

STATE OF WASHINGTON

DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

PO Box 47600, Olympia, WA 98504-7600 • 360-407-6000

Water Supply Availability Committee (WSAC)

Thursday, March 13, 2024, 10 a.m. - 12:00 p.m.

Zoom: Click to join. (Call-in: 253.205.0468; Meeting ID: 816 5686 6078; Passcode: 038972)

Meeting Objectives – March:

- Share pertinent info and assess water supply conditions in Washington for winter.
- Discuss if drought conditions warrant WSAC recommending to Ecology to convene the next steps in the state's drought declaration process to potentially extend the drought declaration for a portion of the state.

Agenda

Time	Agenda item	Responsible
10:00 a.m.	Welcome and agenda review	Caroline Mellor, Ecology
	• Drought Declaration process and implications	
10:10 a.m.	Regional Climate Setting/ ENSO	Karin Bumbaco, OWSC
10:25 a.m.	Mountain Conditions	Matt Warbritton, NRCS
10:40 a.m.	Streamflow and Groundwater	Nick Sutfin, USGS
10:55 a.m.	Yakima Project	Mik Lewicki, BOR
11:10 a.m.	Water Supply Forecasts	Amy Burke, NWS
11:25 a.m.	Hydrologic threshold discussion:	Committee members
	Do the Yakima Basins continue to meet the	Ecology facilities
	hydrologic threshold for drought conditions?	
	 Do potential drought conditions support an 	
	advisory status for any additional areas?	
11:45 a.m.	Discussion: What concerns do folks have for	All participants
	drought recovery and Water Year 2025?	Ecology facilitates
11:55 a.m.	Wrap-up and next steps	Caroline Mellor, Ecology

Committee Purpose

WSAC provides an important consultative and advisory role to Ecology related to current and forecasted water supply conditions and whether the hydrologic drought threshold has been met or is forecasted to be met: seventy-five percent of normal water supply within a geographic area (RCW 43.83B.405 and WAC 173-166-050).

Resources

WSAC Website: <u>Water Supply Availability Committee - WA State Department of Ecology</u> Ecology Drought homepage: <u>Drought response - WA State Department of Ecology</u>

Contact

Committee Chair: Caroline Mellor, Statewide Drought Lead, WA Department of Ecology Caroline.Mellor@ecy.wa.gov | (c) 360.628.4666





Water Supply Availability Committee

March 13, 2025

Water Resources Program



Recording!



Agenda



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10:00 a.m.	Welcome and agenda Recap: Drought declaration process and implications	Caroline Mellor, Ecology
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11:45 a.m.	Discussion: What concerns do folks have for drought recovery and Water Year 2025?	All participants Ecology facilitates
11:25 a.m.	Wrap-up and next steps	Ecology



Committee Role

WSAC provides an important consultative and advisory role to Ecology related to:

- Current and forecasted water supply conditions;
- Whether the hydrologic drought threshold has been met or is likely to be met.



 Share pertinent info and assess water supply conditions in Washington as we enter Water Year 2025

Meeting Objectives

• Discuss if drought conditions warrant WSAC recommending to Ecology to convene the next steps in the state's drought declaration process to potentially extend the drought declaration for a portion of the state.

Drought Emergency Declaration



On April 16, 2024, Ecology declared a Statewide drought due to low snowpack and warm and dry forecast.

Limited exceptions for Puget Sound metro areas with healthy water storage.



See: https://ecology.wa.gov/water-shorelines/water-supply/water-availability/statewide-conditions/drought-response



Drought Conditions

Drought conditions - two requirements:

- 1. Hydrologic threshold An area is receiving, or is projected to receive, less than seventy-five percent of normal water supply.
- 2. Hardship threshold Water users and the environment are or are expected to experience undue hardship.

This Committee advises on the hydrologic threshold.

See: RCW 43.83B.405 and WAC 173-166-050.

Water Supply Factors



Water year to date

- Snowpack
- Precipitation
- Temperature
- Soil moisture

Hydrologic threshold for drought was met in 2024

Forecasts

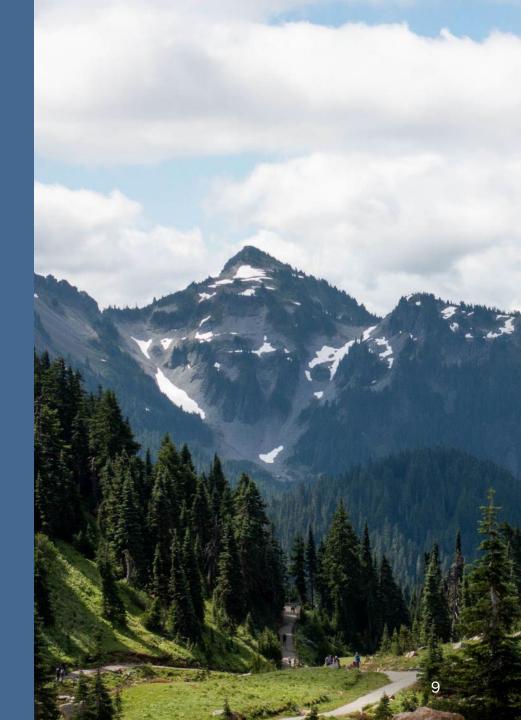
- Streamflow
- Precipitation
- Temperature
- Soil moisture



Hurricane Ridge Webcam, National Park Service Olympic National Park



Implications of a Drought Declaration





What Does a Declaration Do?

Provides Ecology with the authority to:

- 1. Expedite emergency water transfer applications.
- 2. Establish a grant program to mitigate hardships to water users and the environment.





Drought Response Funding

Grants to governmental entities:

- Federally recognized Tribes
- Counties, cities, and towns
- Water and sewer districts
- Public utility districts
- Port districts Conservation districts Irrigation districts
- Watershed management partnerships



Additional Implications

State agencies – Ecology can enter into interagency agreements to fund drought response efforts

Examples: DOH, DFW, SCC, AGR

Eligibility for federal drought funding

Important communications tool



Example Drought Response Grant Projects

Agriculture or livestock

- Purchasing or leasing water or water rights
- Replacing intakes, pumps, and related accessories

Public water supply

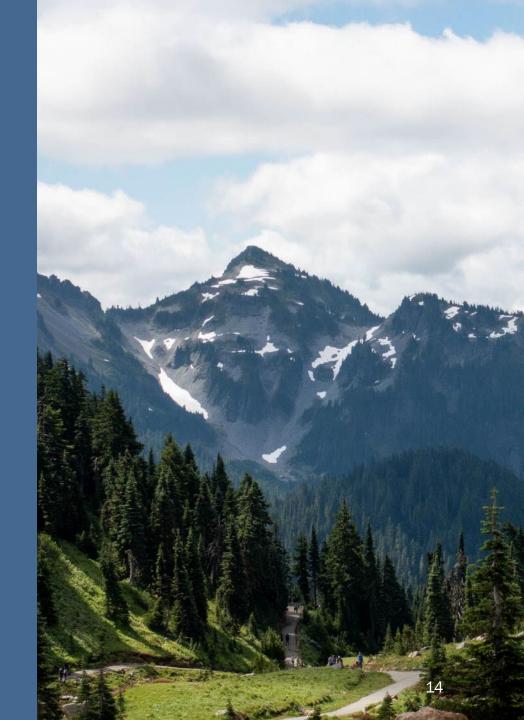
- Transporting emergency water supplies
- Implementing water conservation strategies

Fisheries and wildlife

- Eliminating migration barriers
- Modifying stream channels adjacent to a hatchery

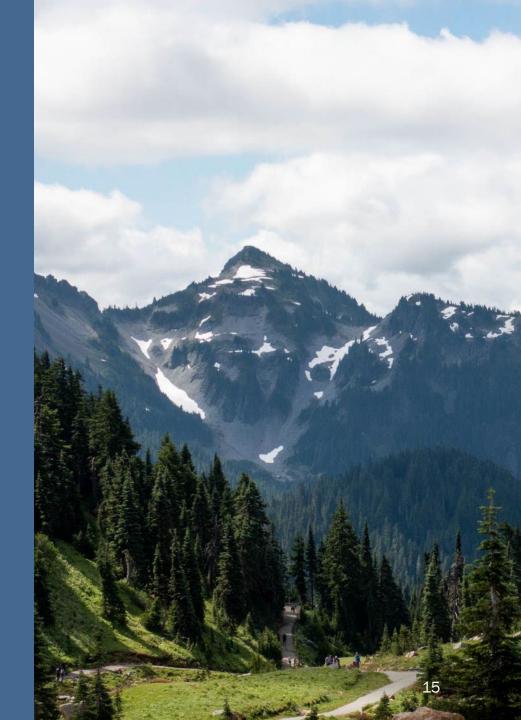


Presenters





Hydrologic threshold discussion





Drought declaration process: Hydrologic threshold

Two discussions -

- Geographic areas for a potential extended drought declaration.
- Geographic areas for a potential advisory status.





Hydrologic Threshold Discussion

Do the Yakima Basins, or any other areas, continue to meet the hydrologic threshold for drought conditions (less than 75% of normal water supply)?

Yakima Basins =

- Upper and Lower Yakima and Naches
- Yakima, Kittitas and Benton Counties





Potential Advisory Discussion

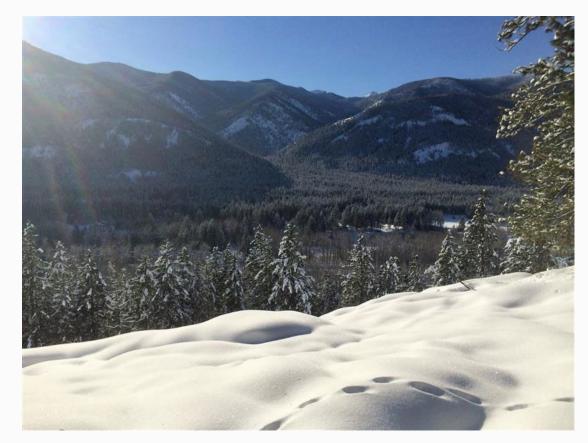
Do potential drought conditions support an advisory status for any areas?

Possible counties:

- Whatcom, Skagit, Snohomish, King, Pierce
- Okanagan, Methow, Chelan,
- Clallam, Jefferson, Grays Harbor, Mason

Advisory =

- Drought conditions may develop
- Communications & awareness tool
- No requirements or relief





Discussion Question

For all meeting attendees:

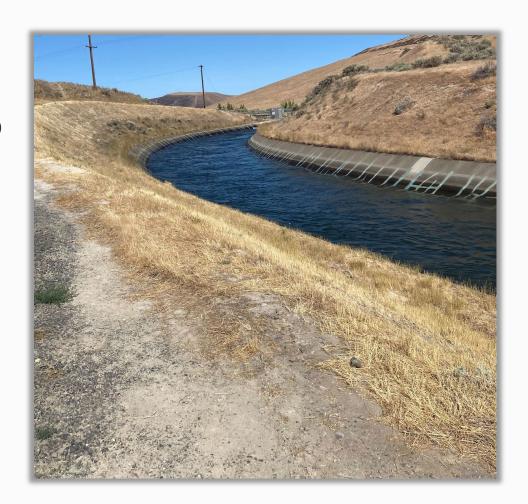
What concerns do folks have for drought recovery and Water Year 2025?



Declaration Process Next Steps

- With a WSAC recommendation to Ecology to convene EWEC (Executive Water Emergency Committee), Ecology works with the Director to convene in coming weeks.
- EWEC advises on the hardship threshold and provides a recommendation to the Governor.

• Ecology coordinates with Governor's office to issue a drought declaration.





Drought Info

- Updated drought website: <u>Drought Response</u>
 - Washington State Department of Ecology
 - Declaration <u>Order of Determination by</u>
 <u>the Director</u>
- Water Supply Availability Committee (WSAC) website



Thank you

Contact: WSAC Committee Chair Caroline Mellor Statewide Drought Lead Caroline.Mellor@ecy.wa.gov







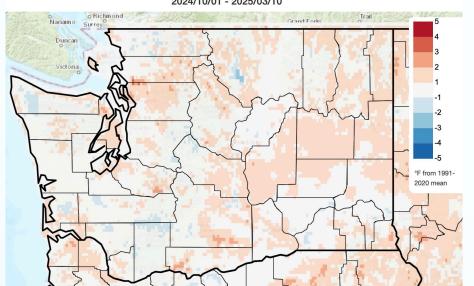
Current Conditions and Seasonal Outlook

Karin Bumbaco
Washington State Climate Office
Climate Impacts Group
University of Washington
March 13, 2025

Water Year 2025

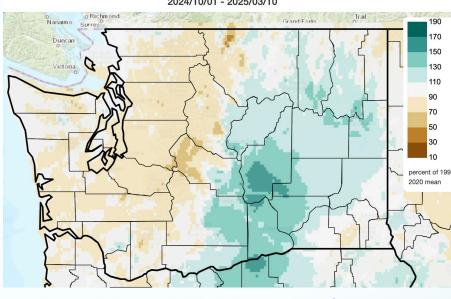
Temperature

Mean Daily Temperature Anomaly, Since Oct 1st 2024/10/01 - 2025/03/10



Precipitation

Total Precipitation Anomaly, Since Oct 1st



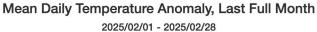
Climate Toolbox

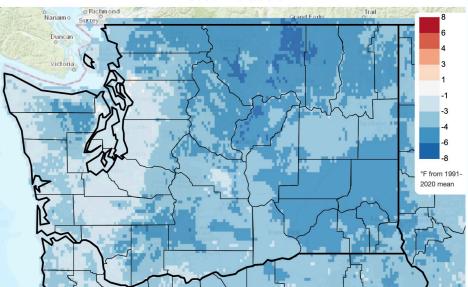
- Averaged statewide, Oct-Feb temperatures were above normal (+0.4°F)*
- Averaged statewide, Oct-Feb precipitation was below normal (93% of normal), ranking as the 49th driest

February 2025

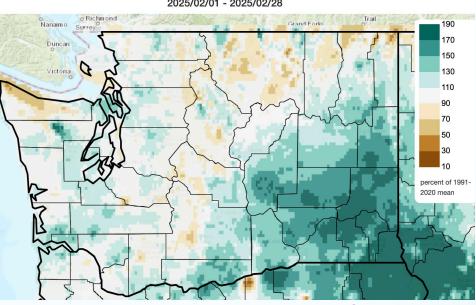
Temperature

Precipitation

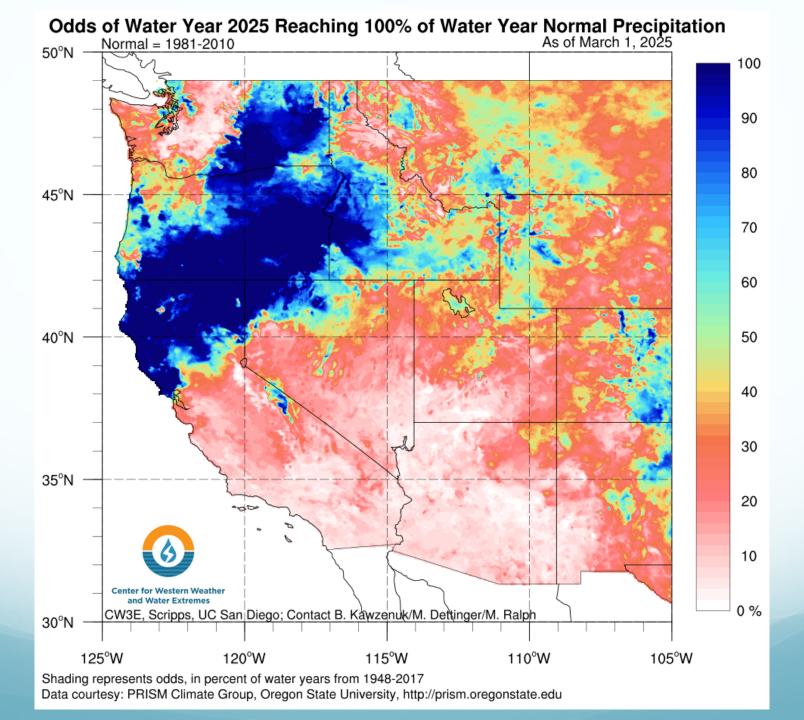




Total Precipitation Anomaly, Last Full Month 2025/02/01 - 2025/02/28



- Climate Toolbox
- Averaged statewide, February temperatures were below normal (-3.9°F), tying as the 28th coldest on record*
- Averaged statewide, February precipitation was above normal (112% of normal)



normal

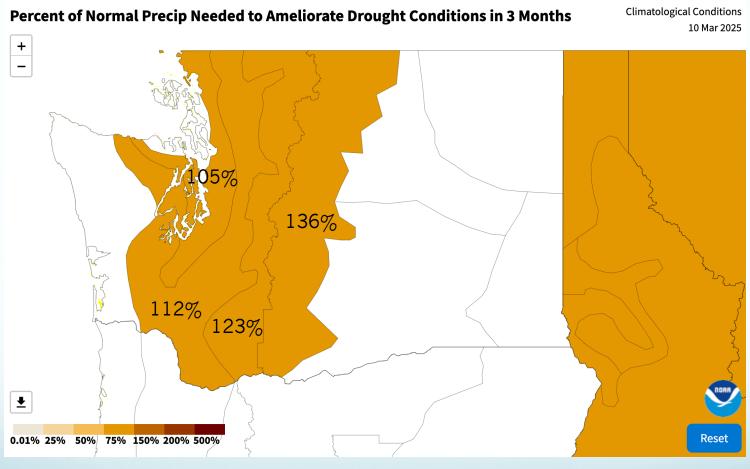
October 1, 2024 to date

Precipitation Percent Of Average (grid/MET)
2024-10-01 to 2025-0-00, Trall, vs. 1991 - 2020
Precipitation Percent of Average (%) (masking above 75 %)
Precipitation Percent of Average (%) (masking above 75 %)
Precipitation Percent of Average (%) (masking above 75 %)
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Climate Engine

January 1, 2025 to date

Drought as defined by PHDI

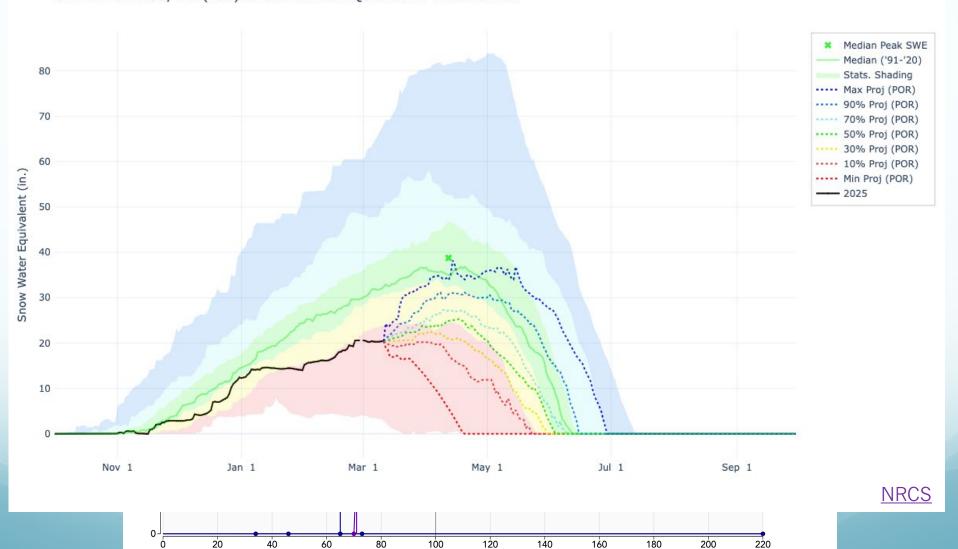


NOAA NCEI

Amount of precipitation needed to improve Palmer Hydrological Drought Index to -2.0

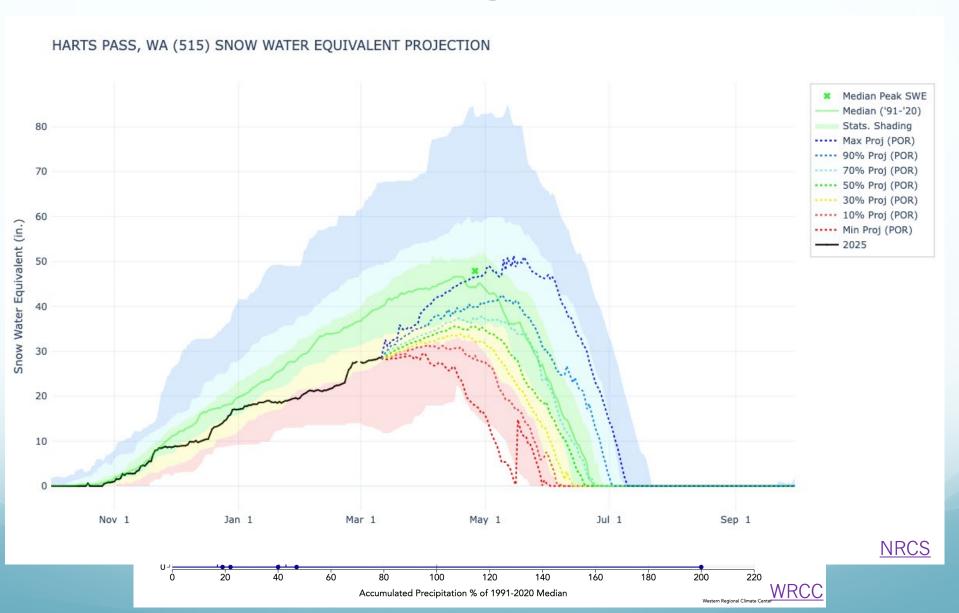
Snow Drought Tracker

STAMPEDE PASS, WA (788) SNOW WATER EQUIVALENT PROJECTION

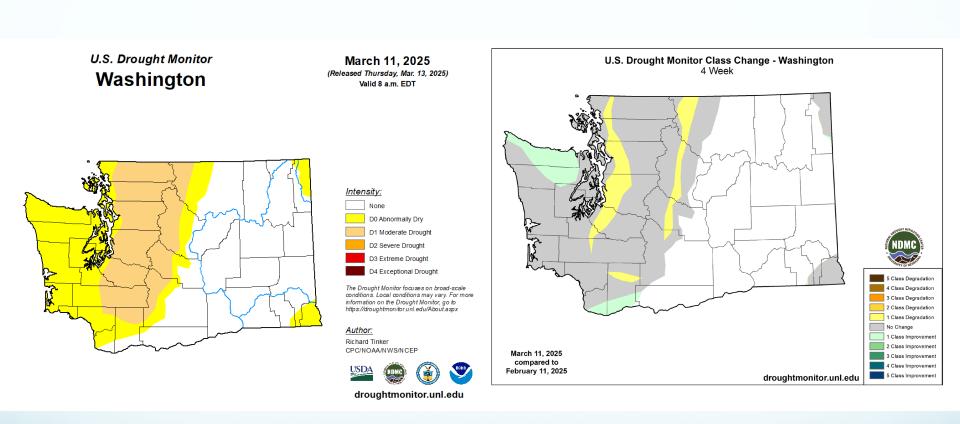


Accumulated Precipitation % of 1991-2020 Median

Snow Drought Tracker



U.S. Drought Monitor



Current Status: La Niña

La Niña Advisory

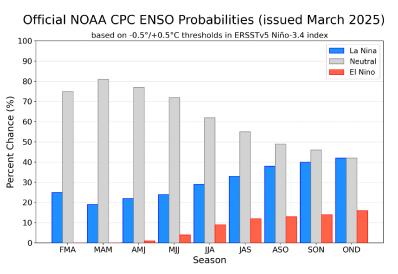
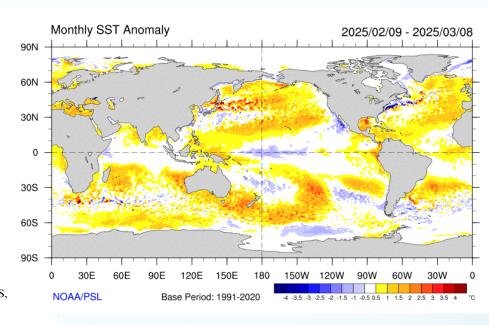
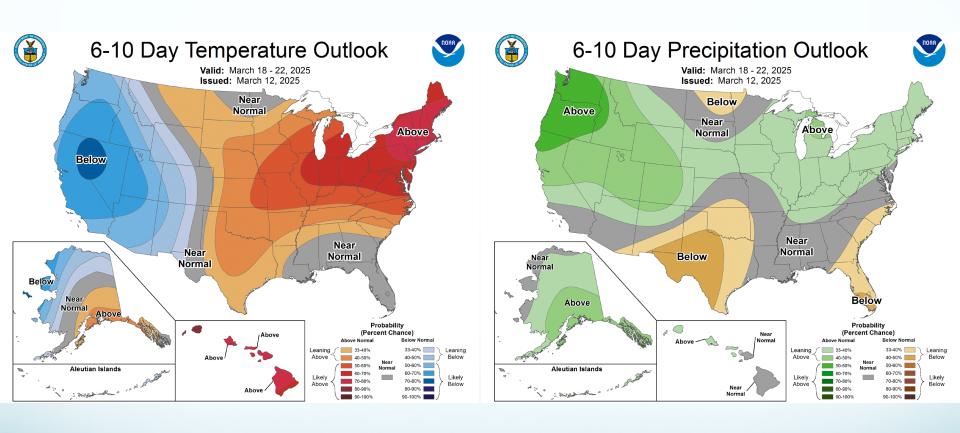


Figure 7. Official ENSO probabilities for the Niño 3.4 sea surface temperature index (5°N-5°S, 120°W-170°W). Figure updated 13 March 2025.

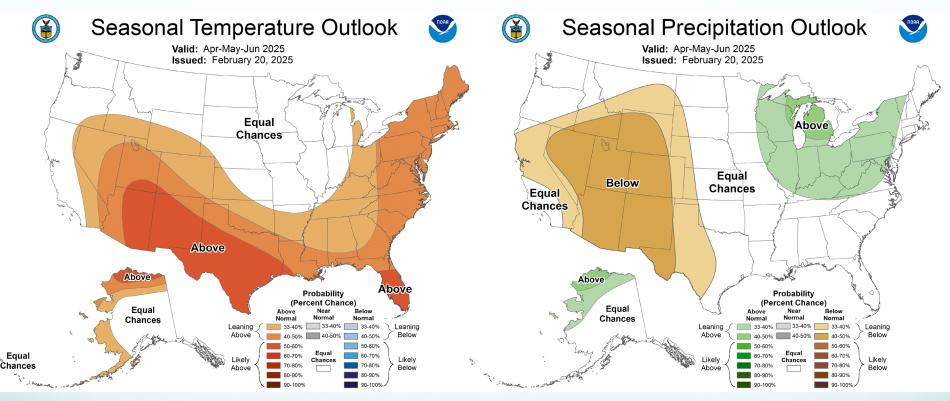


 La Niña is weakening and is expected to shift to neutral conditions

Climate Prediction Center 6-10 Day Outlook

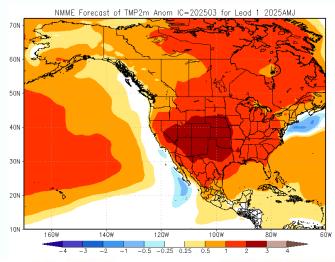


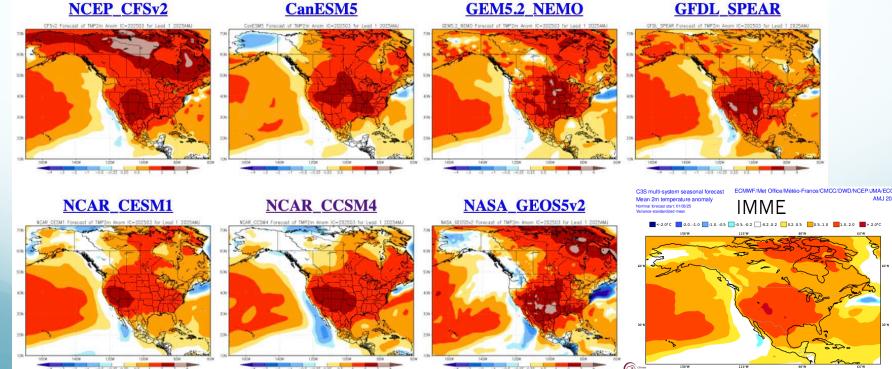
Climate Prediction Center Outlook: Apr-Jun



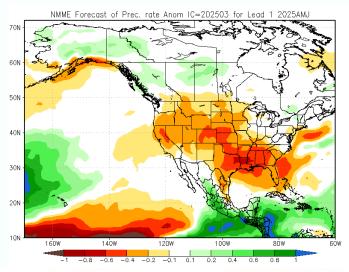
Summer periods: Higher odds of above normal temps and below normal precip

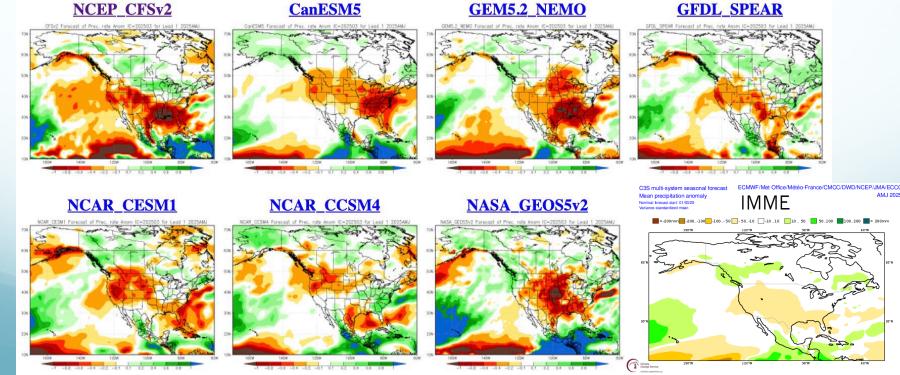
NMME: Apr-Jun Temperatures





NMME: Apr-Jun Precipitation





Summary

- Water year 2025 temperatures have been nearnormal. Water year precipitation has been below normal for western WA, including the Cascade Mountains, and above normal across eastern WA
 - January was extremely dry statewide (tied for 5th driest)
 - February tied as the 28th coldest with above normal precipitation
- La Niña is weakening
- The next week and a half should be cool and wet
- There is little indication that we'll see a late spring bail out in terms of snow

NWS

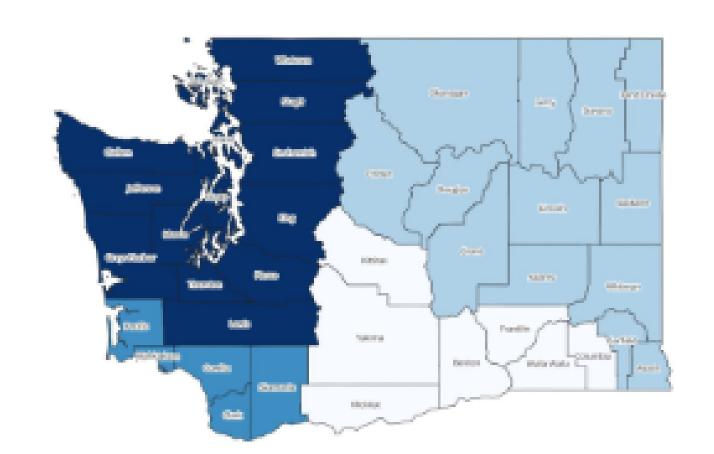
March 2025 Washington Water Supply

Amy Burke, Sr Hydrologist - Northwest River Forecast Center NWRFC.watersupply@noaa.gov

Brent Bower, Sr Service Hydrologist - Seattle Robin Fox, Service Hydrologist - Spokane

George Perry, Service Hydrologist - Pendleton





Washington State - Areas of Responsibility

Northwest Washington - NWS Seattle - nws.seattle@noaa.gov

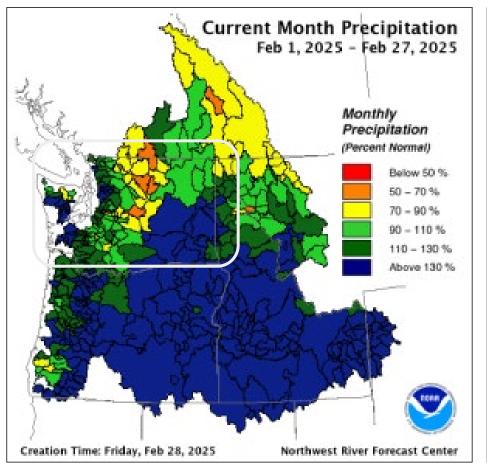
Southwest Washington - NWS Portland - nws.portland@noaa.gov

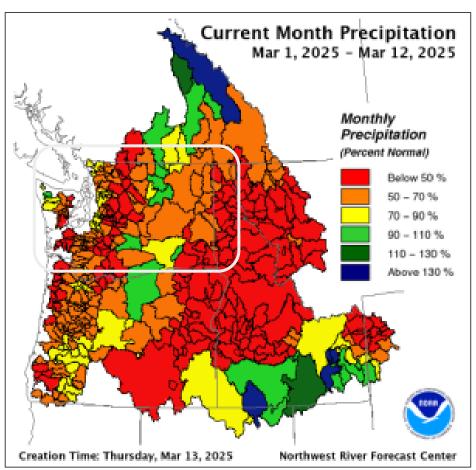
Northeast Washington - NWS Spokane - nws.spokane@noaa.gov

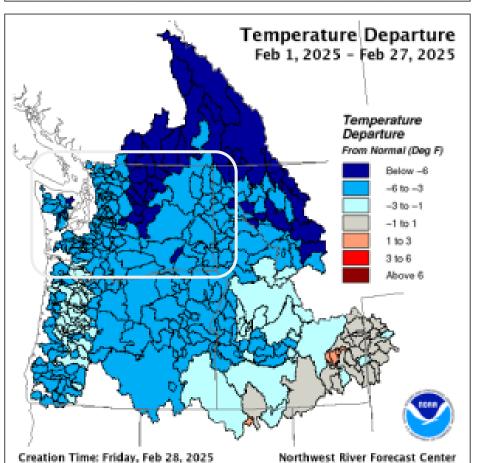
Southeast Washington - NWS Pendleton - pdt.operations@noaa.gov

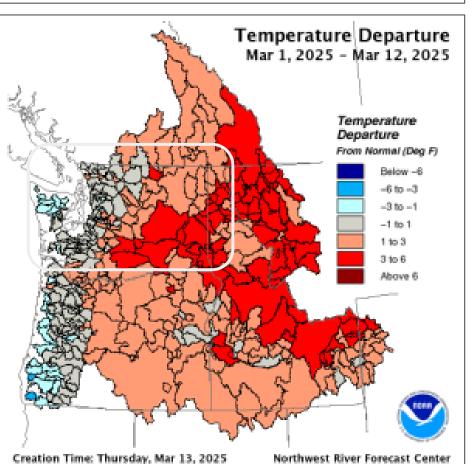


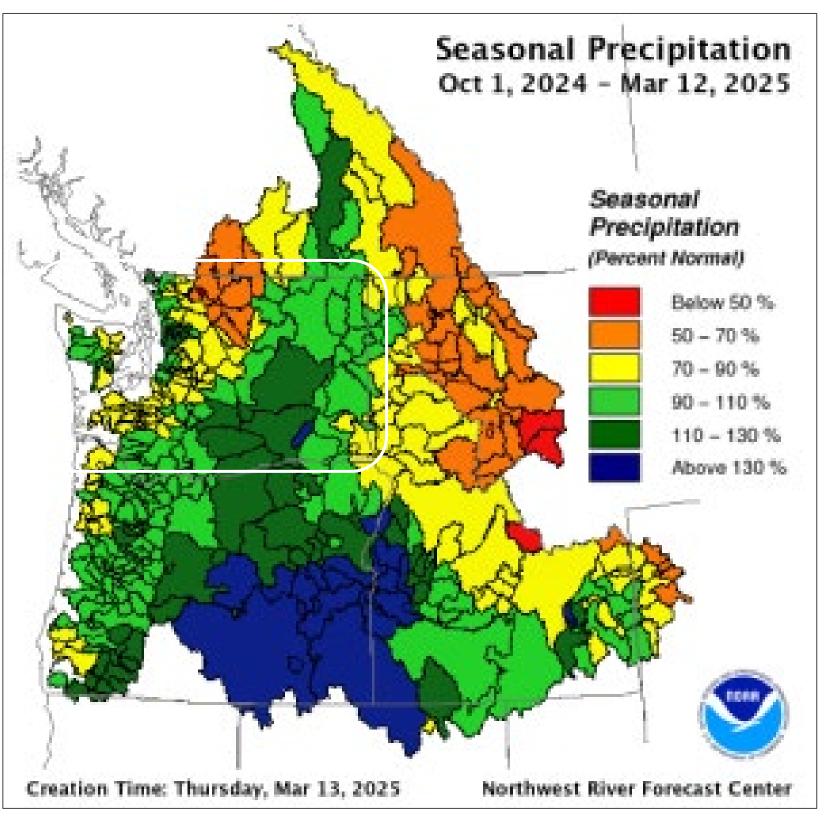
Precipitation and Temperature





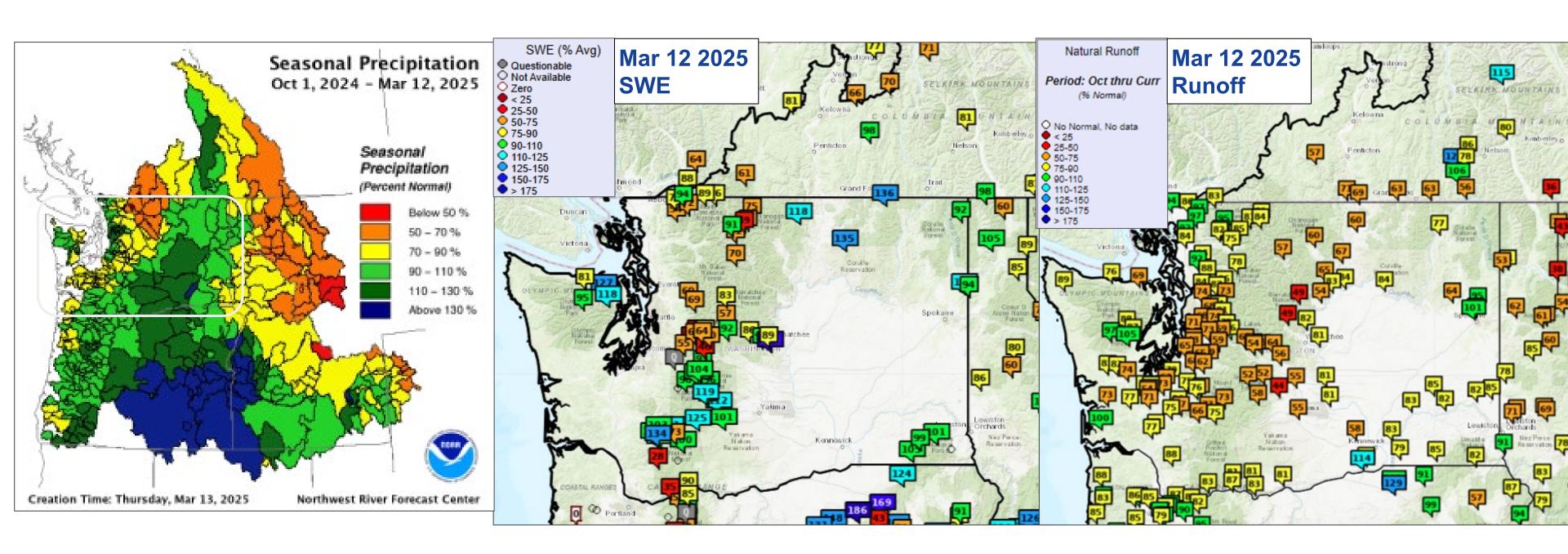






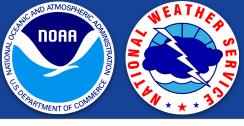


Precipitation, Snowpack and Runoff

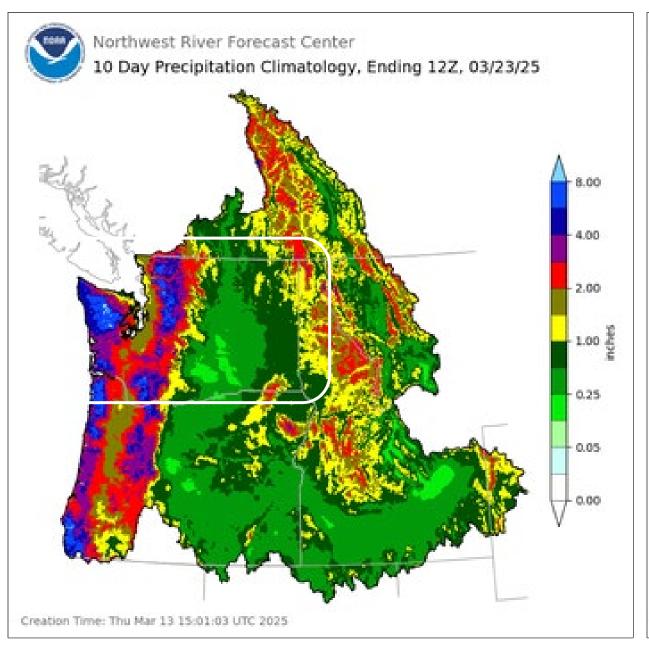


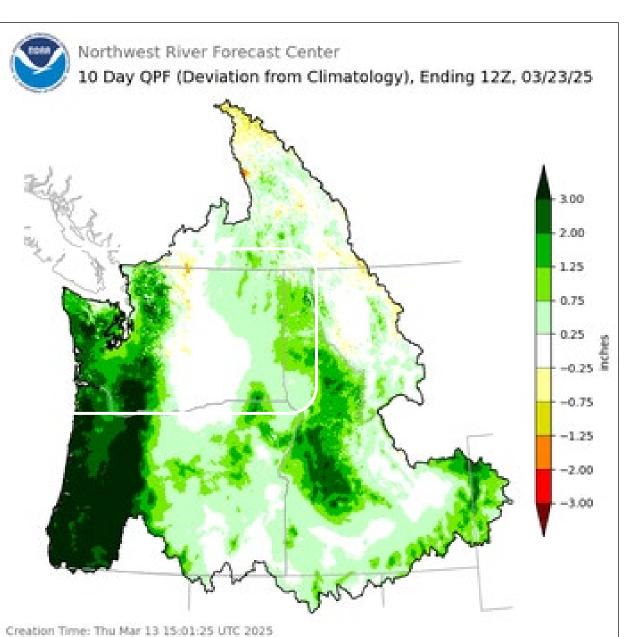
- Similar for the Cascades and Blue mountains especially for higher elevations
- Slight decrease for mid slopes most areas
- Slight increase for Okanogan Highlands

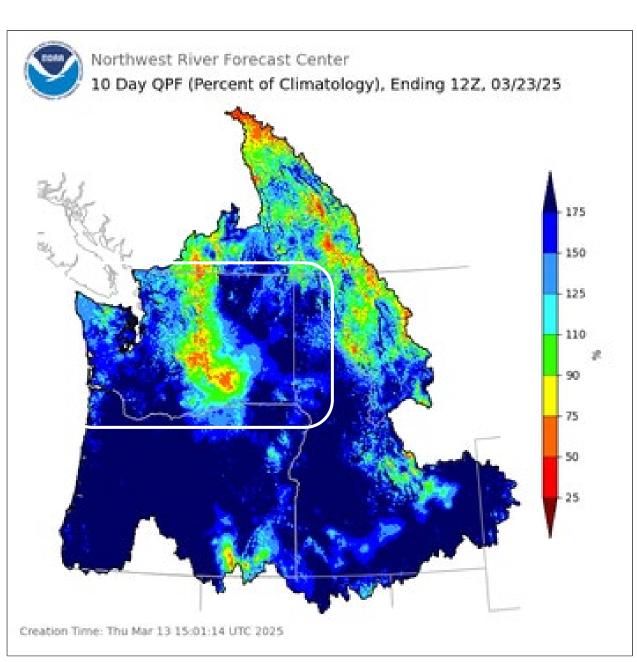
- Increase across extreme eastern WA
- Little change for central and western WA



10 Day Precipitation Forecast used in ESP10 Forecasts







Quantitative Precipitation Forecast (QPF) Sources

Days 1 - 2 NWS Weather Forecast Offices (WFO) in the US, WPC in BC

Days 3 - 7 NWS Weather Prediction Center (WPC)

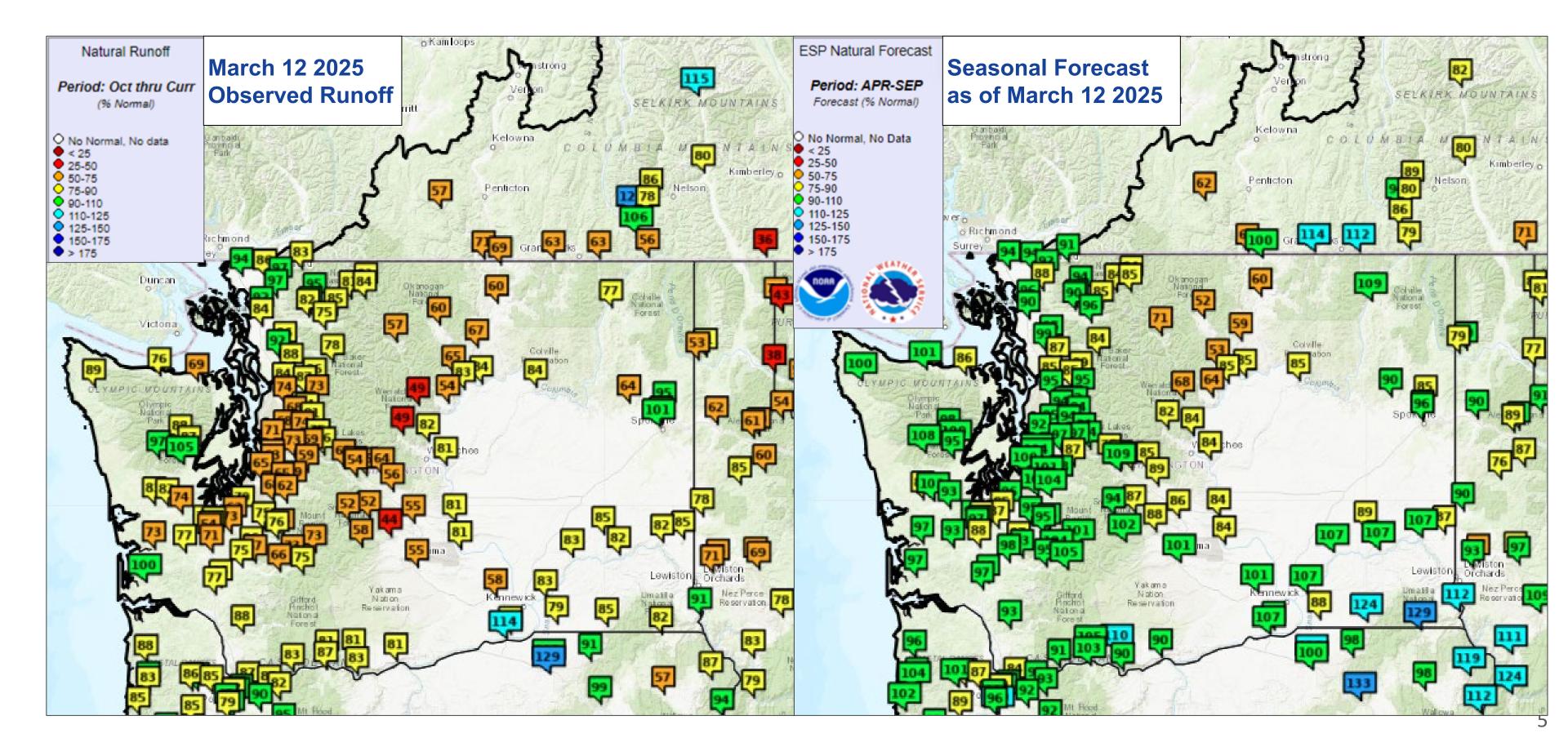
Days 8 - 10 NWS National Blend of Models (NBM)

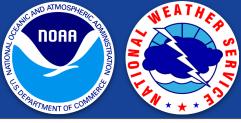
Upcoming 10 days will be a wet period for WA especially through the weekend and early next week.

Climate Prediction Center is trending for above normal precipitation and below normal temperatures through the next 2 weeks (last week of March).

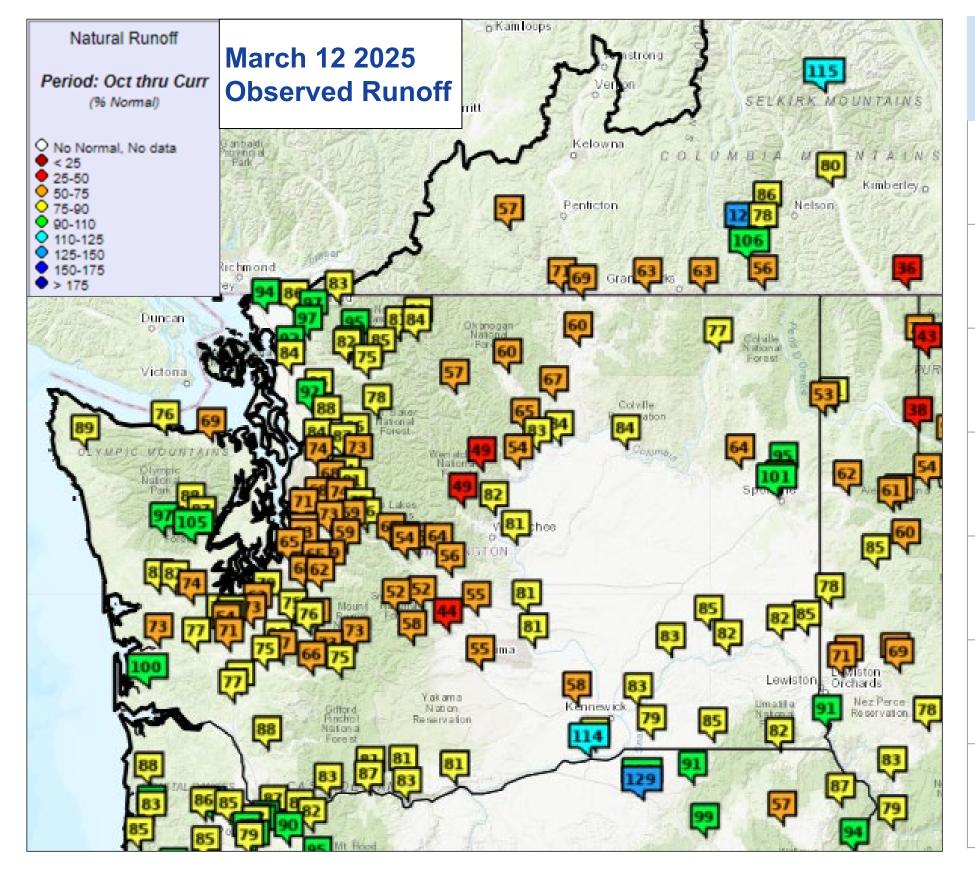


WY Runoff and Apr - Sep Forecasts

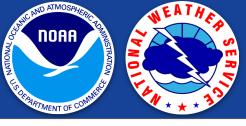




WY Runoff Monthly Comparisons

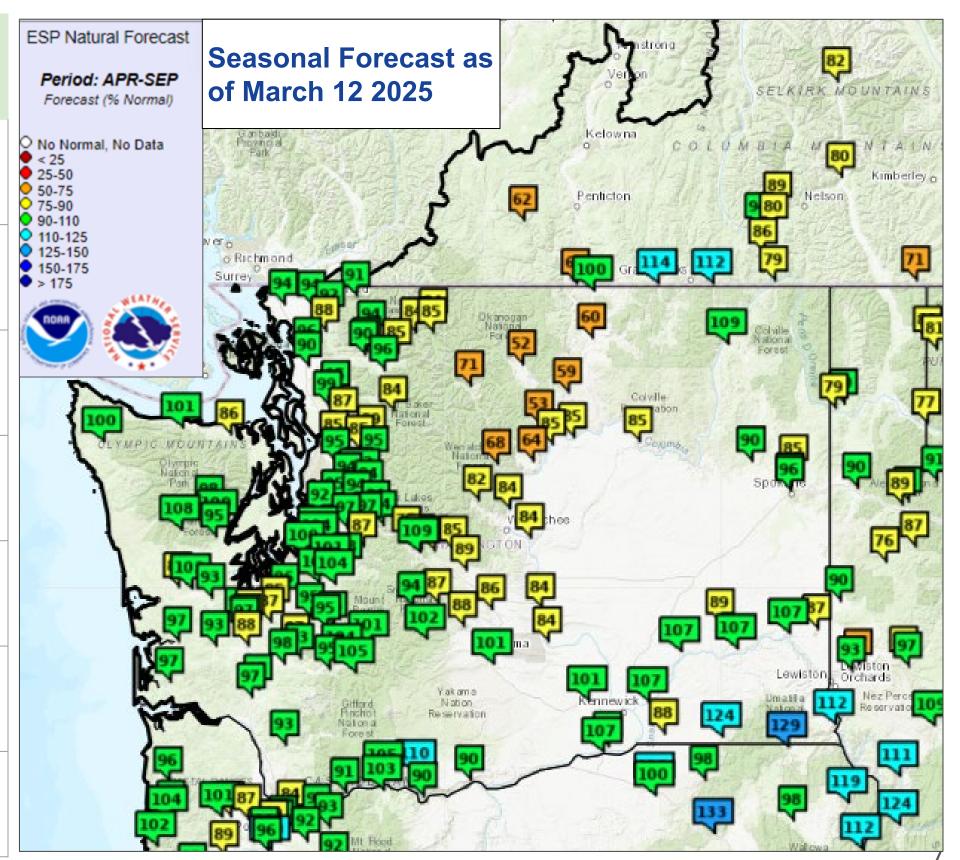


Forecast Point	% Normal Runoff Oct 1 - Current	Change Since Feb 12, 2025
Skagit nr Mt Vernon	84	-1
Dungeness nr Sequim	69	0
Chehalis at Porter	74	+4
Okanogan at Malott	67	-1
Methow near Pateros	65	0
Yakima at Parker	55	+5
Walla Walla near Touchet	79	+18

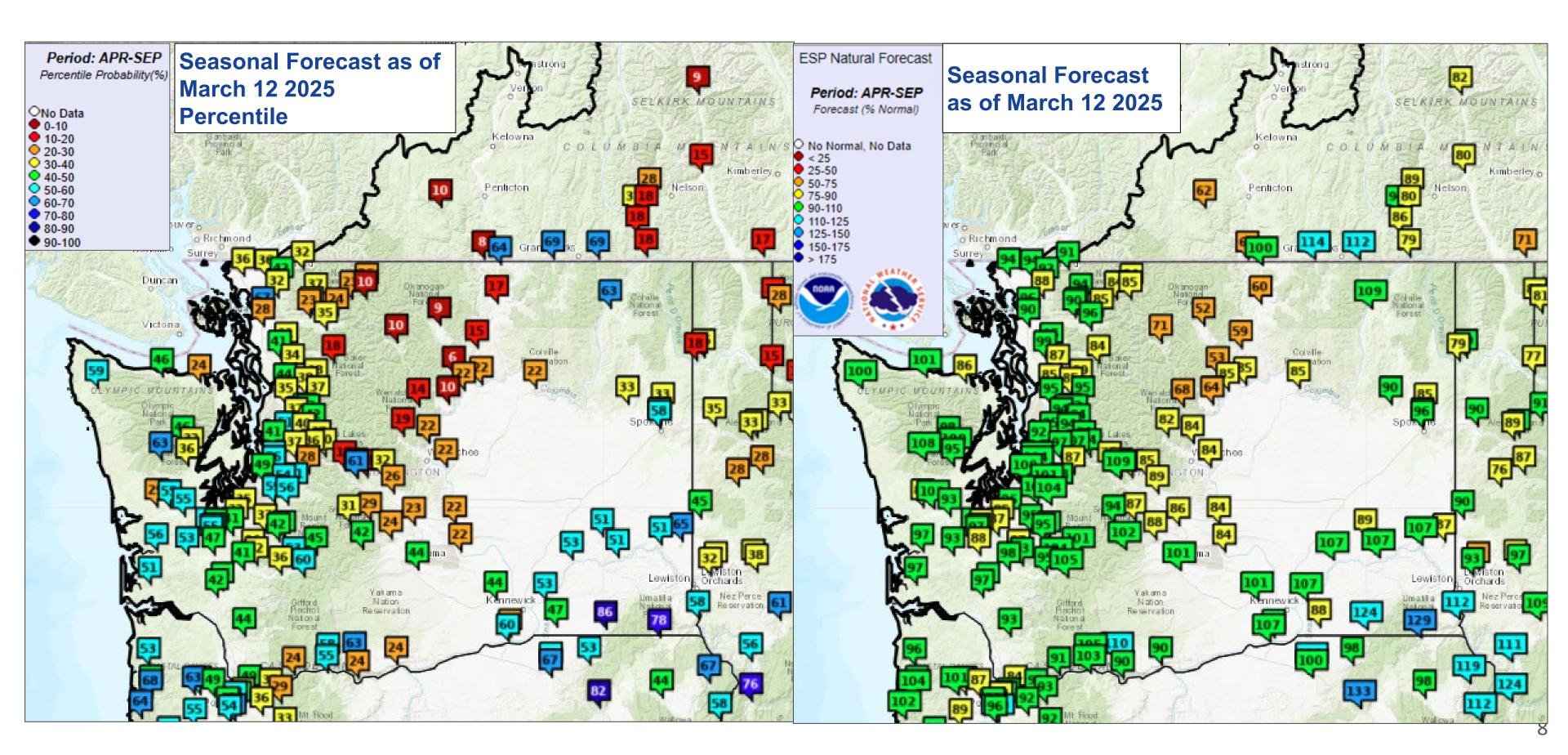


Apr - Sep Forecasts Monthly Comparisons

Forecast Point	% Normal April-Sept Vol	Change Since Feb 12, 2025
Skagit nr Mt Vernon	90	+8
Dungeness nr Sequim	86	-2
Chehalis at Porter	93	+2
Okanogan at Malott	59	+9
Methow near Pateros	53	+6
Yakima at Parker	101	+3
Walla Walla near Touchet	88	+4



Apr - Sep Forecasts in Percentiles



Takeaways

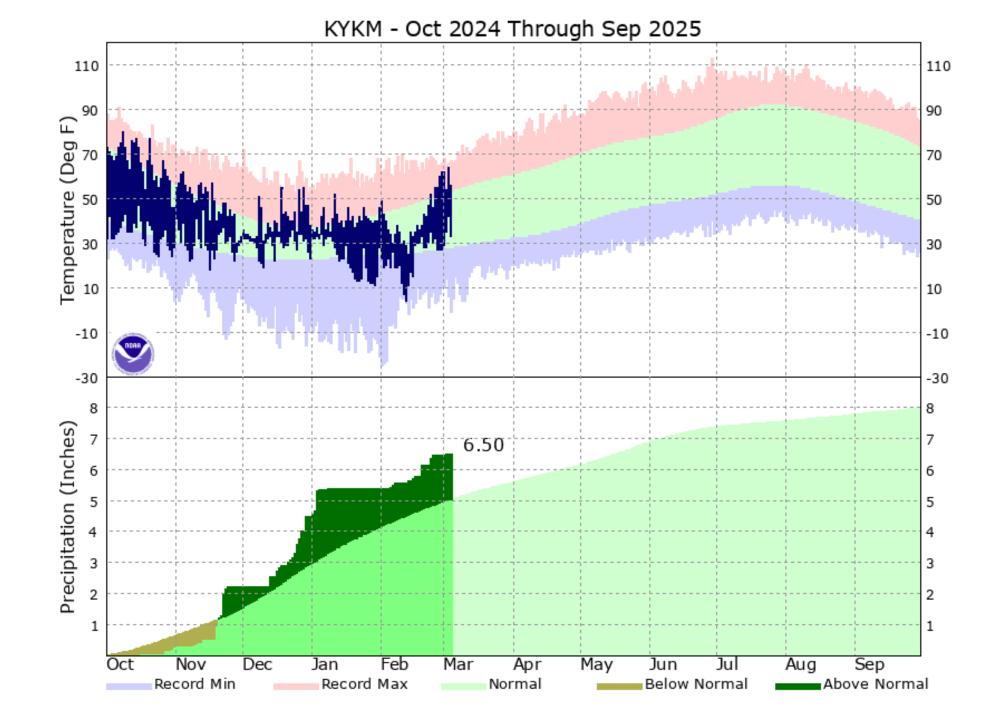
February was cold & wet, early March has been mild & drier

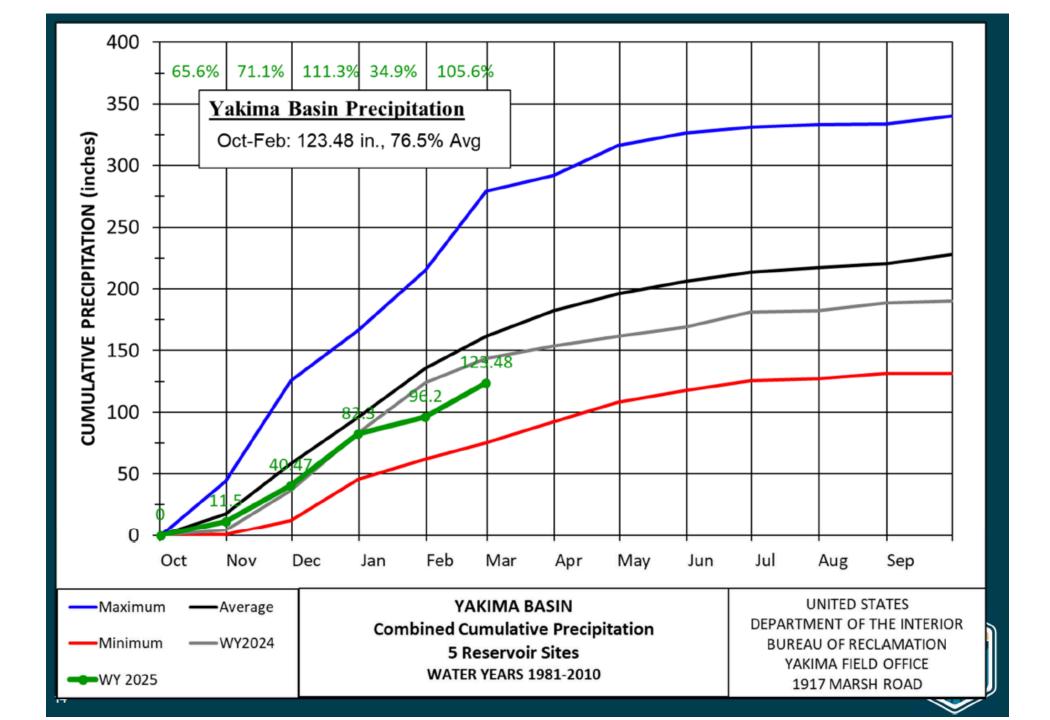
 Runoff since October 1 has largely been below normal with pockets of near normal

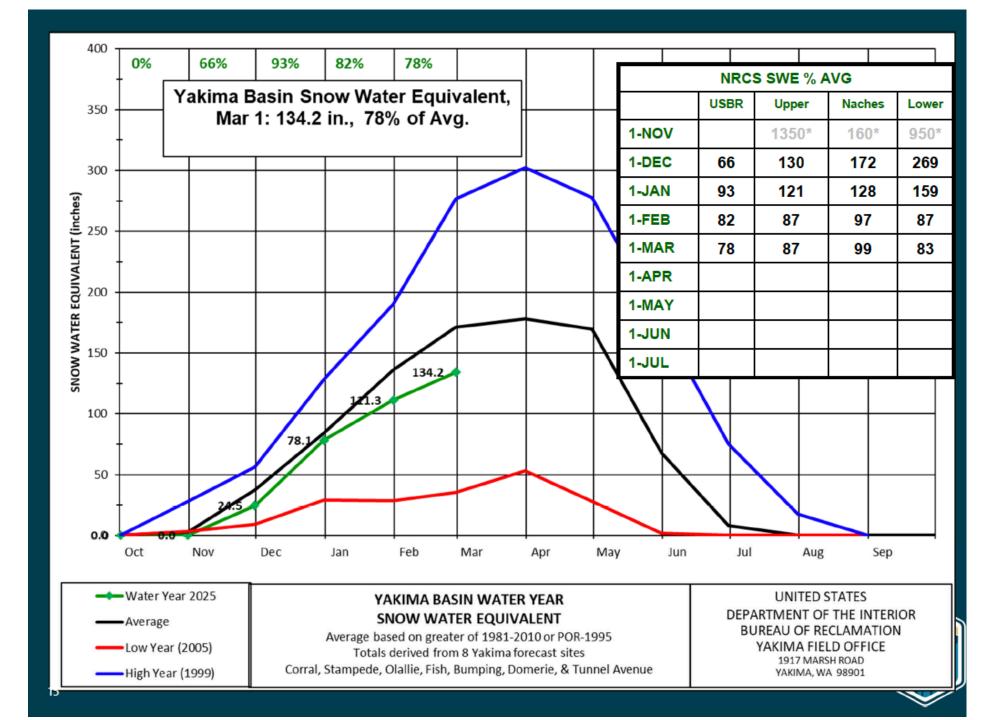
 Precipitations forecasts for the next 10 days (and beyond) looks significantly wetter for most areas.

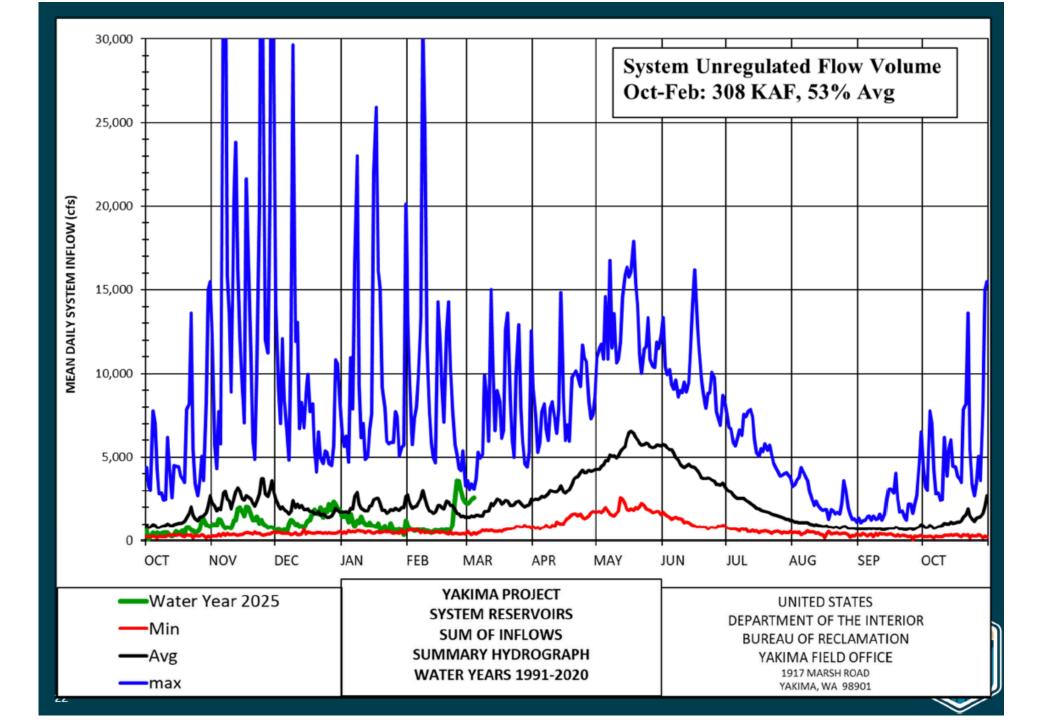
 Apr-Sep river forecasts have bumped up in many areas, yet still remain below normal especially for north-central, areas near the Cascade crest and Olympics

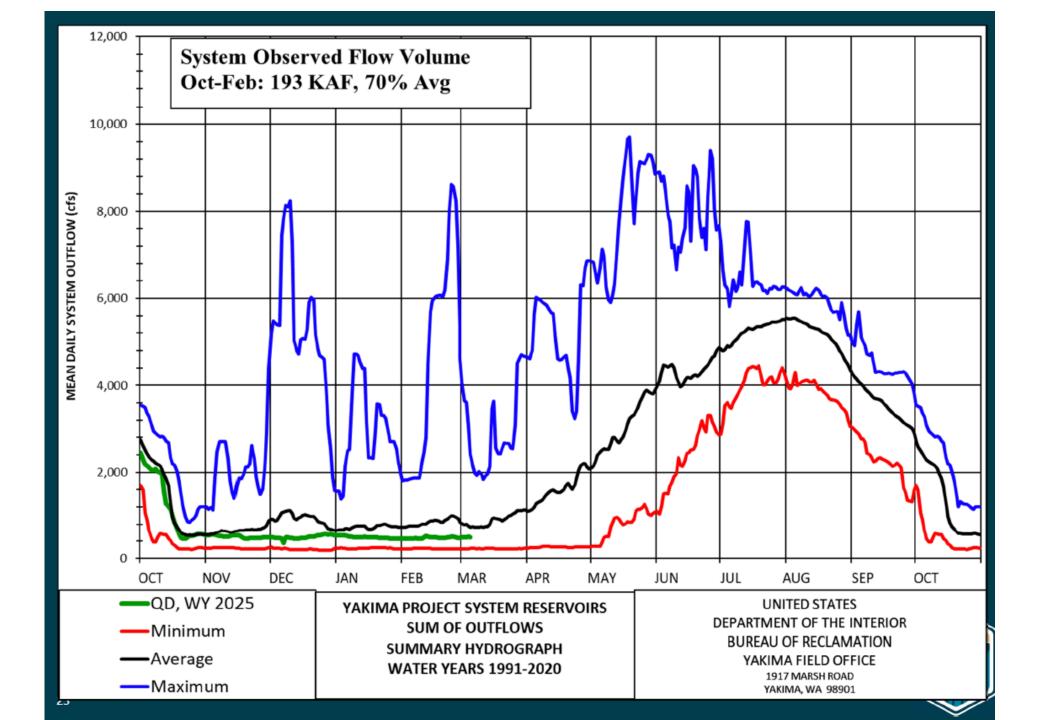
Yakima Water Supply

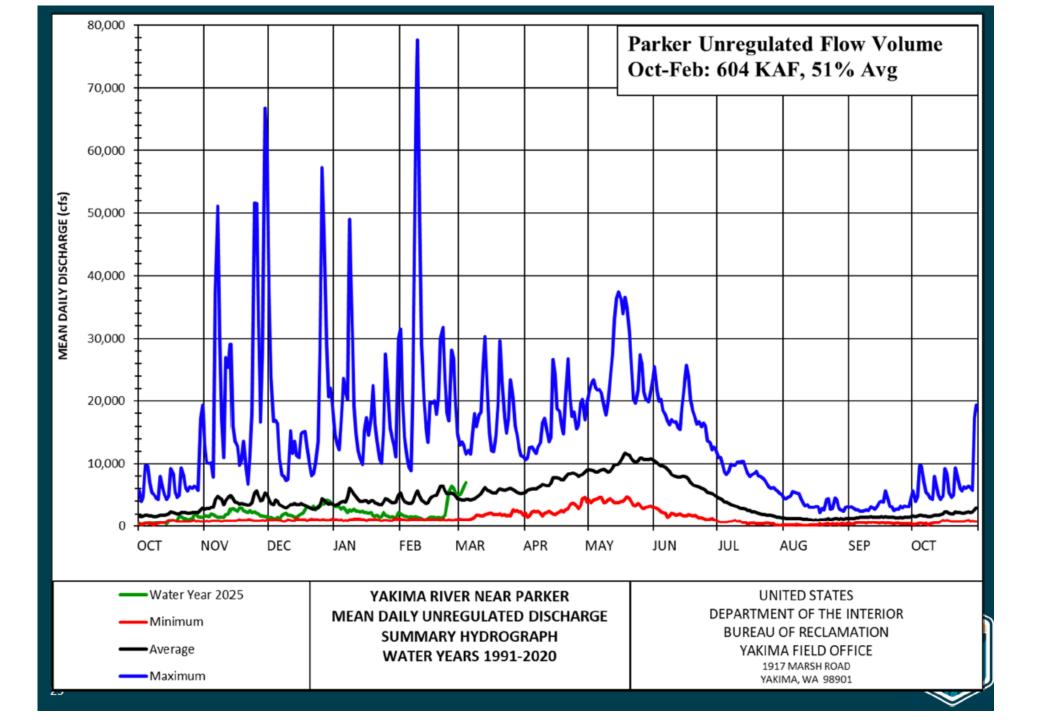


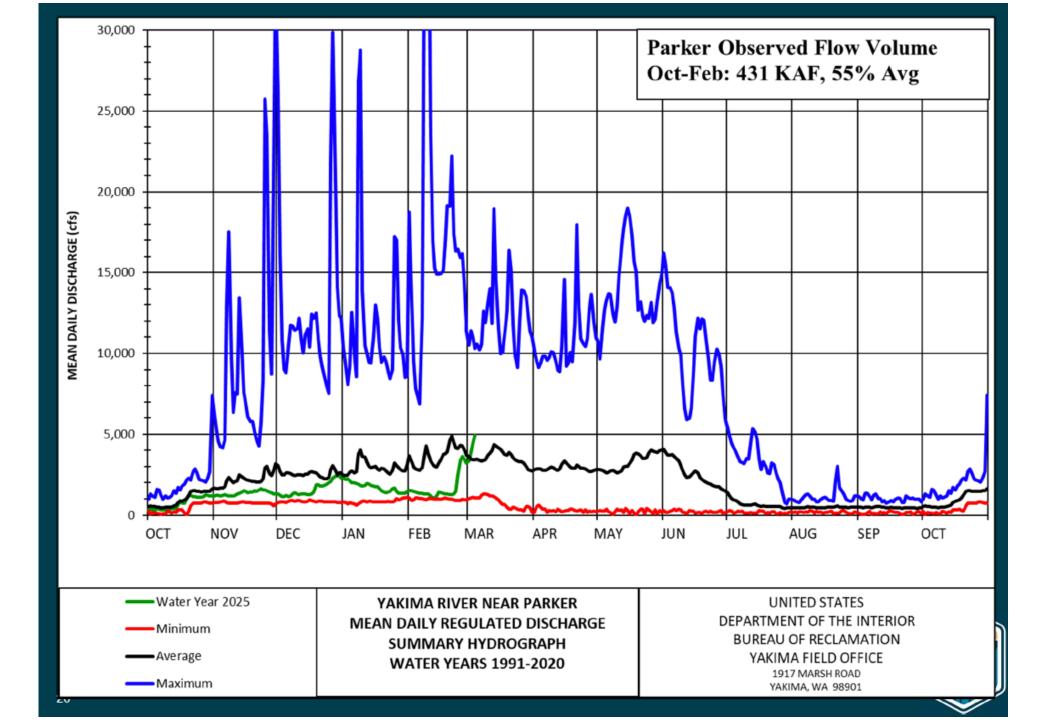


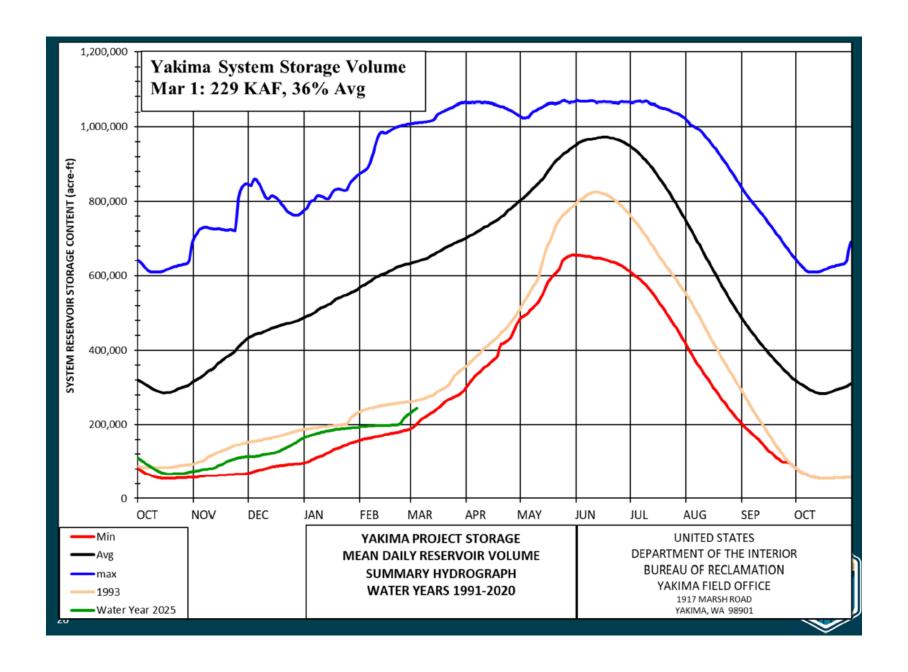




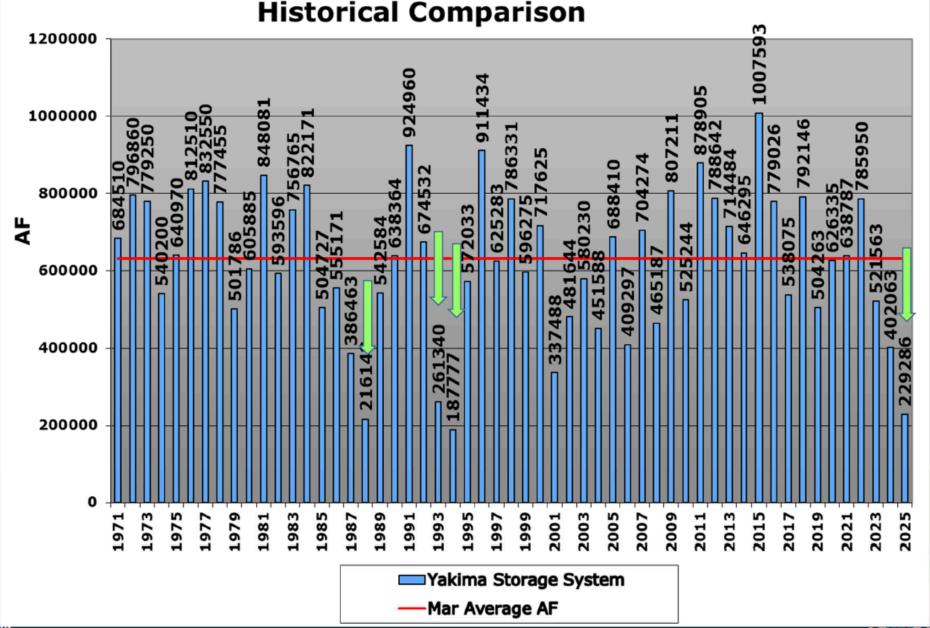












Yakima Subbasin forecasts, WY25

Yakima Basin Forecast Mar-Jul 2025 (KAF) (% of 30-year Ave)						
3/1/2025	Low	Composite	High	Low	Composite	High
PARW	1,381	1,734	2,119	68%	85%	104%
KEE	95	117	152	69%	84%	110%
KAC	86	105	136	70%	86%	111%
CLE	309	369	474	72%	86%	110%
BUM	95	125	171	74%	97%	132%
RIM	172	207	257	79%	95%	118%
NACW	631	762	963	75%	90%	114%

March's April 1, 2025 TWSA ESTIMATE

April 1 - September 30

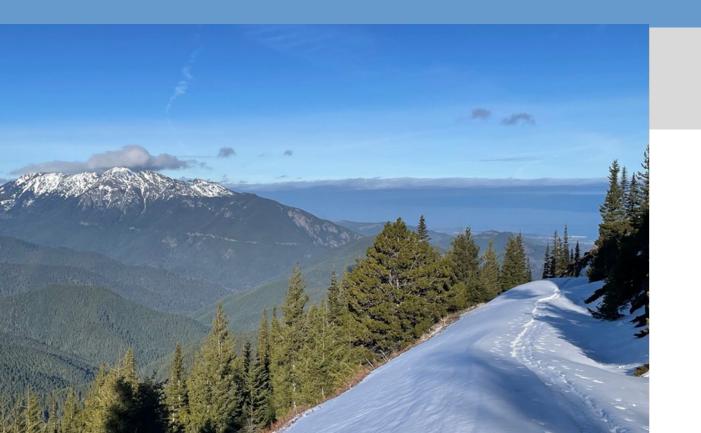
Parameter*	+/-/=	Low	Adopted	High
Apr 1-Sep 30 Natural Flow at Parker est.	+	1168	1450	1832
Return Flow Estimate, est	+	225	270	300
April 1, Reservoir Content, est	+	265	304	381
TWSA	=	1658	2025	2513
SEP 30 EST RESERVOIR CONTENT		76	76	76
FLOW OVER SUNNYSIDE DAM		250	274	390
TWSA FOR IRRIGATION	=	1332	1674	2047
NONPRORATABLE ENTITLEMENT	-	1070	1070	1070
YRPW-KID release		11	9	5
REMAINING TWSA	=	251	595	972
PRORATABLE ENTITLEMENT		1239	1239	1239
% RATIO= REMAINING				
TWSA/PRORATABLE				
ENTITLEMENT		20%	48%	78 %
TITLE XII FLOW TARGET, cfs	April	300	300	300
Added flow available, cfs *#*		116	125	145
Non-storeable Portion of added flow, cfs		11	11	11
Storable portion of added flow, cfs		105	114	134

*Values are in 1,000 ac-ft unless otherwise specified.

^{*#*} State & YRBWEP Trust, Acquisition, & Conservation additions to Title XII flow range from 116 to 145 cfs.



USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Snow Survey and Water Supply Forecasting Program





Washington WSAC

Mar. 13, 2025

Matt Warbritton

Supervisory Hydrologist USDA NRCS SSWSF Portland Data Collection Office <u>matt.warbritton@usda.gov</u> 503-307-2829





Snowpack Conditions

Statewide Snowpack

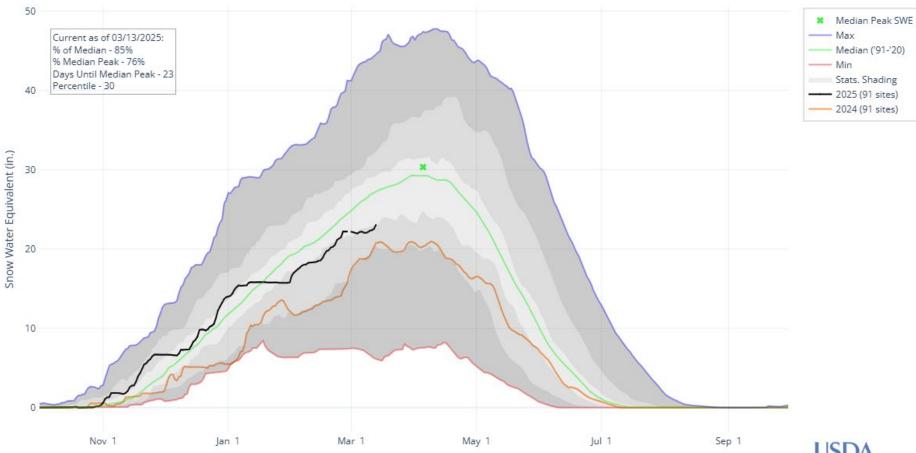
Profile for Snow Water Equivalent



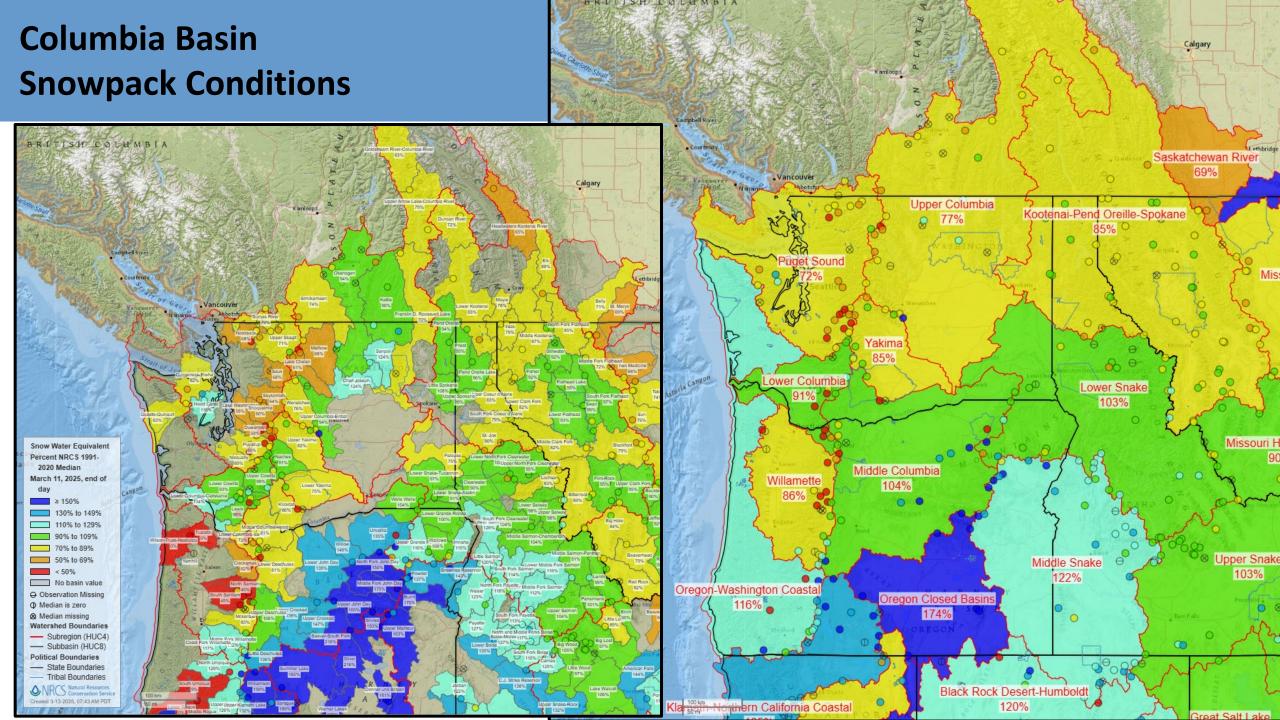
Statewide Snowpack: 85% of Normal 76% of median peak

Snowpack Percentile: 30

SNOW WATER EQUIVALENT IN STATE OF WASHINGTON



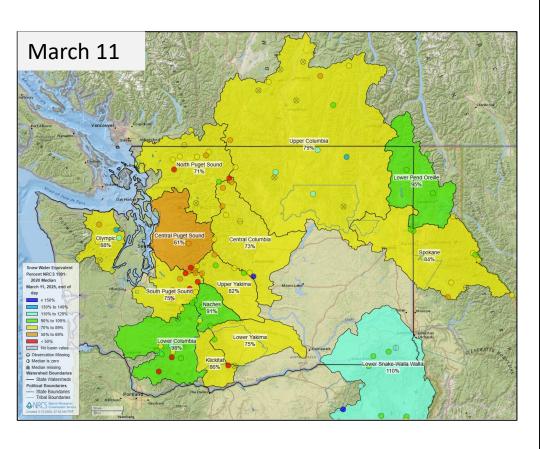


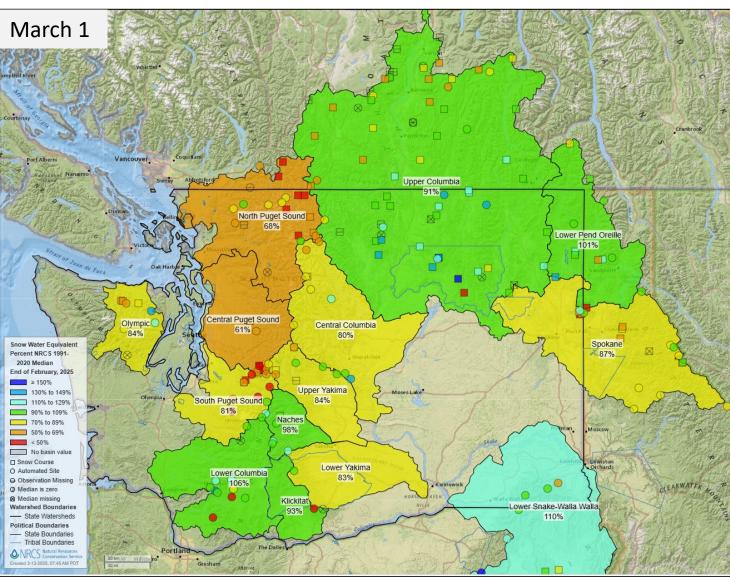


Snowpack in Washington

Basin & Site Map





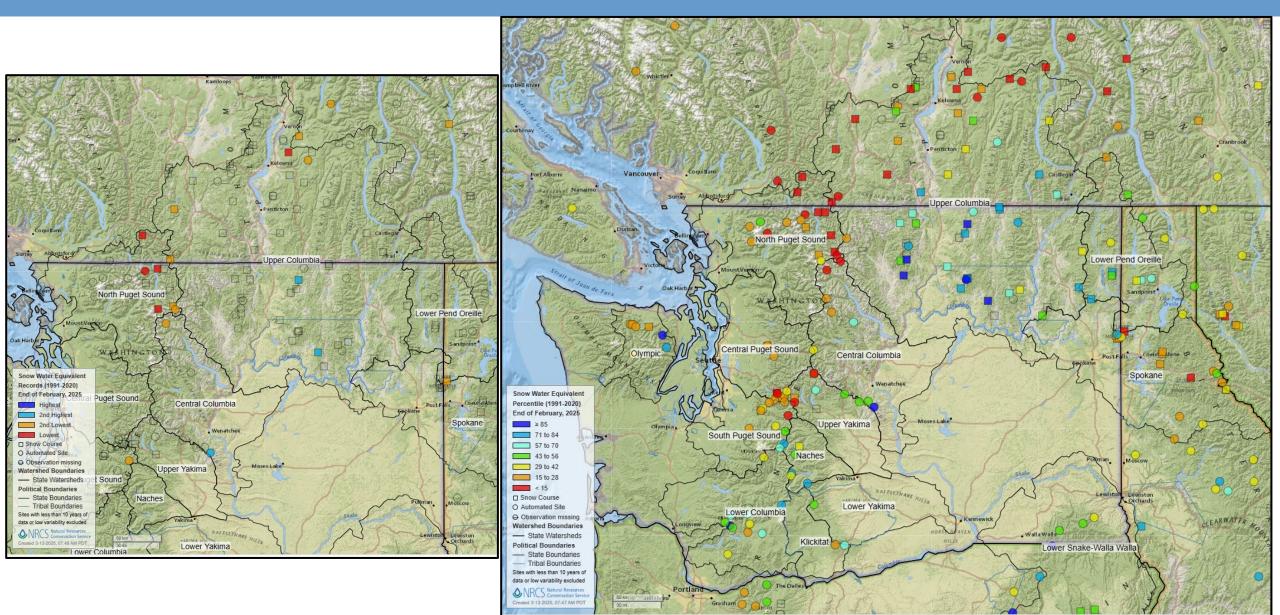


Snowpack in Washington – March 1

Basin & Site Map



Natural Resources Conservation Service







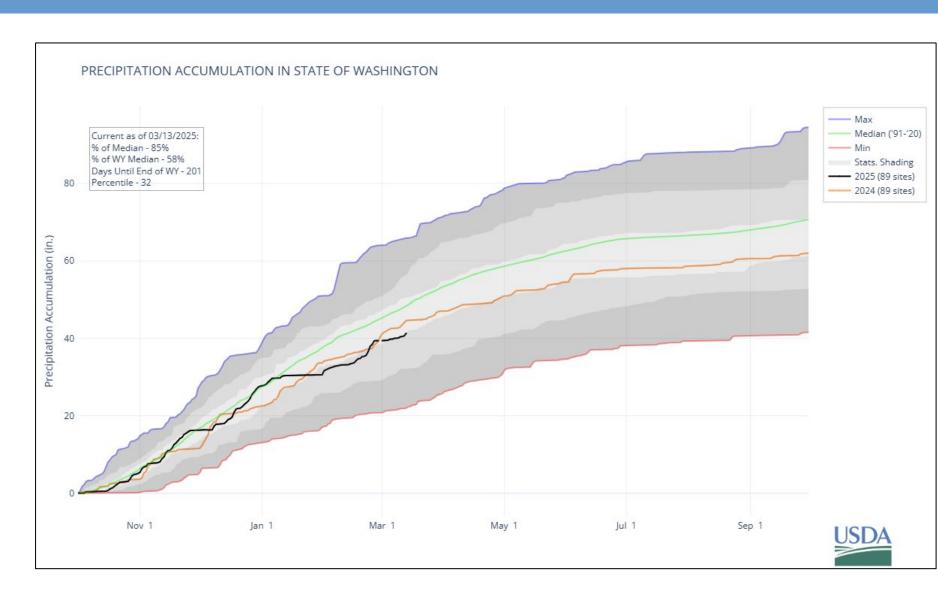
Precipitation Conditions

Statewide WYTD Precipitation



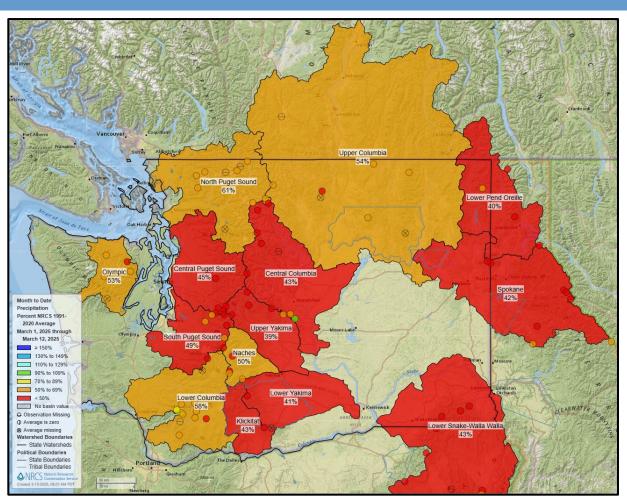
Statewide WYTD Precipitation: **85%** of normal

32 – percentile (normal period)



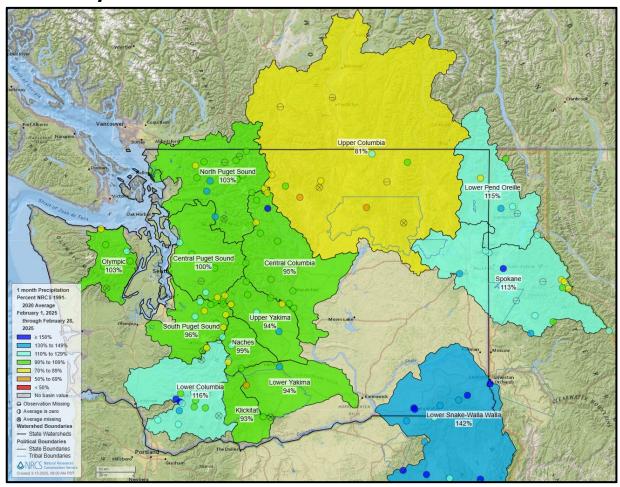
Month-to-Date Precipitation





Month-to-Date

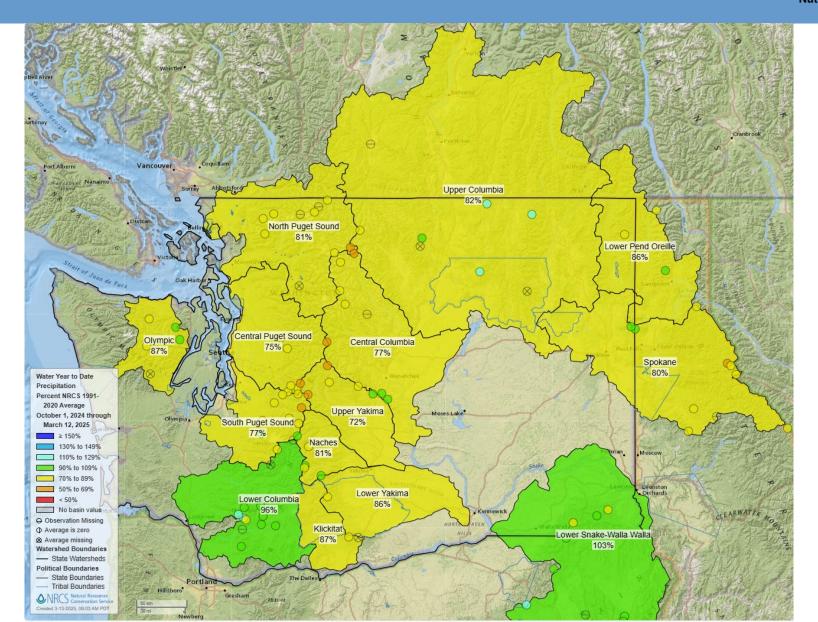
February

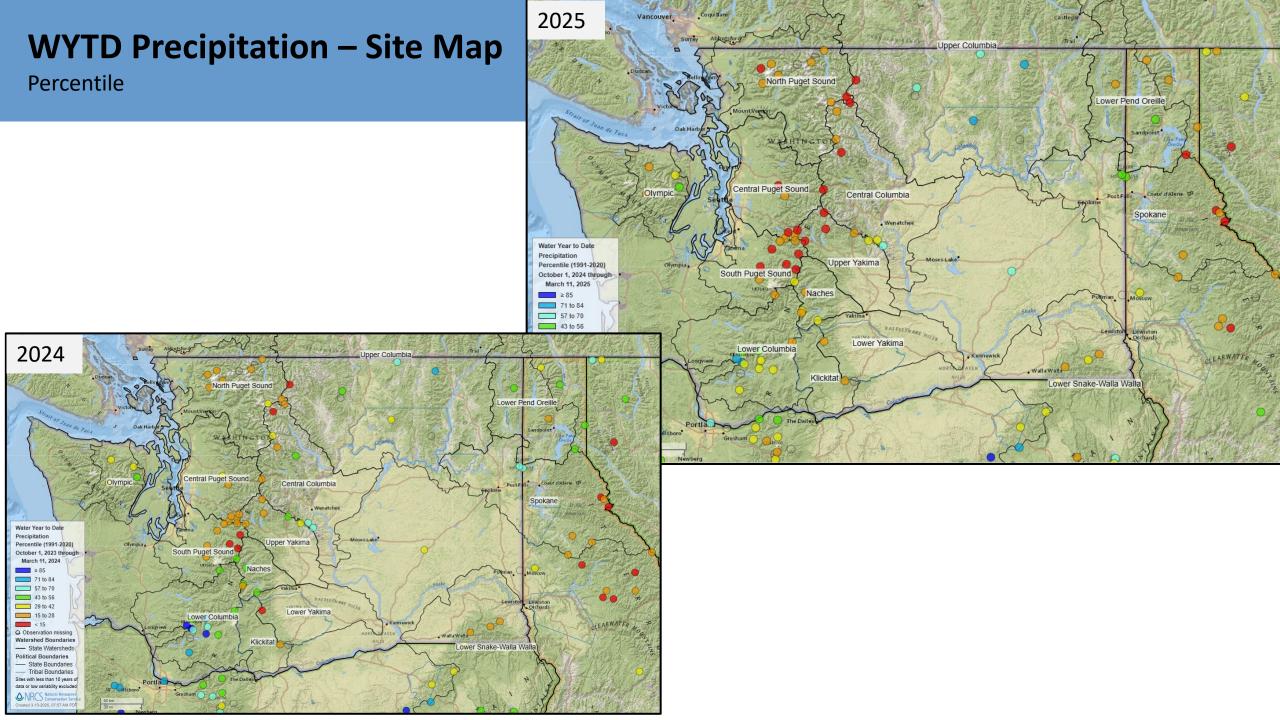


WYTD Precipitation – Site Map

Percent of Normal



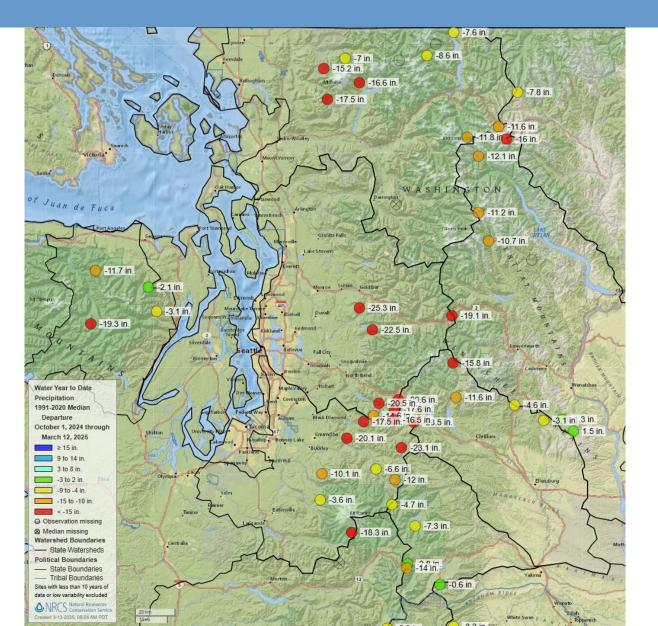




Catching Up to Normal WYTD Precipitation

Normal (median) Departure





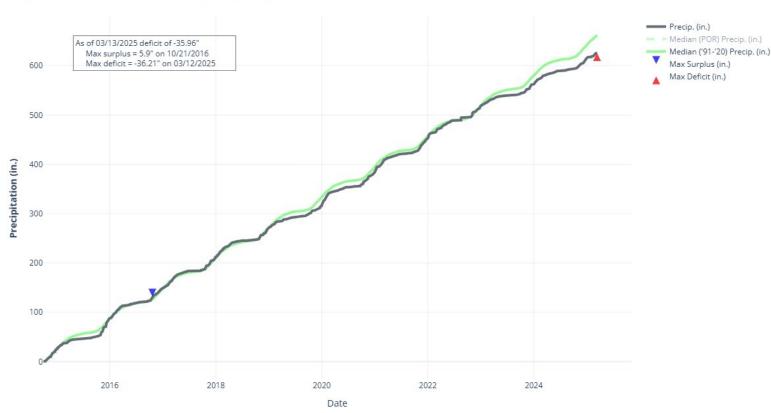
Compounding Precipitation Deficits: Yakima Basin

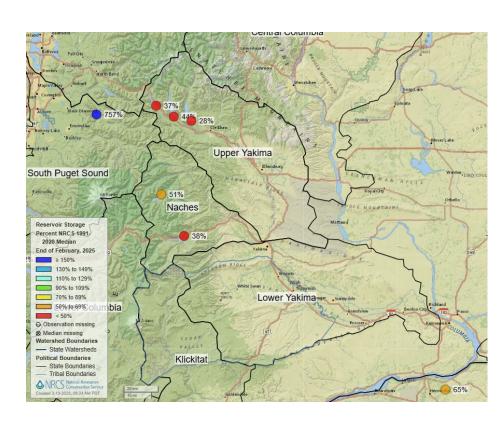
Max Surplus (in.)

Last decade





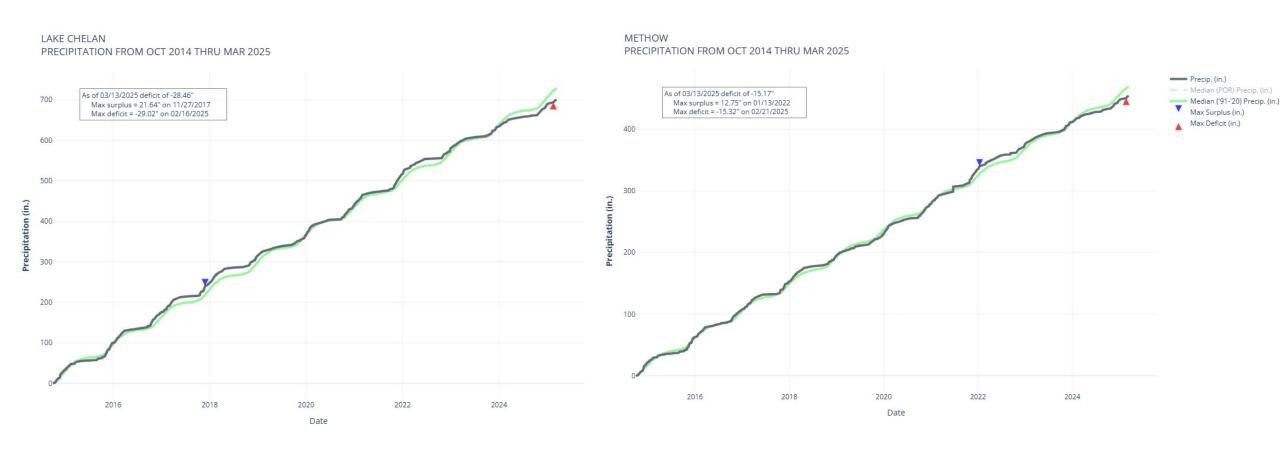




Compounding Precipitation Deficits: Methow & Chelan

Last decade





Compounding Precipitation Deficits: North Puget Sound

Last decade



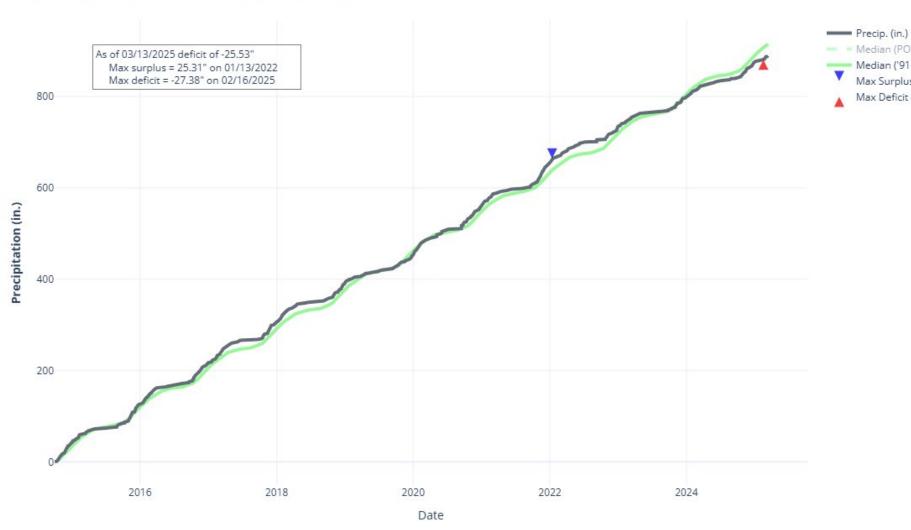
Median (POR) Precip. (in.)

Max Surplus (in.)

Max Deficit (in.)

Median ('91-'20) Precip. (in.)





Compounding Precipitation Deficits: Cedar Basin

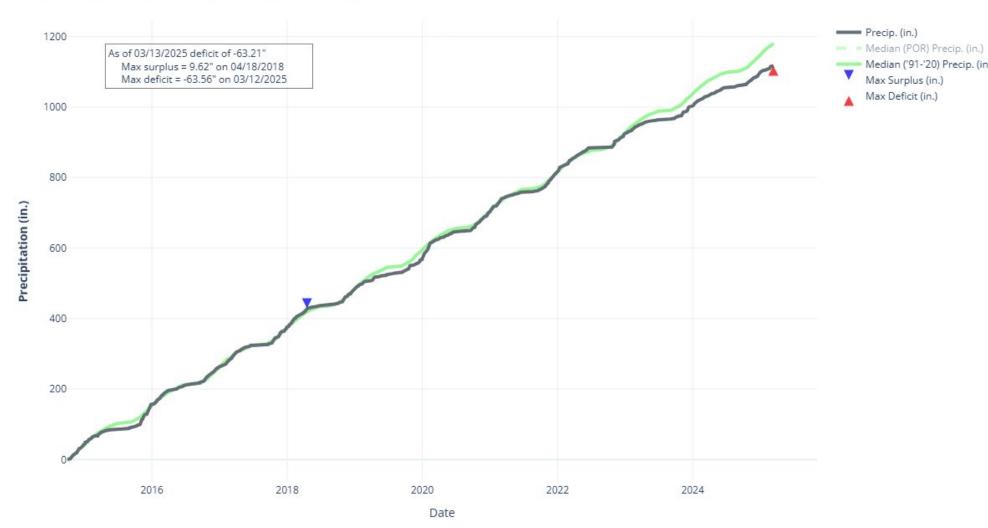
Last decade



Median ('91-'20) Precip. (in.)

Max Surplus (in.) Max Deficit (in.)









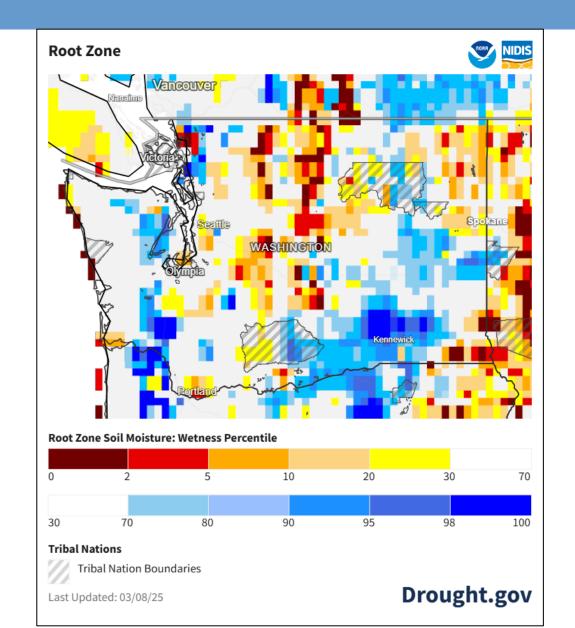
Soil Moisture

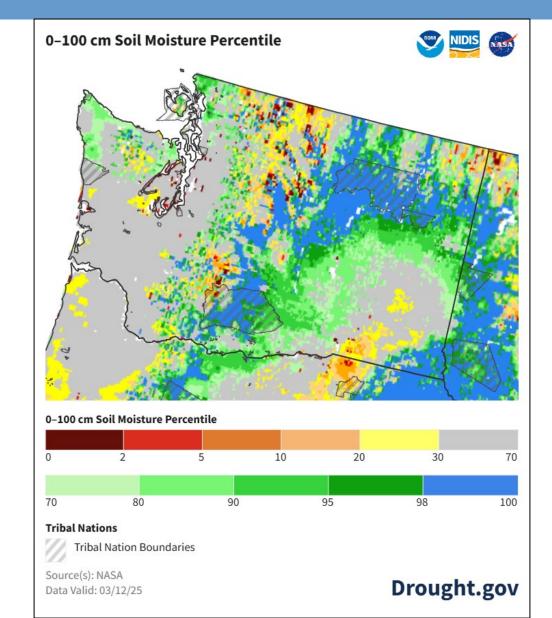
Soil Moisture

NASA GRACE and SPORT-LIS



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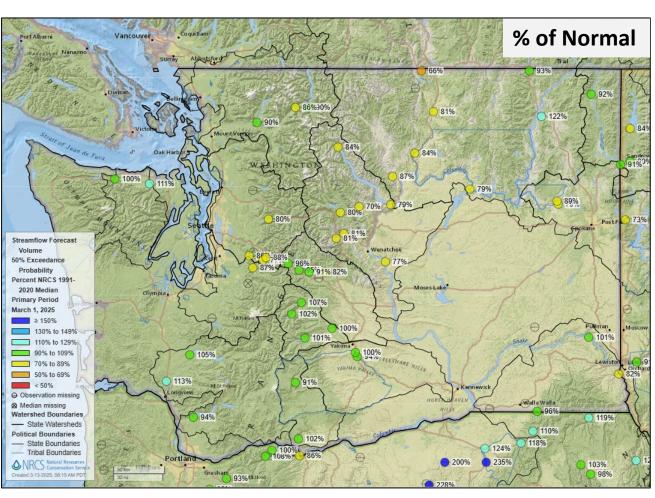


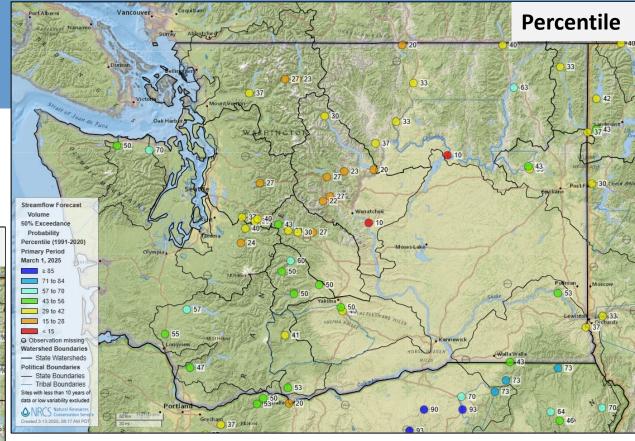


Water Supply Outlook as of Feb. 1

Water Supply Forecasts

Feb. 1





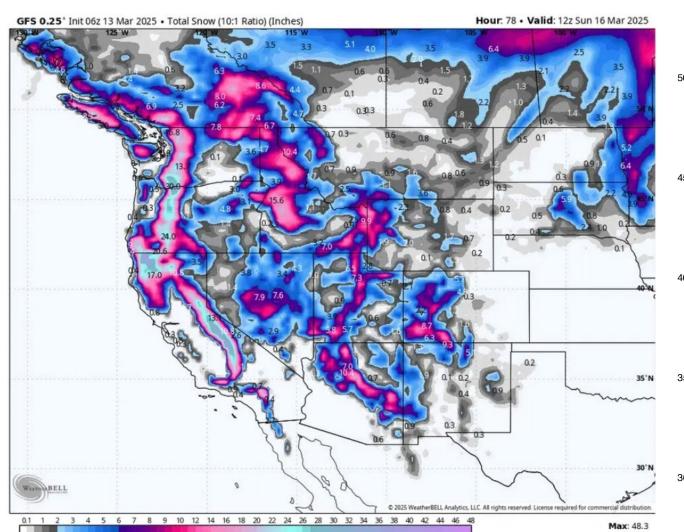


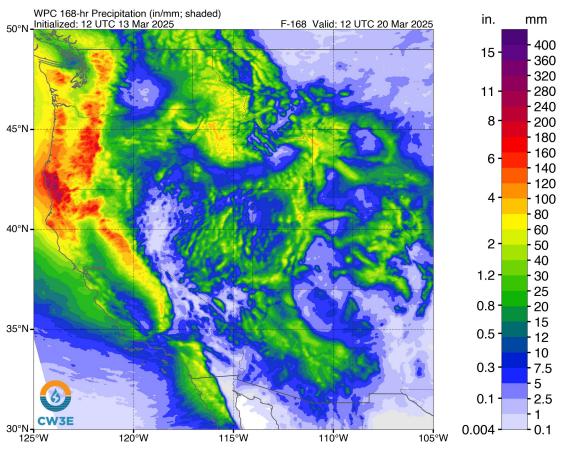


Looking ahead

Near-Term Snow & Precipitation Forecast









Natural Resources Conservation Service



Thank you!

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503-307-2829

Washington Snow Survey and Water Supply Program Website In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident.

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Streamflow & Groundwater Conditions in Washington State as of 13 March 2025



Presented on 13 March 2025
to the Washington Water Supply
Availability Committee
by Nicholas Sutfin,
nsutfin@usgs.gov
USGS Washington Water
Science Center

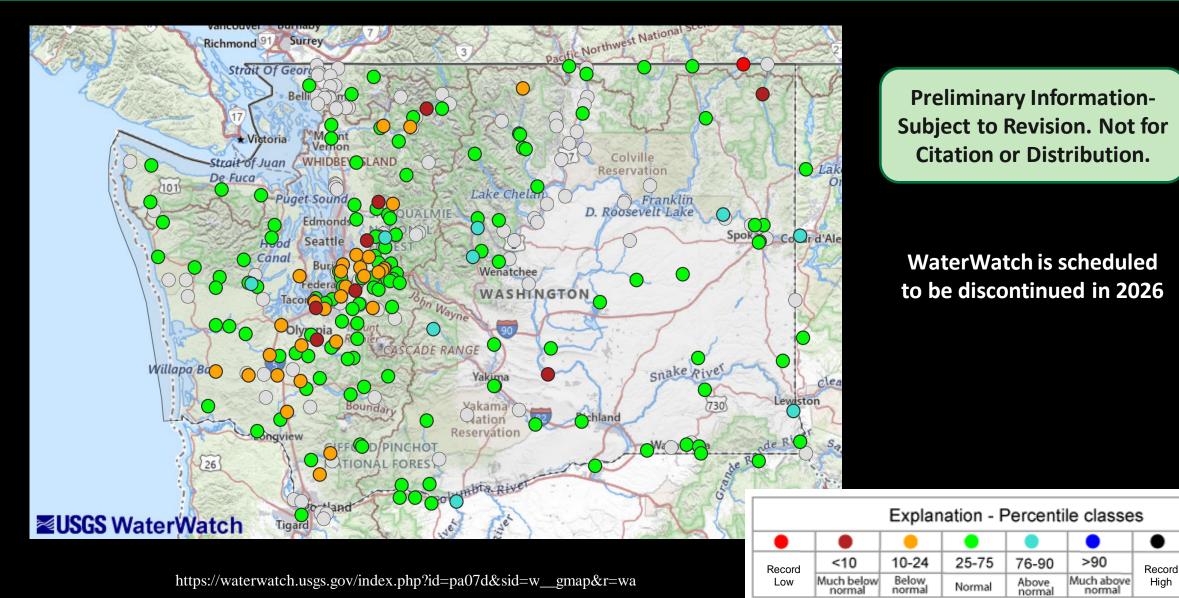
This information is preliminary and is subject to revision. It is being provided to meet the need for timely best science. The information is provided on the condition that neither the U.S. Geological Survey nor the U.S. Government shall be held liable for any damages resulting from the authorized or unauthorized use of the information.



7-day Average Streamflow

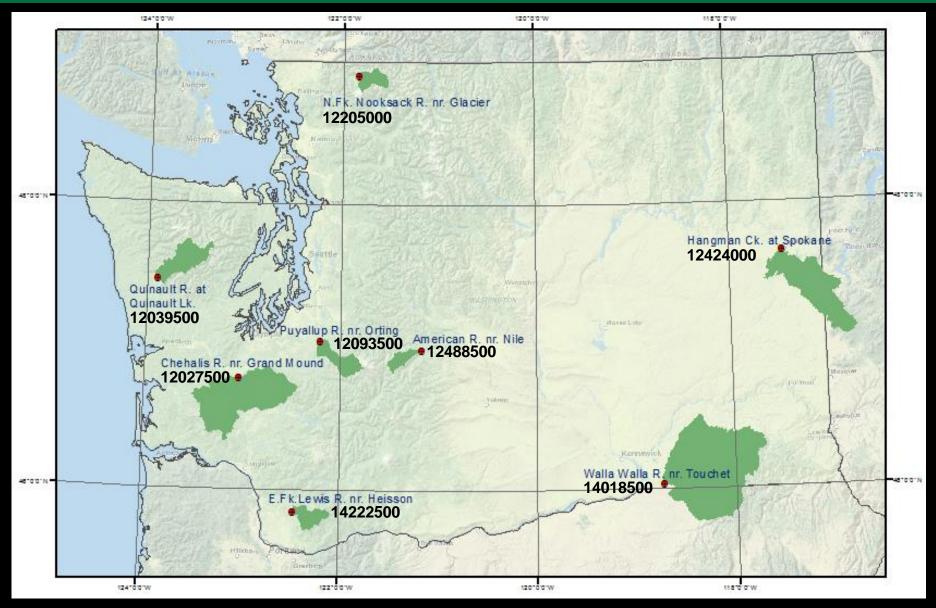
Conditions as of 12 March 2025

Not-ranked





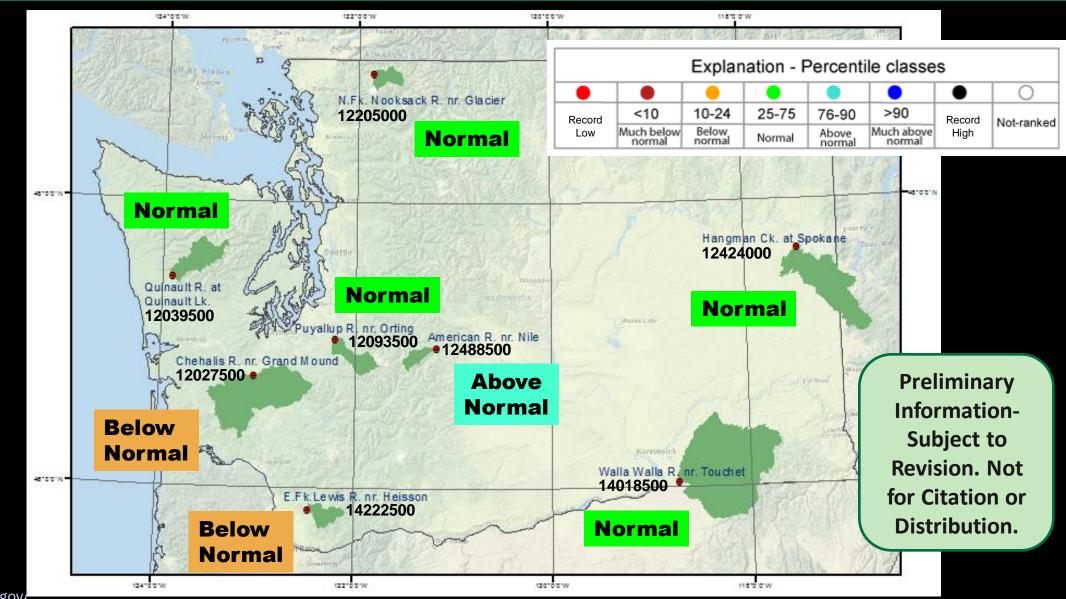
Index Gaging Stations
(Stations that measure natural or near-natural streamflow)





Index Gaging Stations

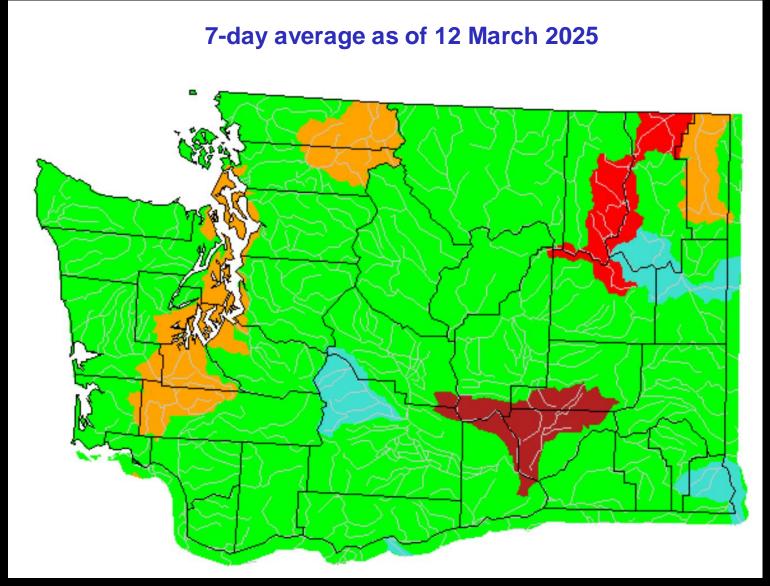
7-day average streamflow as of 12 March 2025





Average streamflow

compared to historical streamflow



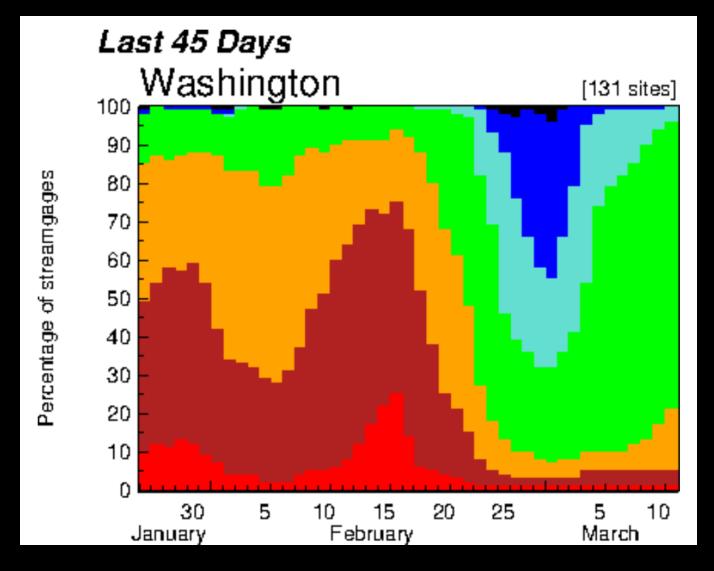
	Explan	ation -	Percent	ile class	ses	
Record	<10	10-24	25-75	76-90	>90	Record
Low	Much below normal	Below normal	Normal	Above normal	Much above normal	High

Preliminary Information-Subject to Revision. Not for Citation or Distribution.



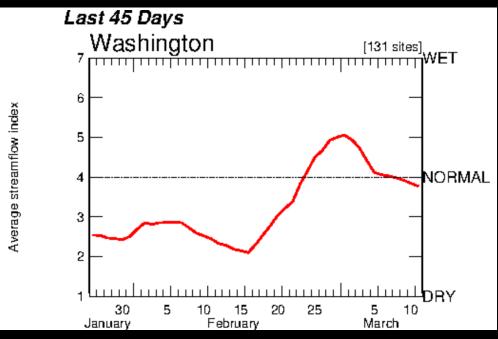
7-day average streamflow

Most USGS stream gages at normal as of 12 March 2025



Preliminary Information-Subject to Revision.

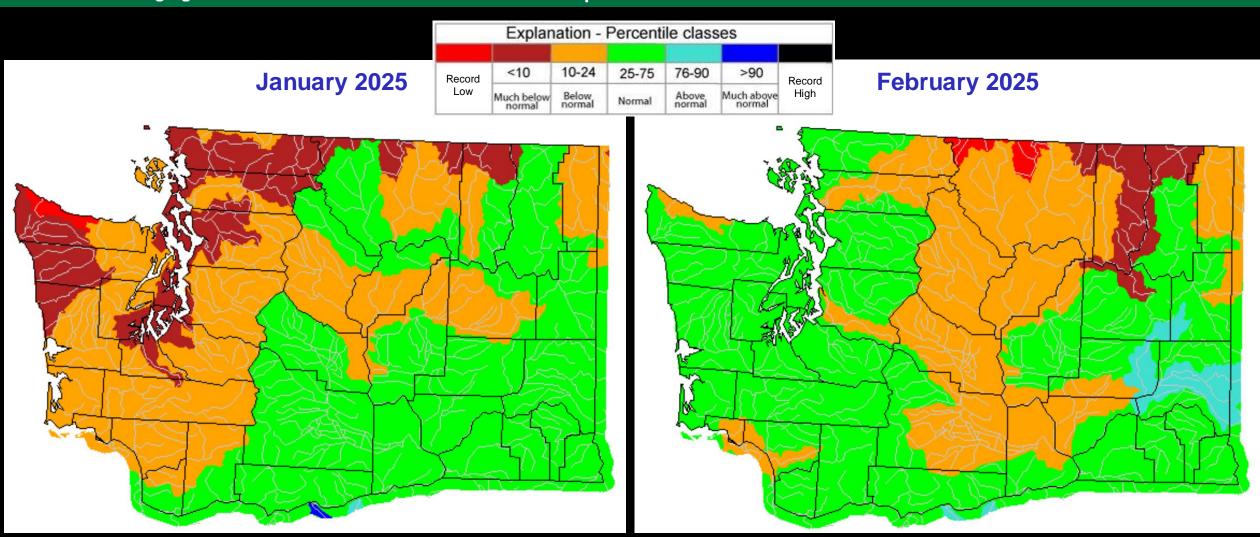
Not for Citation or Distribution.





Monthly average streamflow

compared to historical streamflow

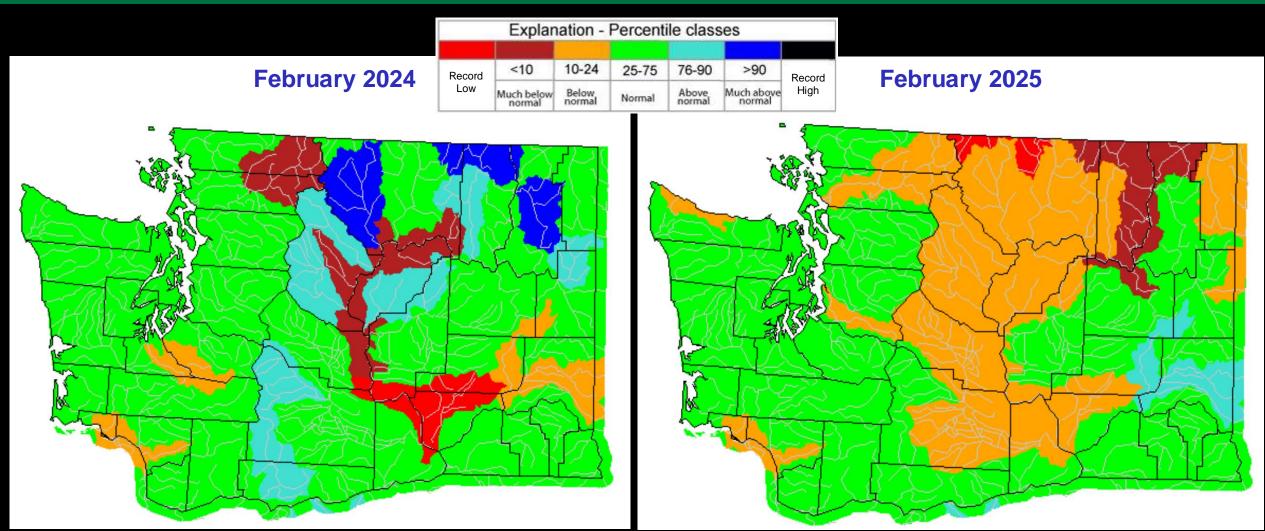


Preliminary Information-Subject to Revision. Not for Citation or Distribution.



Monthly average streamflow

compared to historical streamflow

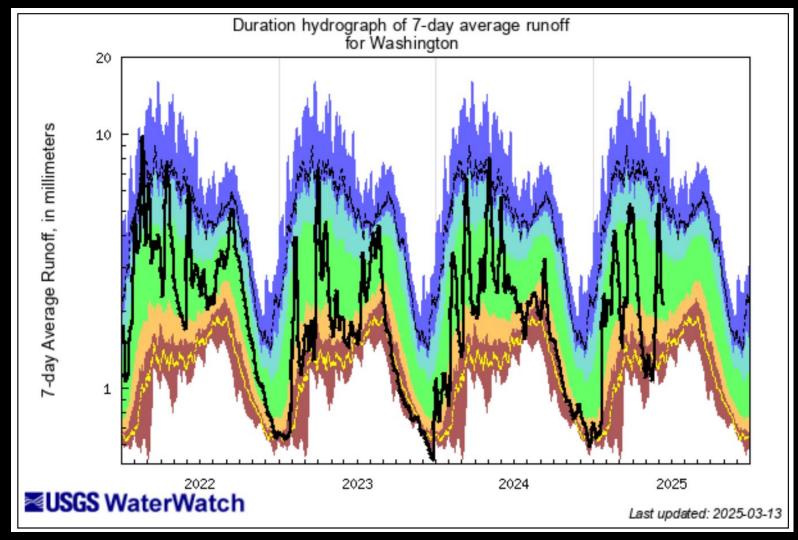


Preliminary Information-Subject to Revision. Not for Citation or Distribution.



Area-Based Runoff Duration Hydrograph

7-day average streamflow



	E	xplana	tion - Pe	ercentile	classe	s	
lowest- 10th percentile	5	10-24	25-75	76-90	95	90th percentile -highest	Flow
Much below Normal		Below normal	Normal	Above normal	Much above normal		Flow

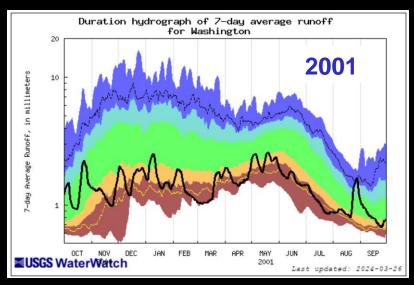
Preliminary Information-Subject to Revision. Not for Citation or Distribution.

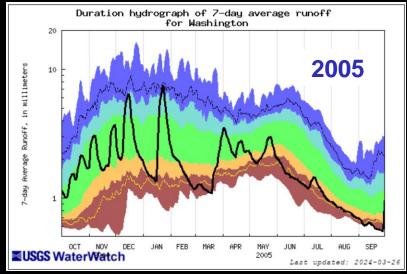
For some streams, flow statistics may have been computed from mixed regulated and unregulated flows; this can affect depictions of flow conditions.

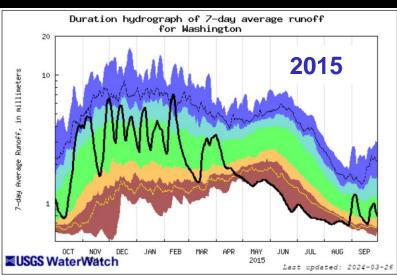


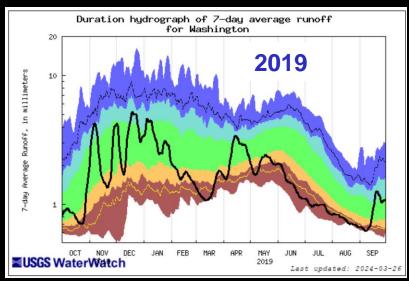
Area-Based Runoff Duration Hydrograph

7-day average streamflow

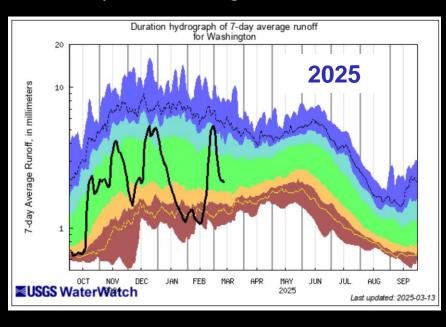








Duration hydrograph for the year compared to recent years of drought



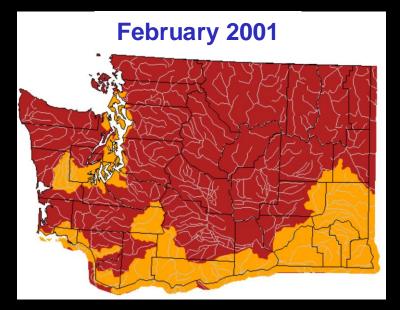
	E	xplana	tion - Pe	ercentile	classe	s	
							_
lowest- 10th percentile	5	10-24	25-75	76-90	95	90th percentile -highest	Flow
Much below Normal		Below normal	Normal	Above normal	Much above normal		riow

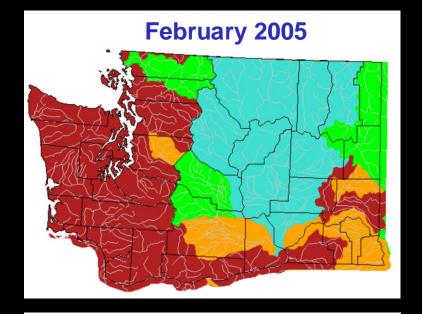
Preliminary Information-Subject to Revision. Not for Citation or Distribution.

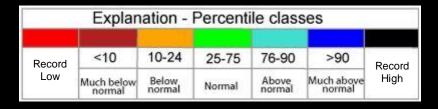


Monthly average streamflow

compared to historical streamflow

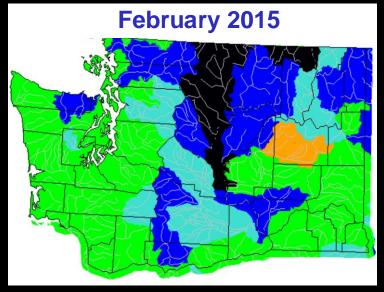


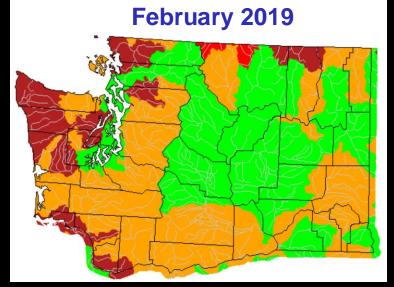


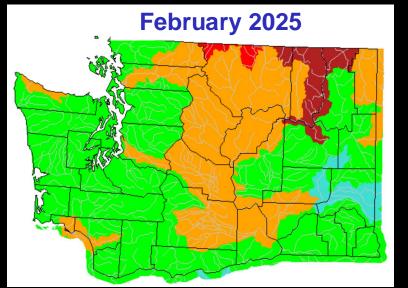


https://waterwatch.usgs.gov/

Preliminary Information-Subject to Revision. Not for Citation or Distribution.



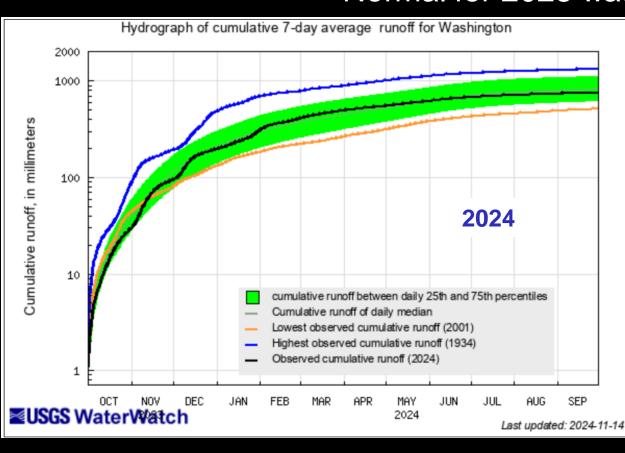


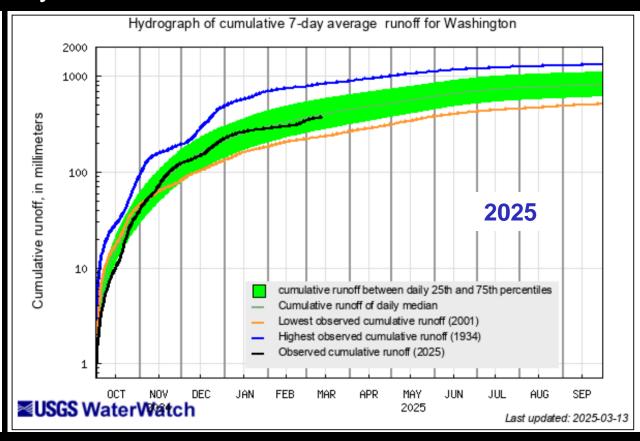




Cumulative runoff hydrograph Area-based runoff based on 7-day average

Normal for 2025 water year as of 13 March





2024 water year

Area-based runoff may have been computed from mixed regulated and unregulated streamflows

https://waterwatch.usgs.gov/

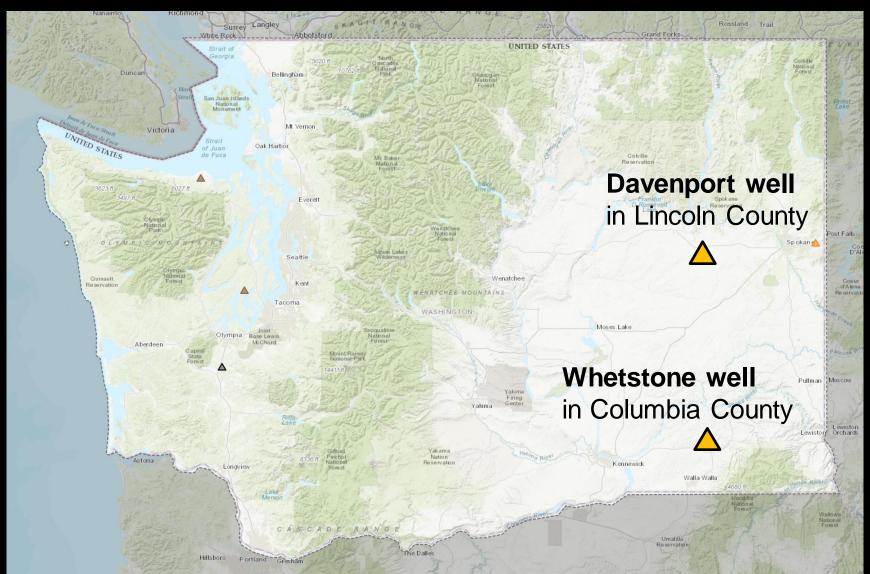
2025 water year

Preliminary Information-Subject to Revision.

Not for Citation or Distribution.



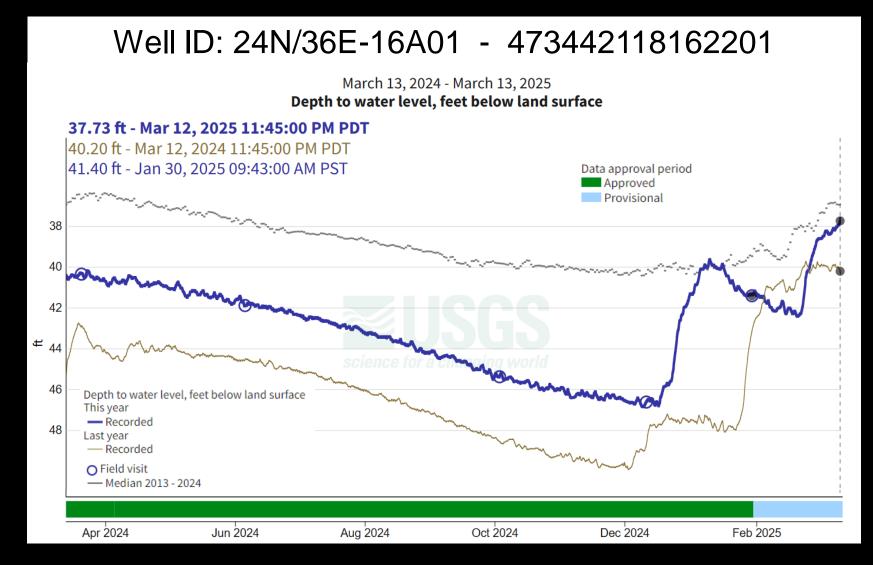
Two reference groundwater wells



Preliminary Information-Subject to Revision. Not for Citation or Distribution.



Davenport Well Groundwater Conditions



Davenport well

Well Details

- Lincoln County
- 117-ft deep
- Wanapum Basalt

Preliminary Information-Subject to Revision. Not for Citation or Distribution.



Davenport Well Groundwater Conditions



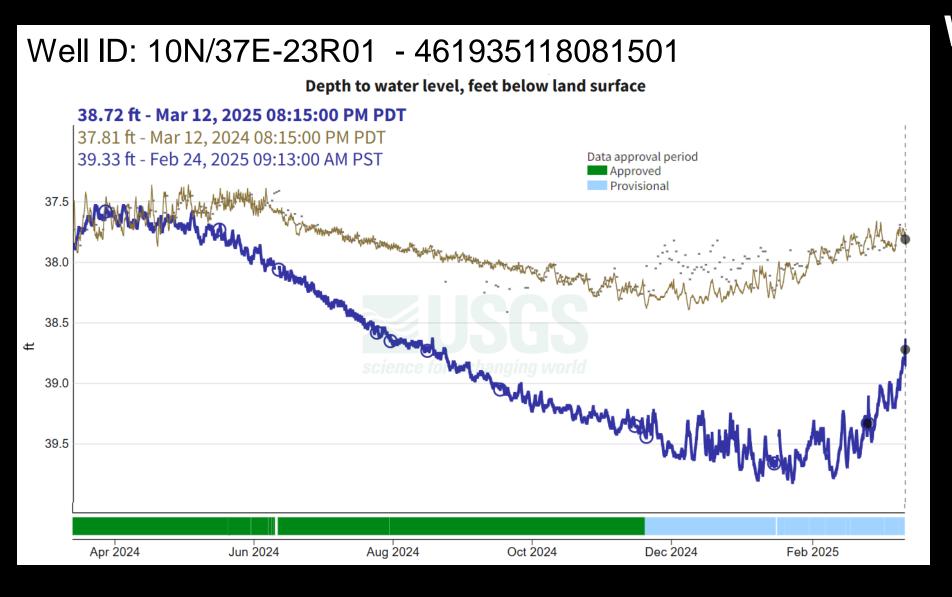
Well Details

- Lincoln County
- 117-ft deep
- Wanapum Basalt

Preliminary
InformationSubject to
Revision. Not for
Citation or
Distribution.



Whetstone Well Groundwater Conditions



Whetstone well

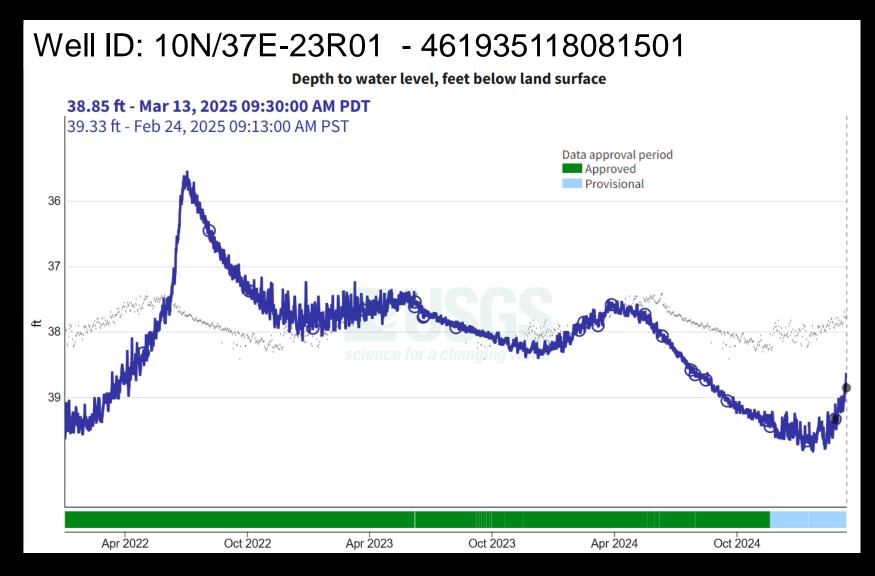
Well Details:

- ColumbiaCounty nearWaitsburg
- 172.5-ft deep
- Grande Ronde Basalt Formation

Preliminary Information-Subject to Revision. Not for Citation or Distribution.



Whetstone Well Groundwater Conditions



Well Details:

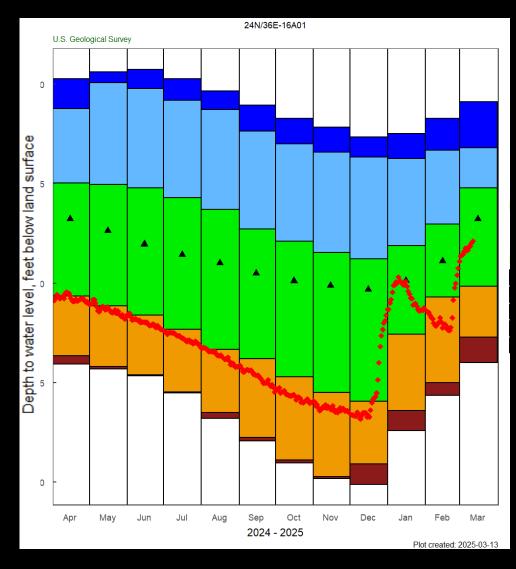
- ColumbiaCounty nearWaitsburg
- 172.5-ft deep
- Grande Ronde Basalt Formation

Preliminary
InformationSubject to
Revision. Not for
Citation or
Distribution.



Groundwater Conditions

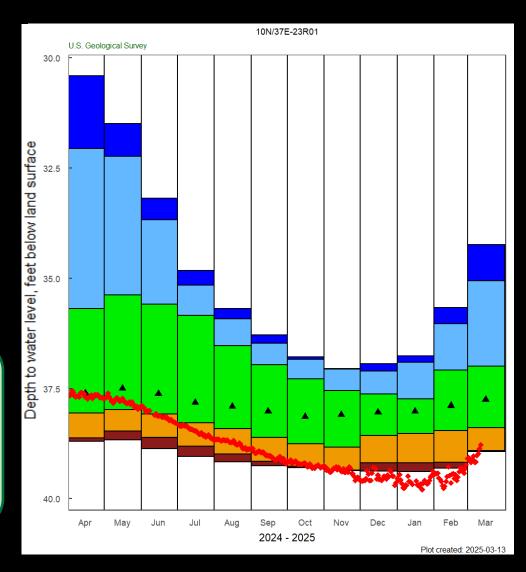
Davenport well



EXPLANATION ▲ Monthly median ◆ Data point Percentile 90 - 95 75 - 90 25 - 75 10 - 25 5 - 10

Preliminary
InformationSubject to
Revision. Not
for Citation or
Distribution.

Whetstone well





Summary of Washington Streamflow and Groundwater Conditions as of 13 March 2025

7-day average streamflow at eight index gaging stations:

Normal

- Nooksack River
- Quinault River
- Puyallup River nr. Orting
- Hangman Creek
- Walla Walla River

Above Normal

American River

Below Normal

- Chehalis River nr. Grand Mound
- EF Lewis River

Cumulative Runoff Hydrograph Normal for water year 2025

Monthly average groundwater conditions:

- Davenport well
 - Normal
- Whetstone well
 - Below normal

Preliminary Information-Subject to Revision. Not for Citation or Distribution.