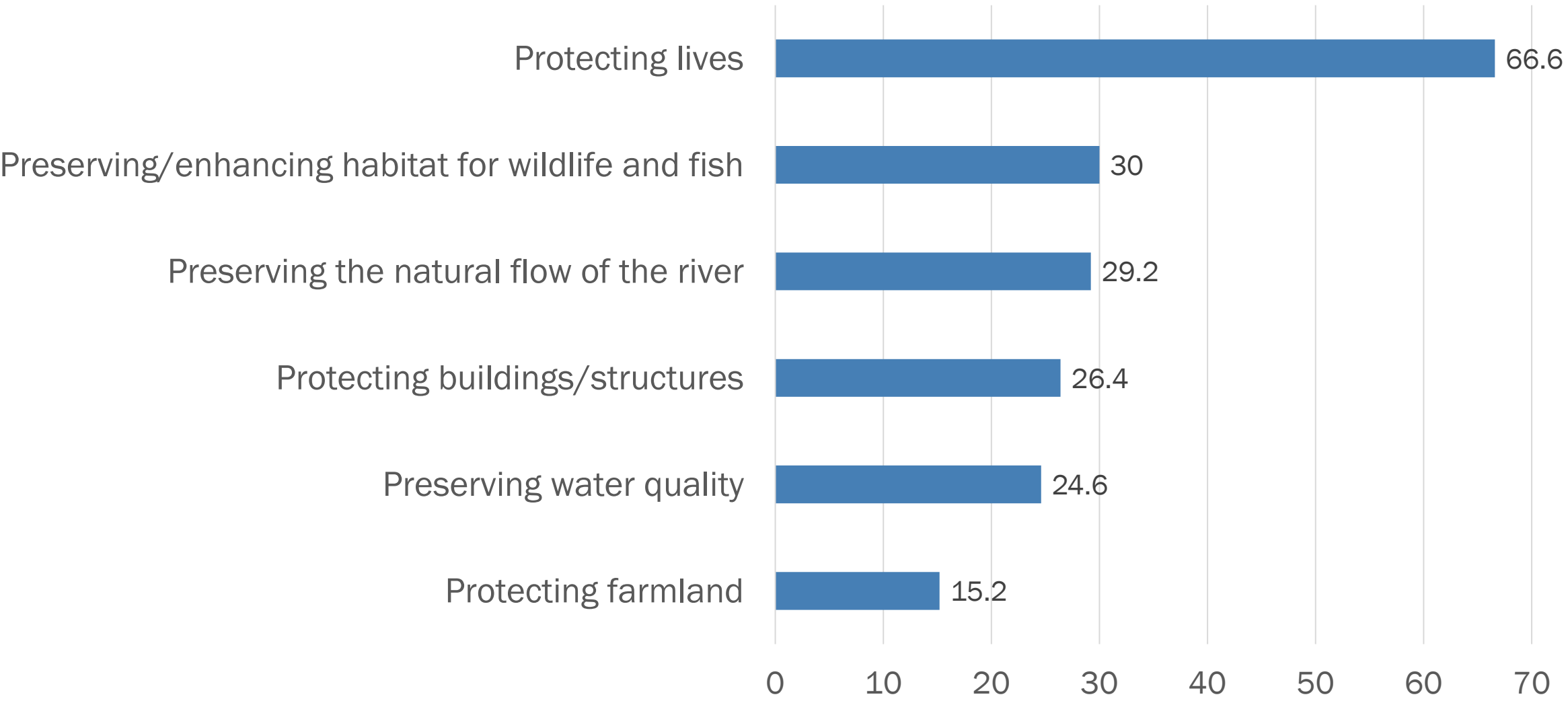
Public Safety/ Resiliency



Healthy Environment/ Healthy People



# IMPORTANT OUTCOMES







# NEXT STEPS

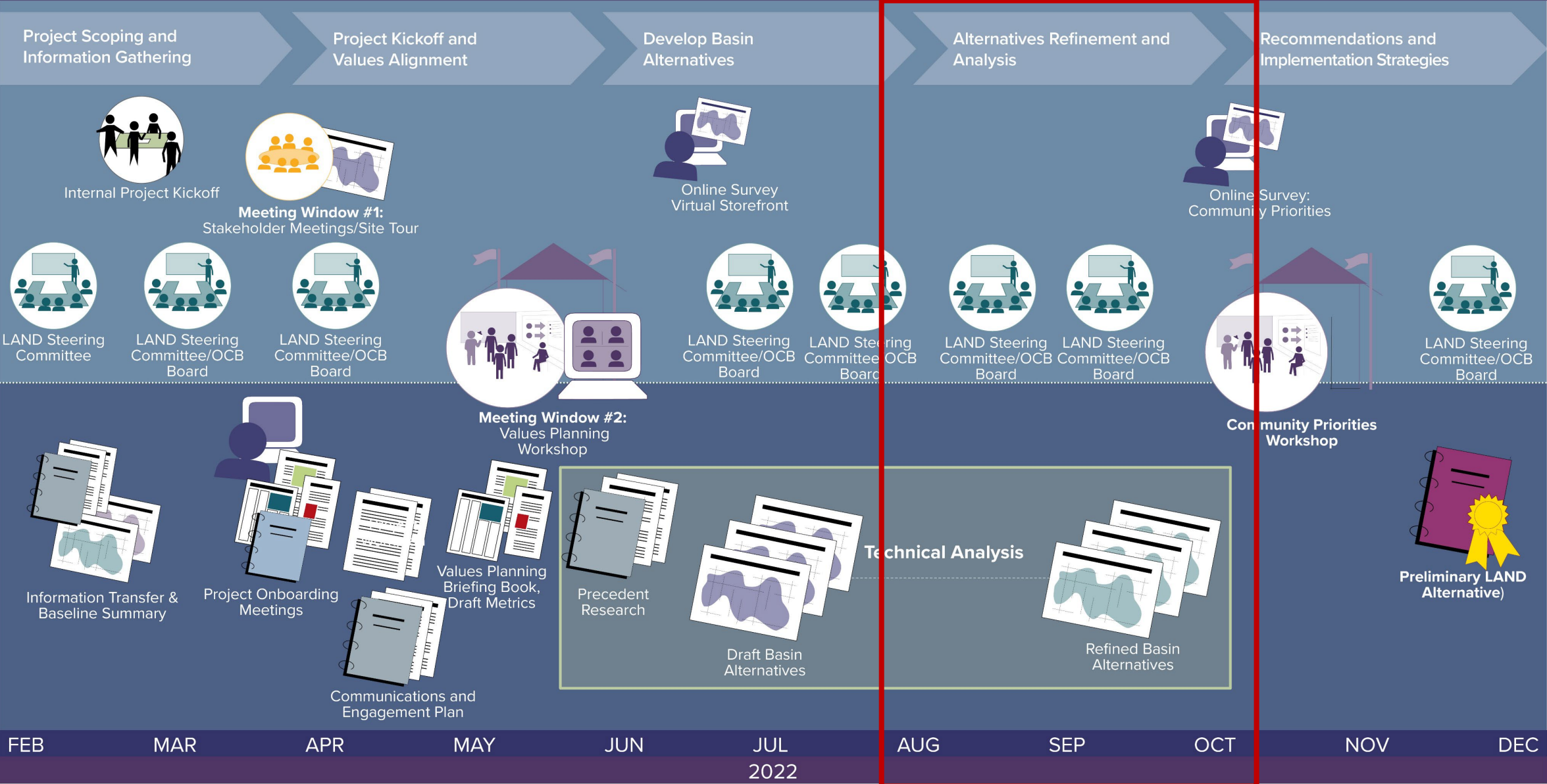


# LAND Alternatives for Flood Reduction: Draft Schedule

June 24, 2022

MEETINGS & ENGAGEMENT

ANALYSIS, PLANNING,  
DESIGN & DELIVERABLES





# Chehalis Basin

# LAND

**\*LOCAL ACTIONS NON-DAM ALTERNATIVE  
PLANNING PROCESS**