



STATE OF WASHINGTON
DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

PO Box 47600, Olympia, WA 98504-7600 • 360-407-6000

Water Supply Availability Committee (WSAC)

Wednesday, February 28, 2024, 10 a.m. – 12:00 p.m.

Zoom: [Click to join](#). (Call-in: 253.205.0468; Meeting ID: 879 2468 3050; Passcode: 313197)

Meeting Objectives – February:

- Share pertinent info and assess water supply conditions in Washington.
- Discuss if WSAC advises Ecology that the hydrologic threshold for drought conditions has been met or is forecasted to be met for additional geographic areas beyond the areas in the [existing drought declaration](#).

Agenda

Time	Agenda item	Responsible
10:00 a.m.	Welcome and agenda review Drought processes and general conditions	Caroline Mellor, Ecology
10:10 a.m.	Regional Climate Setting/ ENSO	Karin Bumbaco & Nick Bond, OWSC
10:25 a.m.	Water Supply Forecasts	Amy Burke, NWRFC
10:40 a.m.	Mountain Conditions	Matt Warbritton, NRCS
10:50 a.m.	Streamflow and Groundwater	Nick Sutfin, USGS
11:05 a.m.	Yakima Project	Chris Lynch, BOR
11:15 a.m.	BREAK (5-minutes)	
11:20 a.m.	Discussion: Does WSAC advise Ecology that the hydrologic threshold for drought conditions has been or is forecasted to be met for additional geographic areas?	Presenters / Committee members
11:40 a.m.	Discussion: What conditions and concerns are folks seeing on the ground?	All participants Caroline Mellor facilitates
11:55 a.m.	Wrap-up and next steps	Caroline Mellor, Ecology

Committee Purpose

WSAC provides an important consultative and advisory role to Ecology related to current and forecasted water supply conditions and whether the hydrologic drought threshold has been

met or is forecasted to be met: seventy-five percent of normal water supply within a geographic area ([RCW 43.83B.405](#) and [WAC 173-166-050](#)).

Resources

WSAC Website: [Water Supply Availability Committee - WA State Department of Ecology](#)

Ecology Drought homepage: [Drought response - WA State Department of Ecology](#)

Contact

Committee Chair: Caroline Mellor, Statewide Drought Lead, WA Department of Ecology
Caroline.Mellor@ecy.wa.gov | (c) 360.628.4666

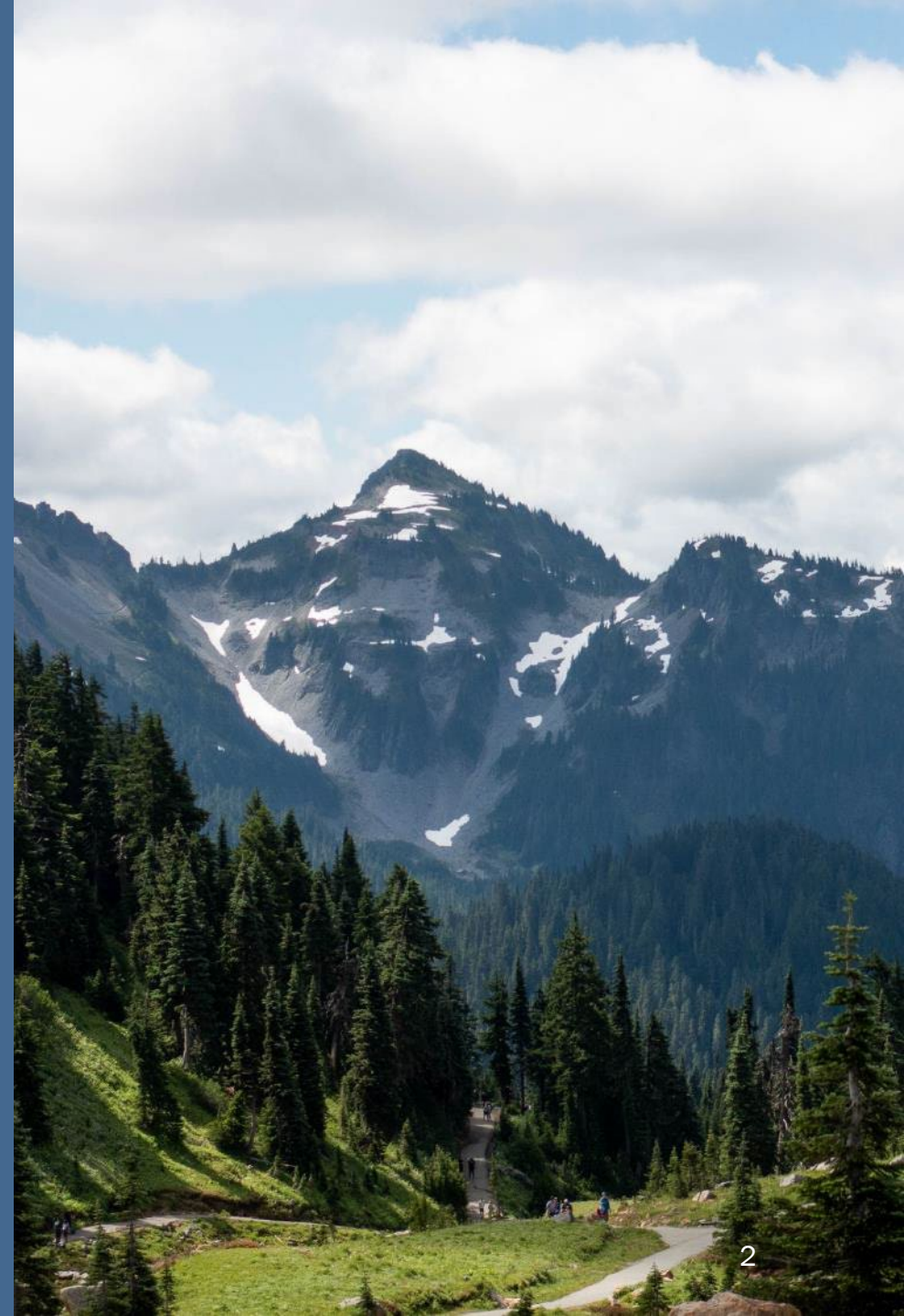


Water Supply Availability Committee

February 28, 2024



Recording!



Agenda



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11:40 a.m.	Discussion: What conditions and concerns do folks see on the ground?	All participants
11:55 a.m.	Wrap-up and next steps	Caroline Mellor, Ecology

Committee Role

WSAC provides an important consultative and advisory role to Ecology related to:

- Current and forecasted water supply conditions;
- Whether the hydrologic drought threshold has been met or is likely to be met.

Meeting Objectives

- Share pertinent info and assess water supply conditions in Washington.
- Discuss if the hydrologic threshold for drought conditions has been met or is forecasted to be met for additional geographic areas beyond the areas in the [existing drought declaration](#).

Drought Conditions

Drought conditions - two requirements:

- 1. Hydrologic threshold** – An area is receiving, or is projected to receive, less than seventy-five percent of normal water supply.
- 2. Hardship threshold** – Water users and the environment are or are expected to experience undue hardship.

This Committee advises on the hydrologic threshold.

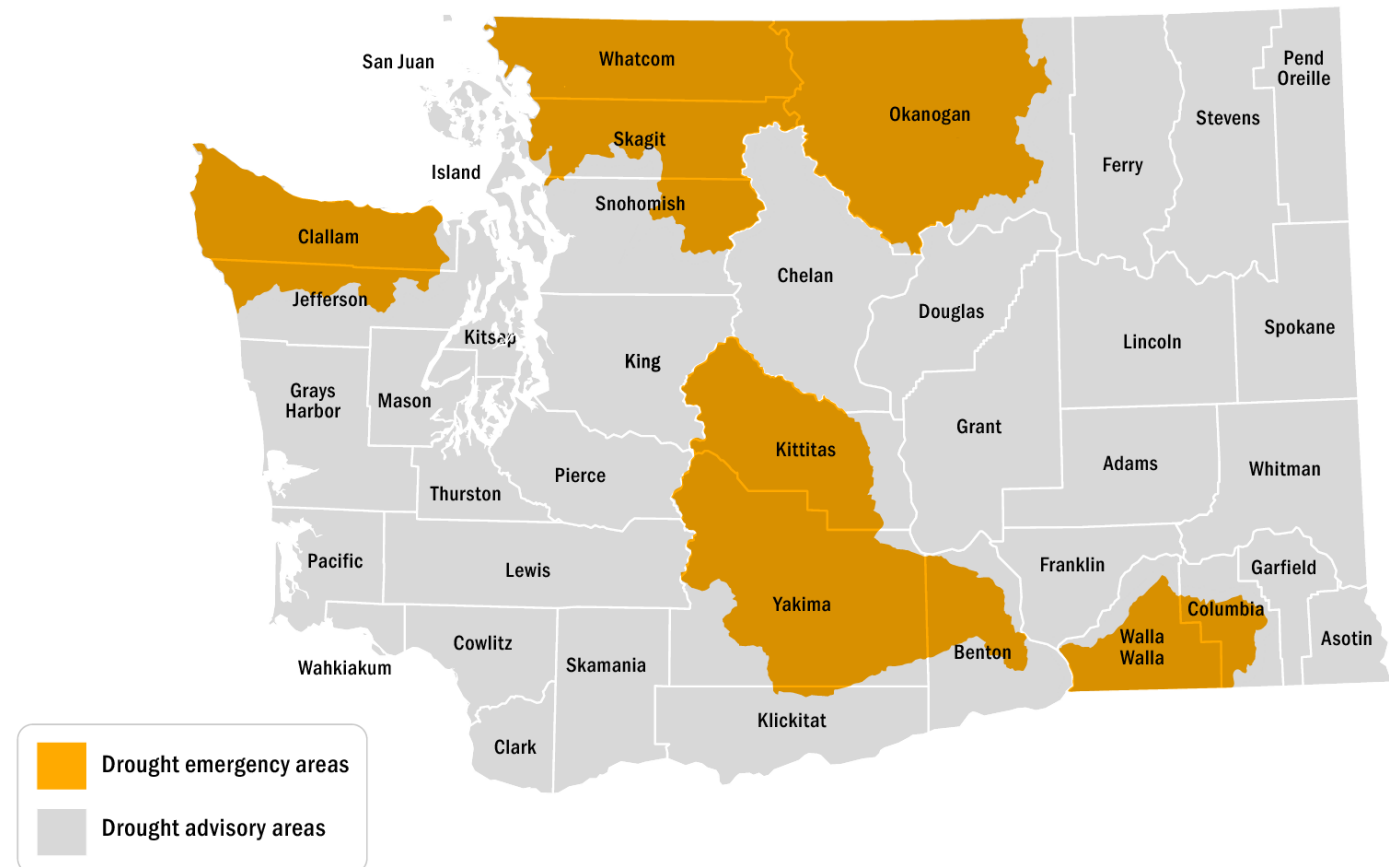
See: [RCW 43.83B.405](#) and [WAC 173-166-050](#).

Existing Drought Declaration Status

July 2023, Ecology declared a drought emergency for 12 watersheds in parts of Skagit, Whatcom, Clallam, Kittitas, Yakima, Snohomish, Jefferson, Walla Walla, Columbia, Okanogan, Benton, and Klickitat counties.

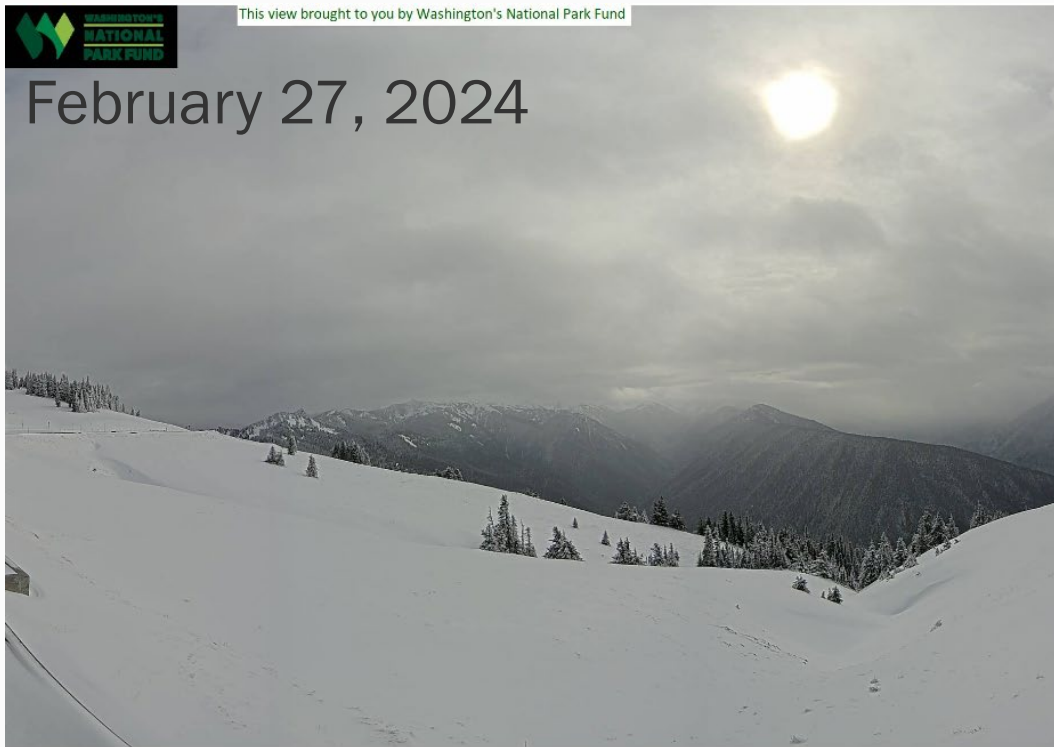
This is currently in effect through June 30, 2024.

Washington Drought Declaration Areas



Drought conditions continue ... and worsen in many areas

Example: Hurricane Ridge Webcam
Olympic National Park



With current deficits, even if we were to have above average precipitation, basin SWE is expected to be below normal.



Presenters



Discussion Question

For Presenters/ Committee members:

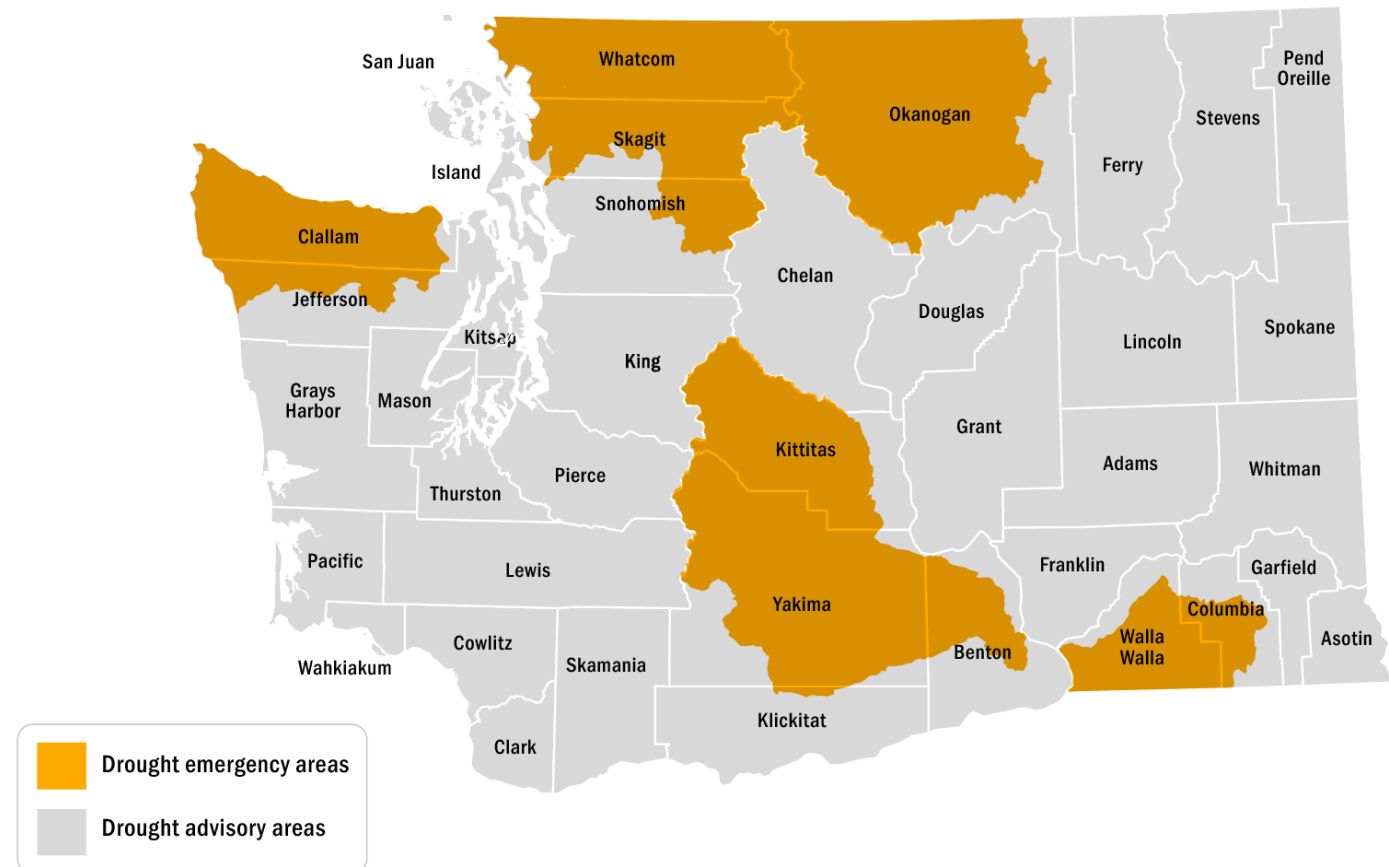
Has the hydrologic threshold for drought conditions been met, or is forecasted to be met, for additional geographic areas, beyond the areas in the existing drought declaration?

Existing Drought Declaration Status

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Washington Drought Declaration Areas



Discussion Question

For all meeting attendees:

What conditions and water supply concerns are folks seeing on the ground?

Next Steps

- Communications – WSAC website updated:
 - Meeting materials
 - Presentation recording
- Next meeting
 - Tentatively March 27, 2024
- Ecology is closing monitoring conditions and coordinating with partners between meetings.



Thank you

Contact: Committee Chair (acting)

Caroline Mellor

Caroline.Mellor@ecy.wa.gov



Current Conditions and Seasonal Outlook

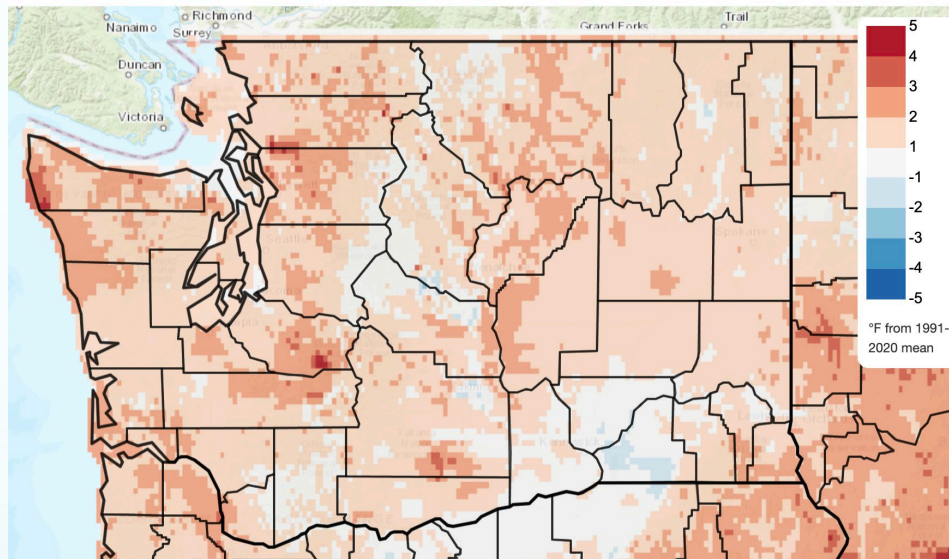
Karin Bumbaco & Nick Bond
Office of the Washington State Climatologist
Climate Impacts Group
University of Washington
28 February 2024

Water Year 2024

Temperature

Mean Daily Temperature Anomaly, Since Oct 1st

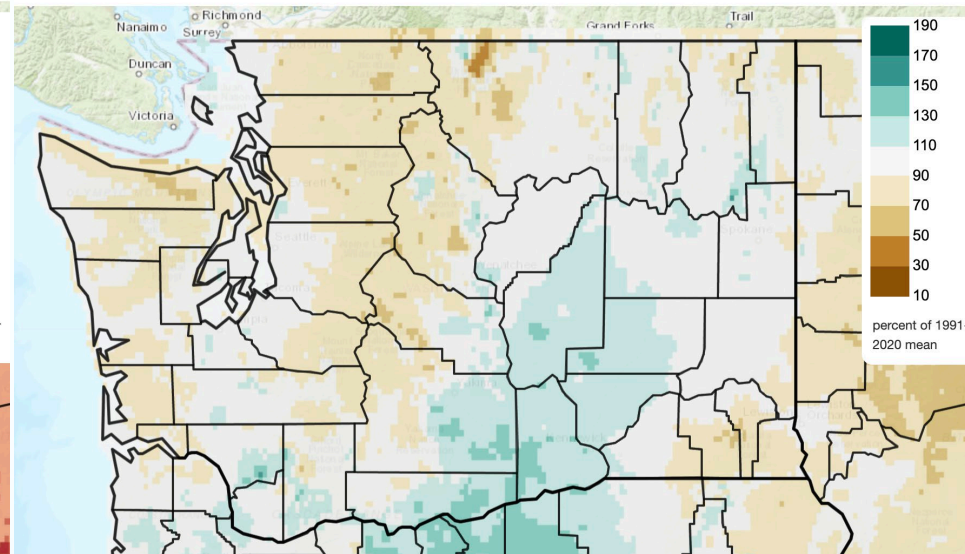
2023/10/01 - 2024/02/24



Precipitation

Total Precipitation Anomaly, Since Oct 1st

2023/10/01 - 2024/02/24



Climate Toolbox

- Averaged statewide, Oct-Jan ties as the 18th warmest (+1.4°F) start to the water year on record*
- Averaged statewide, Oct-Jan precipitation was 92% of normal (-1.83")

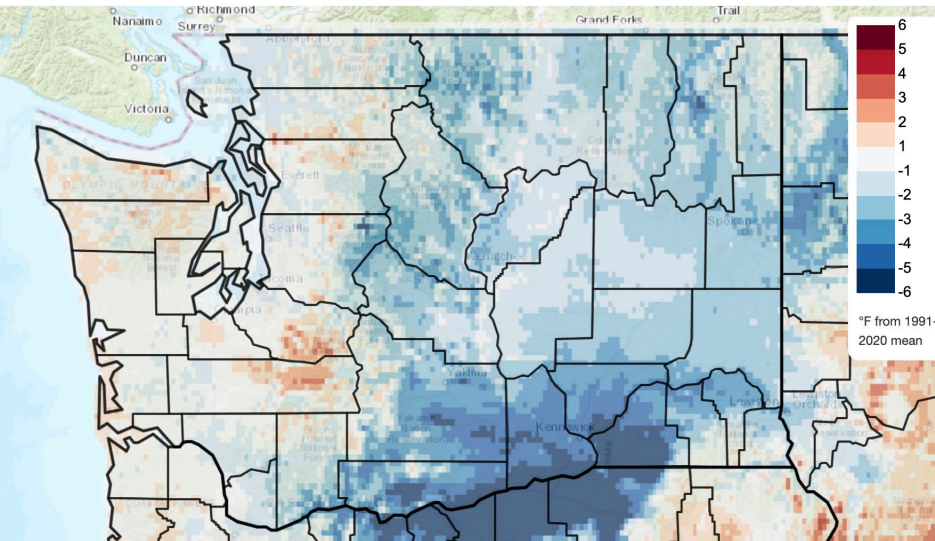
*Records since 1895; 1991-2020 normal

January 2024

Temperature

Mean Daily Temperature Anomaly, Last Full Month

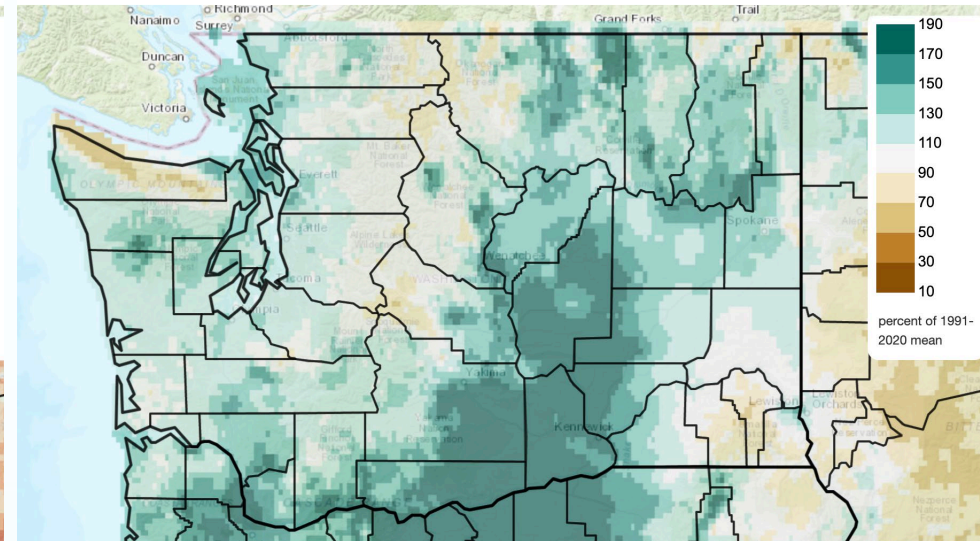
2024/01/01 - 2024/01/31



Precipitation

Total Precipitation Anomaly, Last Full Month

2024/01/01 - 2024/01/31



Climate Toolbox

- Averaged statewide, January was the 62nd coldest (-2.2°F) on record*
- Averaged statewide, Jan precipitation was near-normal (103% of normal; $+0.19''$)

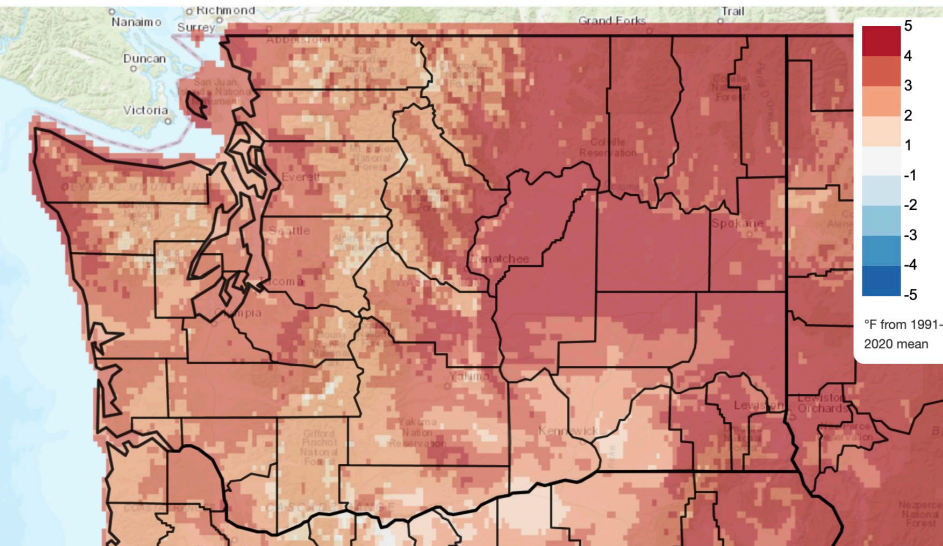
*Records since 1895; 1991-2020 normal

February 2024

Temperature

Mean Daily Temperature Anomaly, Last 30 Days

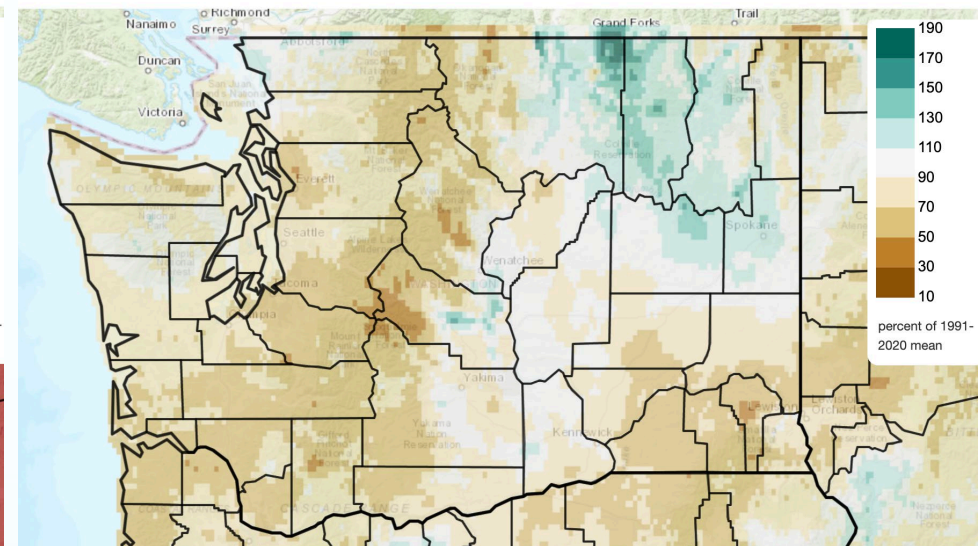
2024/01/27 - 2024/02/25



Precipitation

Total Precipitation Anomaly, Last 30 Days

2024/01/27 - 2024/02/25



Climate Toolbox

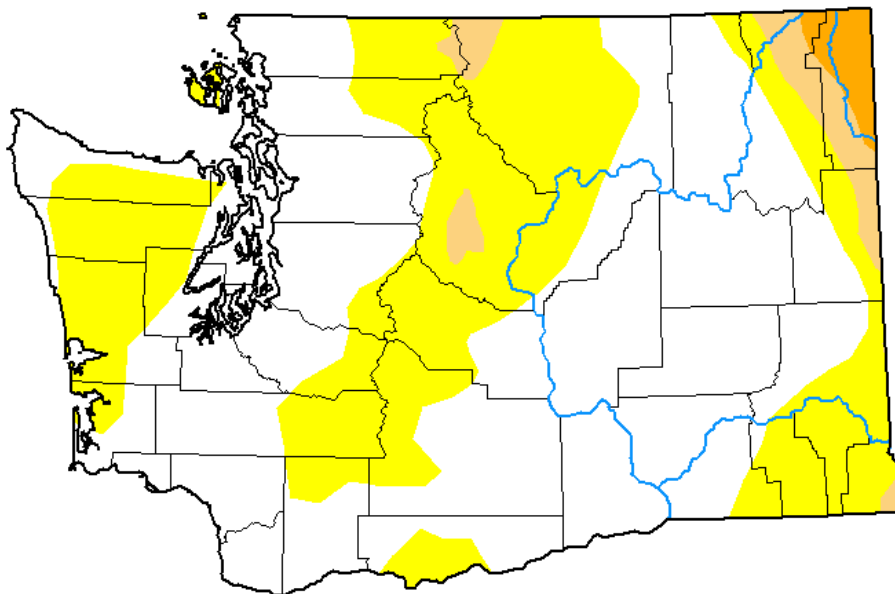
U.S. Drought Monitor

U.S. Drought Monitor Washington

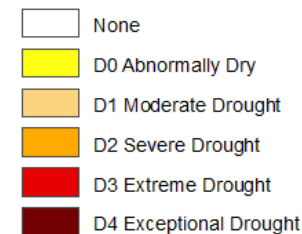
February 20, 2024

(Released Thursday, Feb. 22, 2024)

Valid 7 a.m. EST



Intensity:



The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to <https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx>

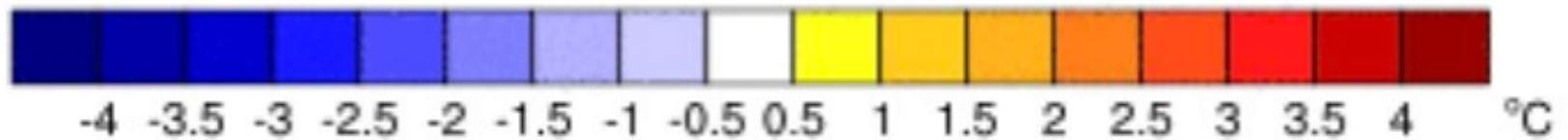
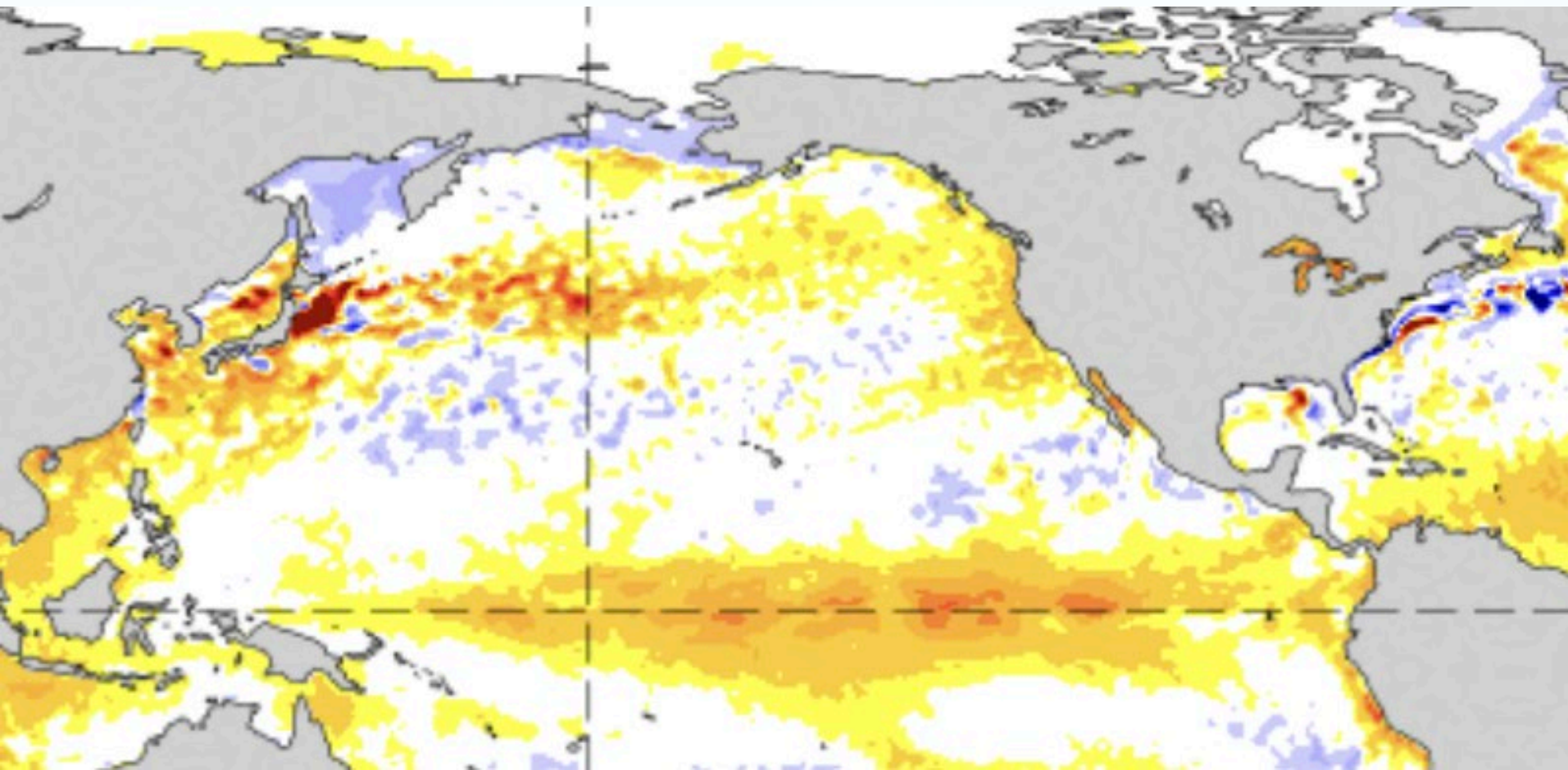
Author:

Richard Heim
NCEI/NOAA

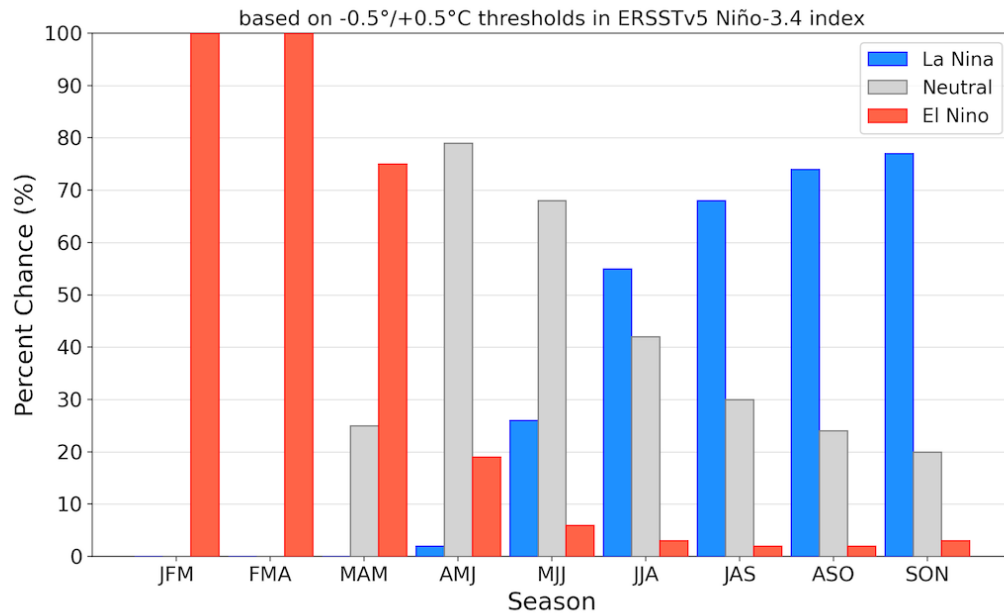


droughtmonitor.unl.edu

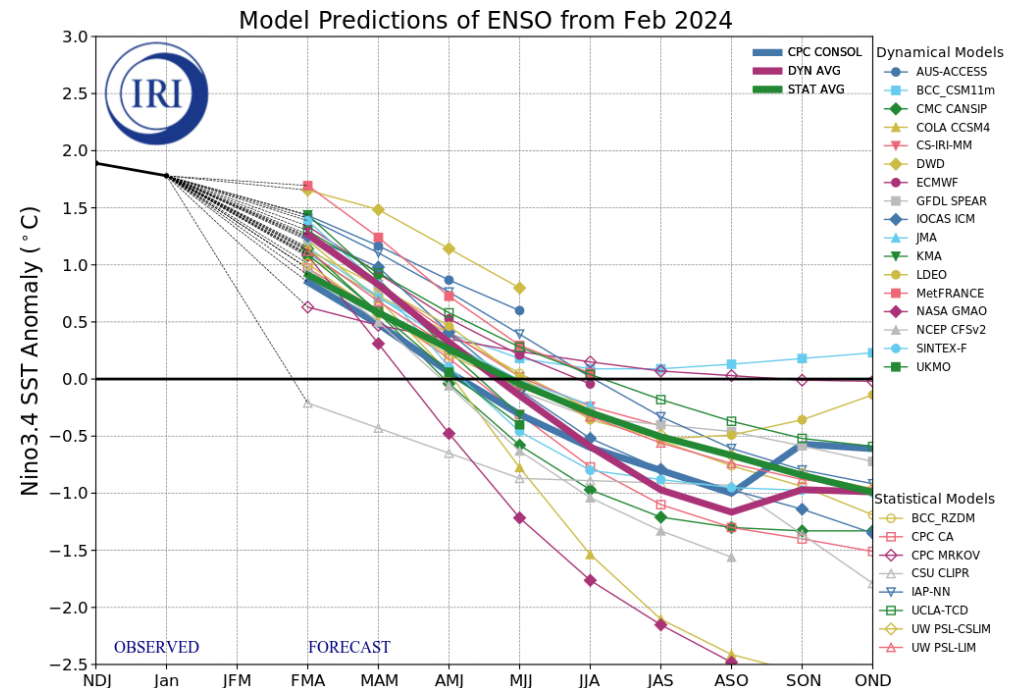
Sea Surface Temperature Anomalies: 18-24 Feb 2024



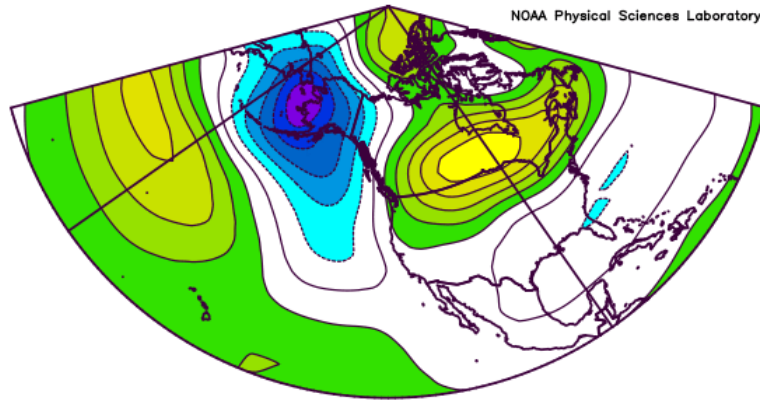
Official NOAA CPC ENSO Probabilities (issued Feb. 2024)



A transition from El Niño to La Niña is likely by the end of summer, which is often the case

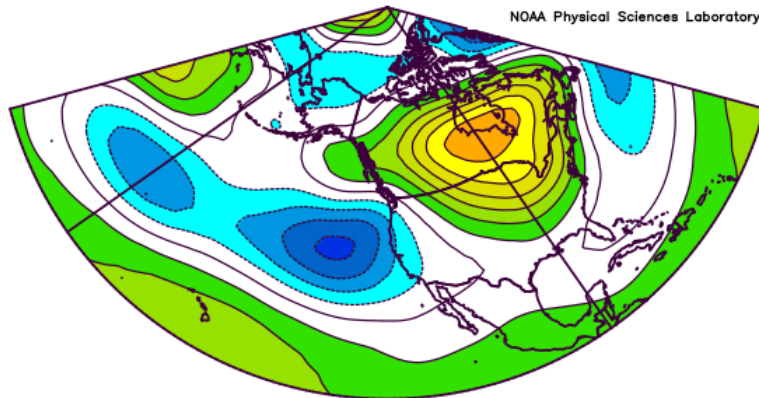


1 Dec – 7 Jan

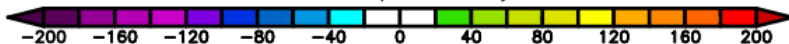


500mb Geopotential Height (m) Composite Anomaly (1991–2020 Climatology)
12/1/23 to 1/7/24

18 Jan – 23 Feb

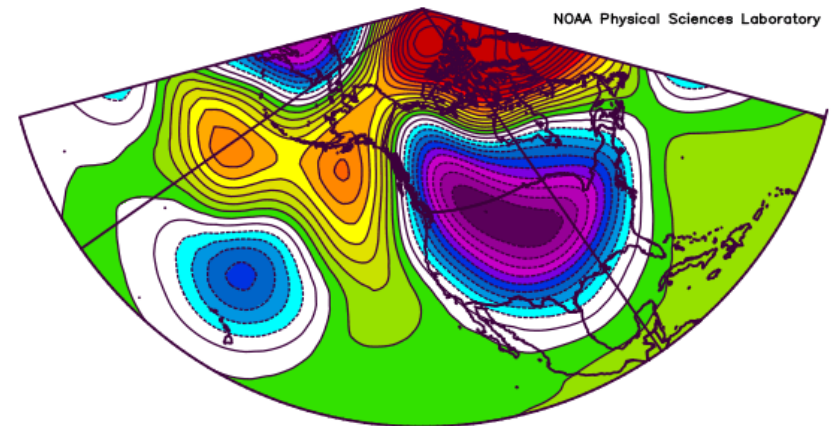


500mb Geopotential Height (m) Composite Anomaly (1991–2020 Climatology)
1/18/24 to 2/23/24
NCEP/NCAR Reanalysis

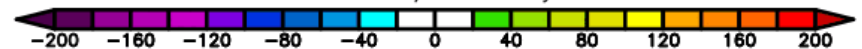


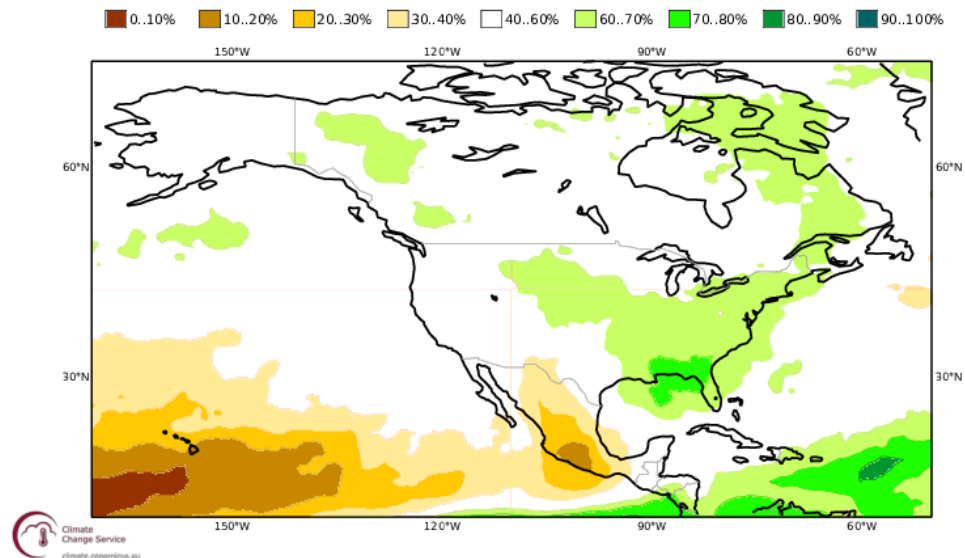
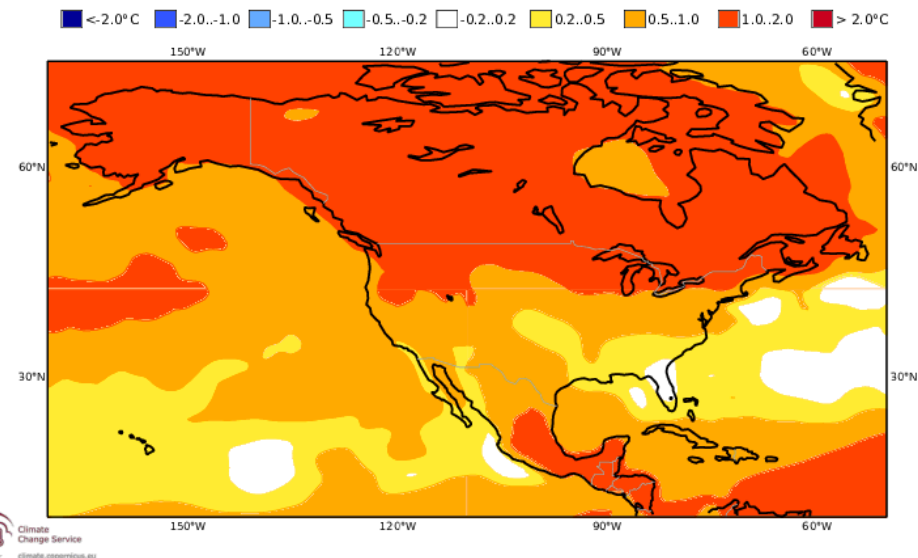
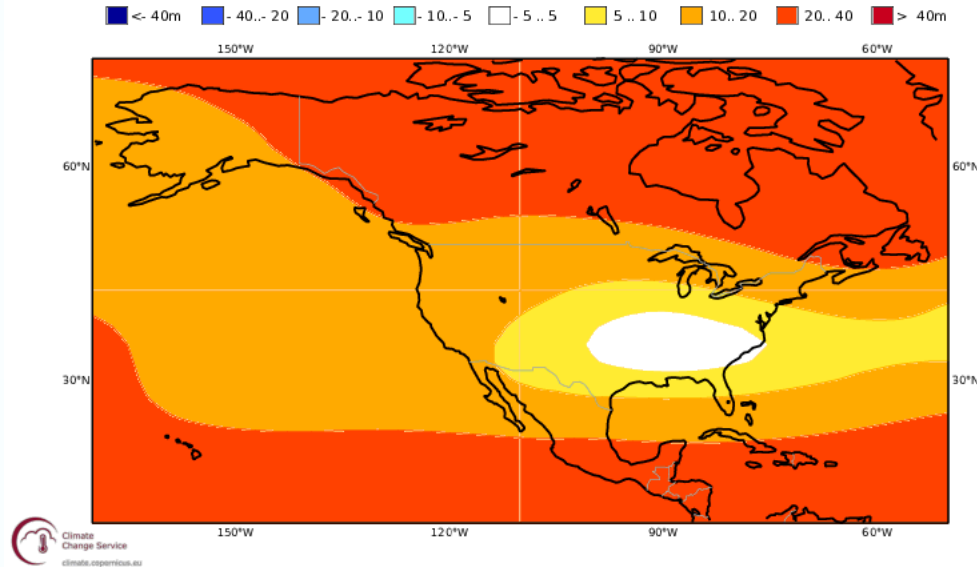
The atmospheric circulation pattern during weeks 2-3 of January 2024 was much different than that during the earlier and later portions of this winter

8-17 Jan

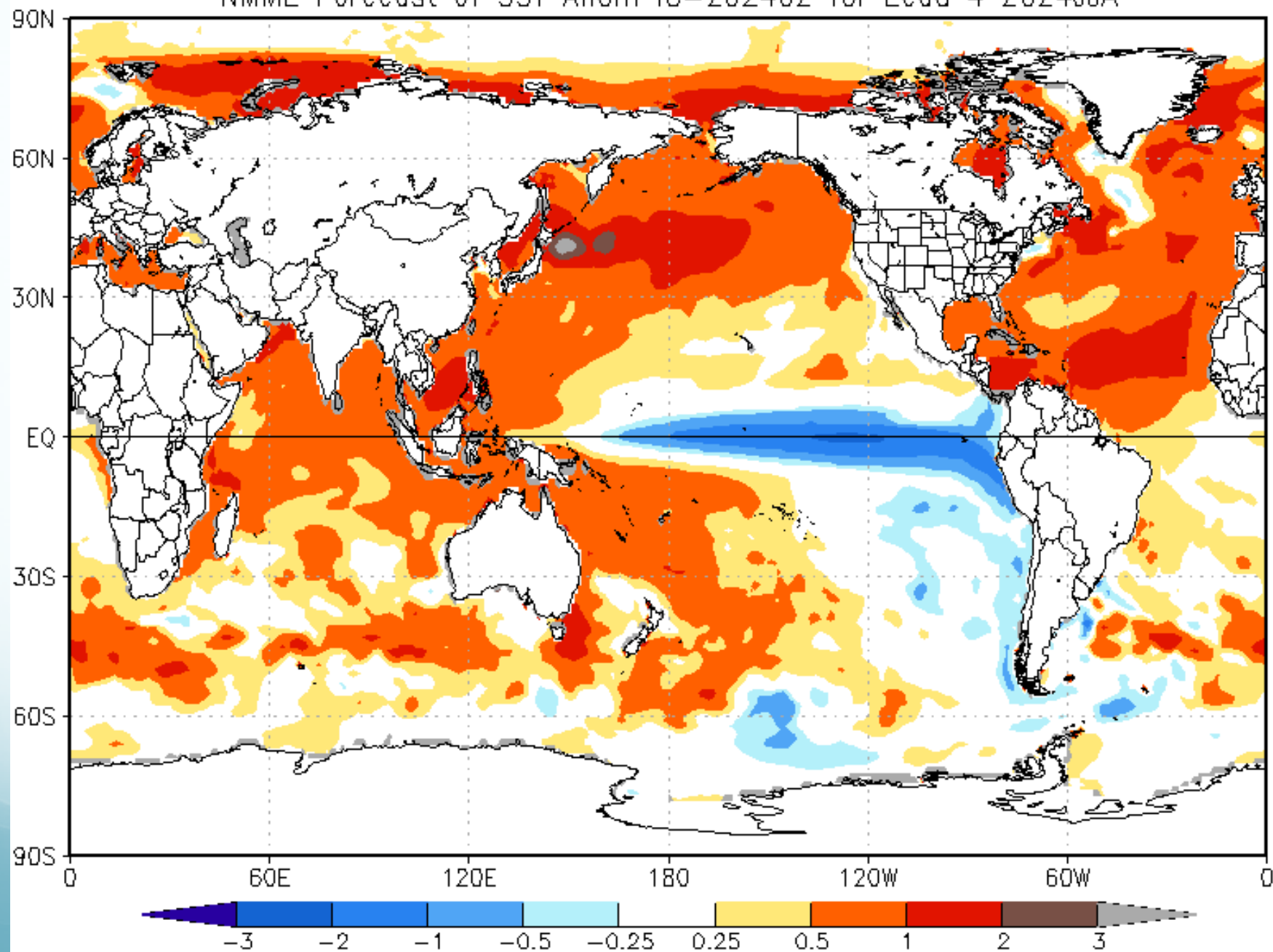


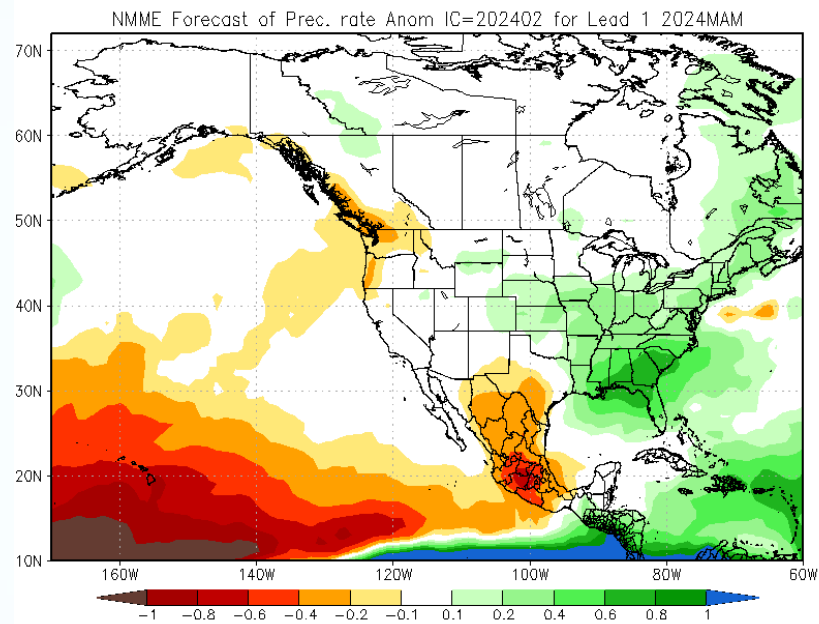
500mb Geopotential Height (m) Composite Anomaly (1991–2020 Climatology)
1/8/24 to 1/17/24
NCEP/NCAR Reanalysis





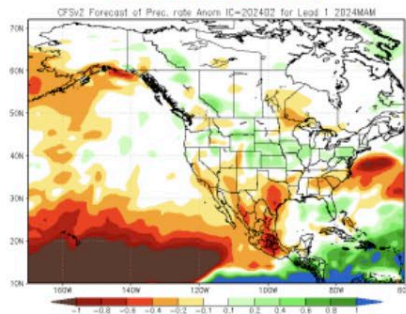
NMME Forecast of SST Anom IC=202402 for Lead 4 2024JJA



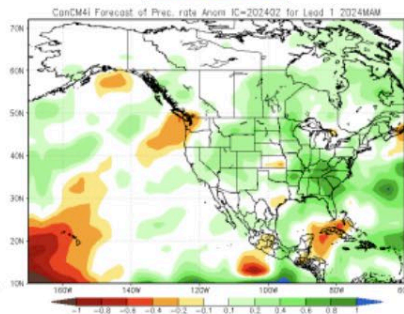


NMME Climate Model Projections
for WA State during Mar-May 2024:
Either Dry or Near-Neutral

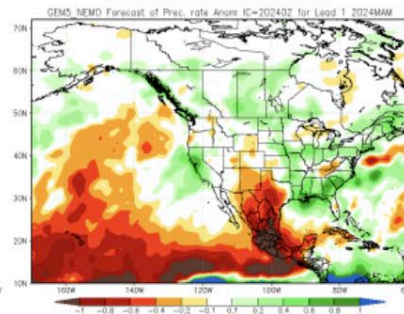
NCEP CFSv2



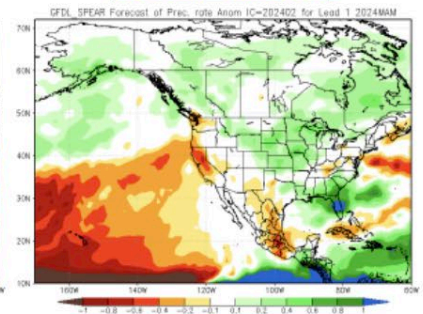
CanCM4i



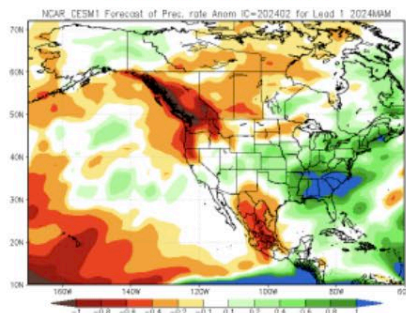
GEM5 NEMO



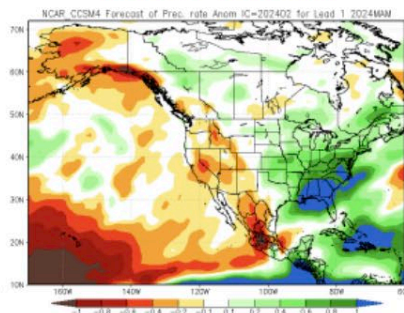
GFDL SPEAR



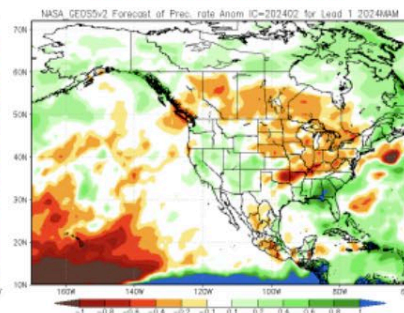
NCAR CESM1



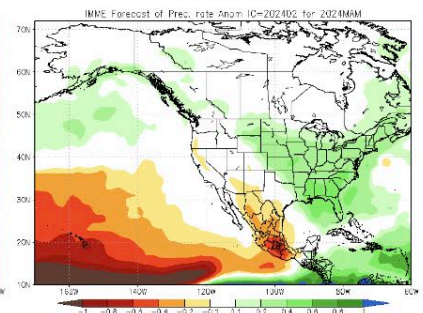
NCAR CCSM4



NASA GEOS5v2



IMME



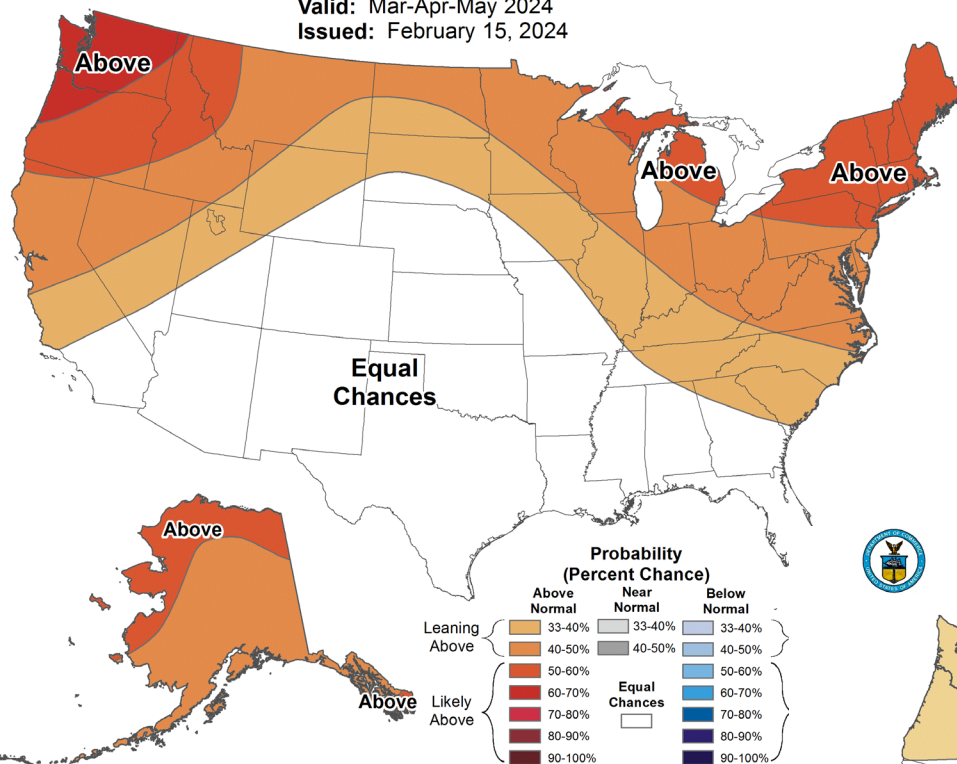


Seasonal Temperature Outlook

Valid: Mar-Apr-May 2024
Issued: February 15, 2024



Equal Chances

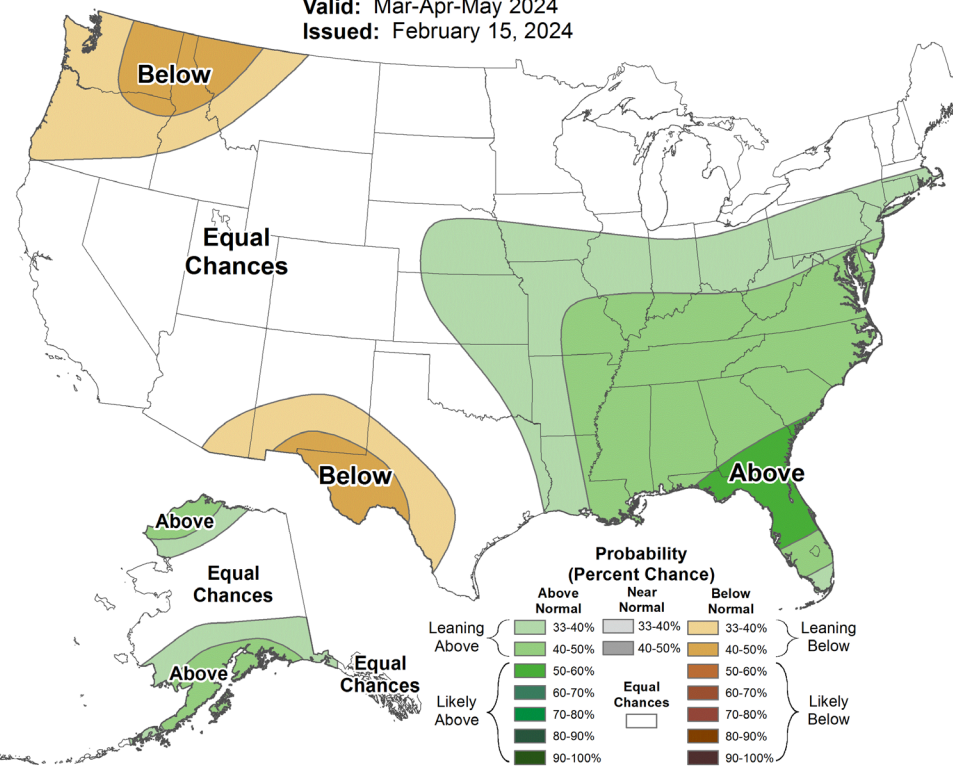


NOAA/CPC Forecasts for Mar-May 2024



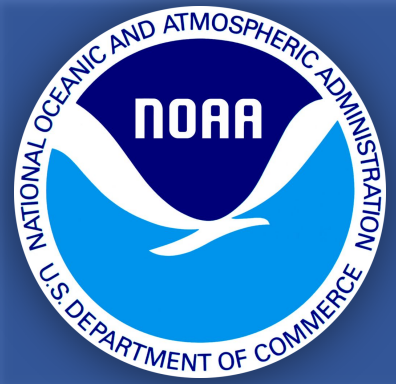
Seasonal Precipitation Outlook

Valid: Mar-Apr-May 2024
Issued: February 15, 2024



Summary

- 2024 water year has had above normal temperatures and normal to below normal precipitation for a majority of WA
- The atmospheric circulation during the past month resembles that accompanying past El Niños, but we should enjoy the temporary reprieve
- The end of winter into spring is apt be warm, and perhaps a bit dry, relative to seasonal norms
- El Niño on the way out, and good riddance. We can look forward to the return of La Niña







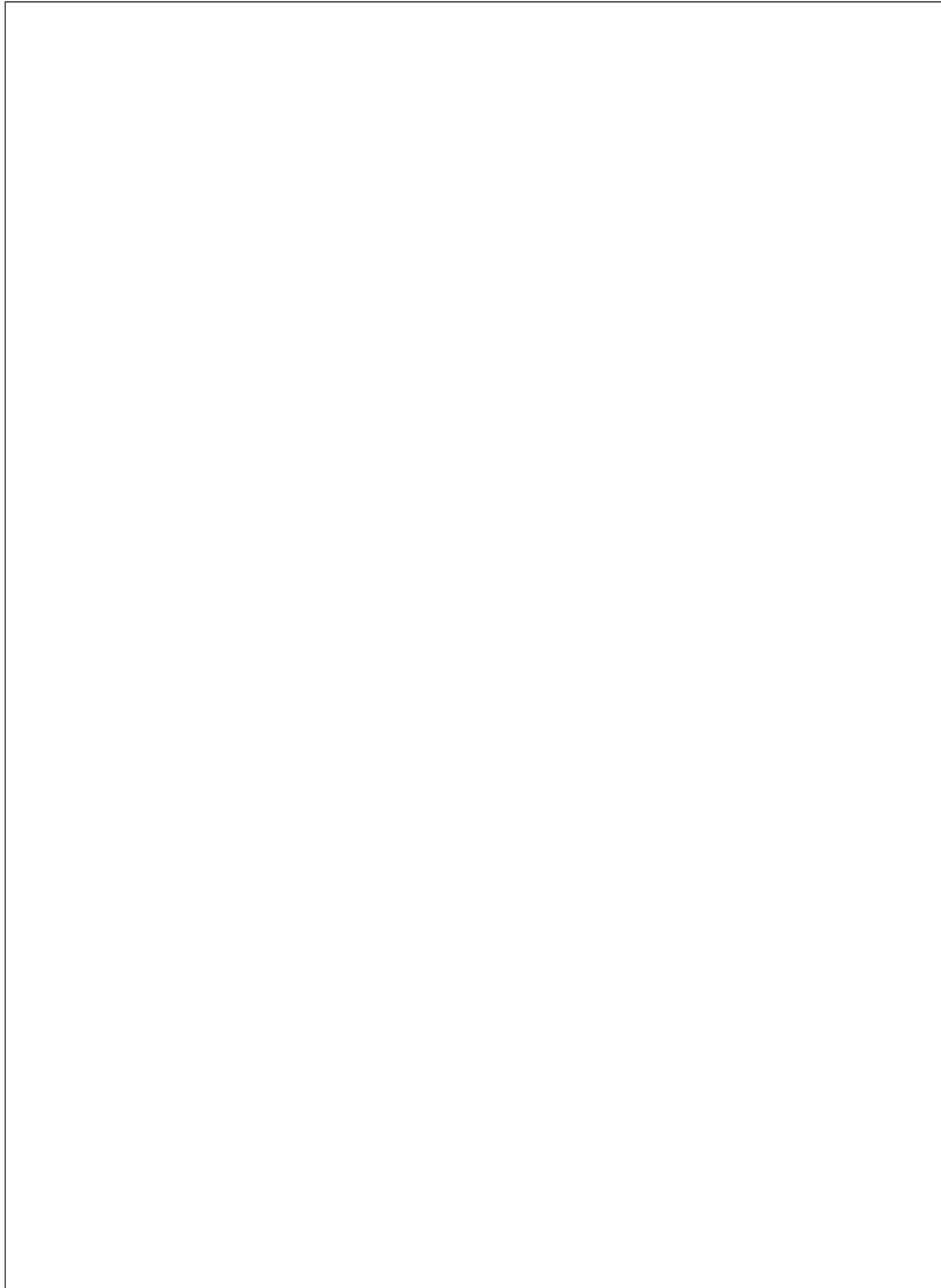








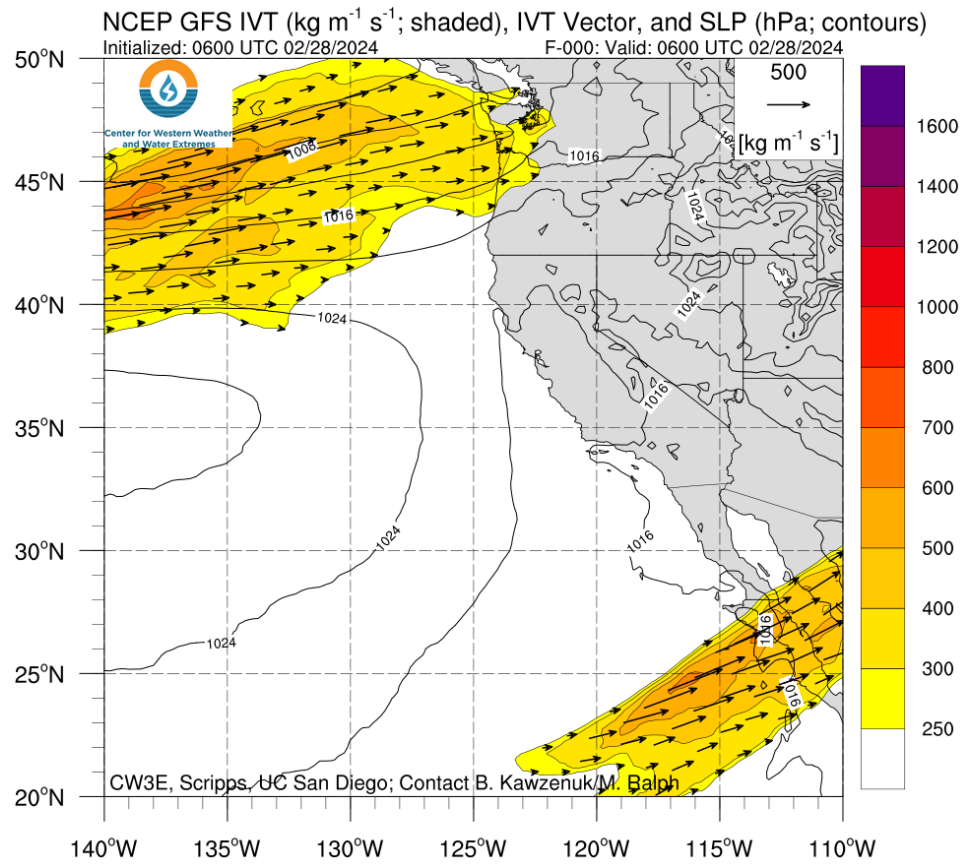






USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Snow Survey and Water Supply Forecasting Program

Washington Water Supply Availability Committee February 28, 2024



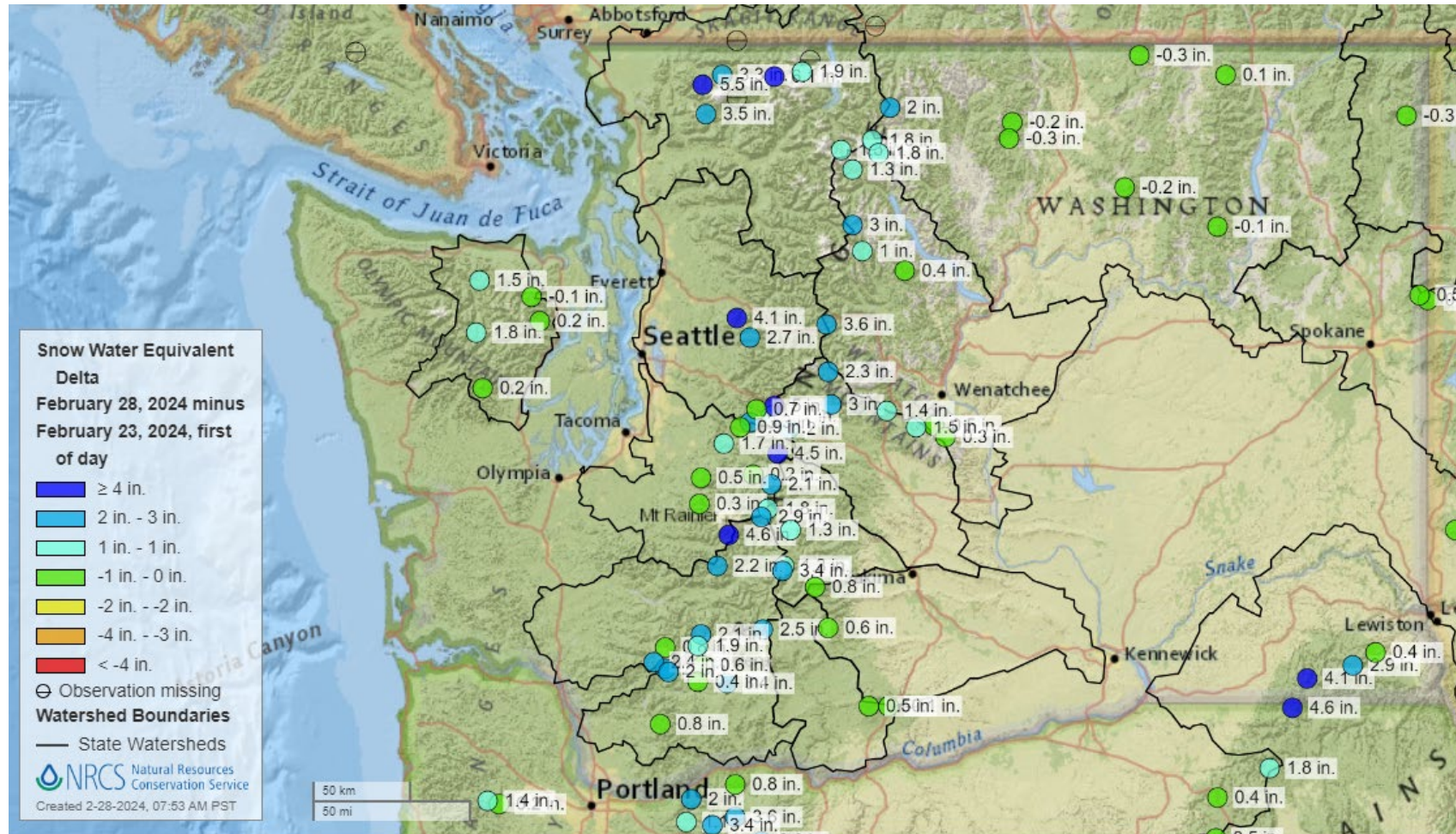
Matt Warbritton
Supervisory Hydrologist
USDA NRCS SSWSF
Portland Data Collection Office
matt.warbritton@usda.gov
503-307-2829



Snowpack Conditions

Recent Storm Impact

Change in snow water equivalent (SWE) from Feb. 23-28



Snow Depth

Up to 2.5+ ft in N. Cascades

Up to nearly 2 ft in S. Cascades

Snow Water Equivalent

Percentile (Normal P

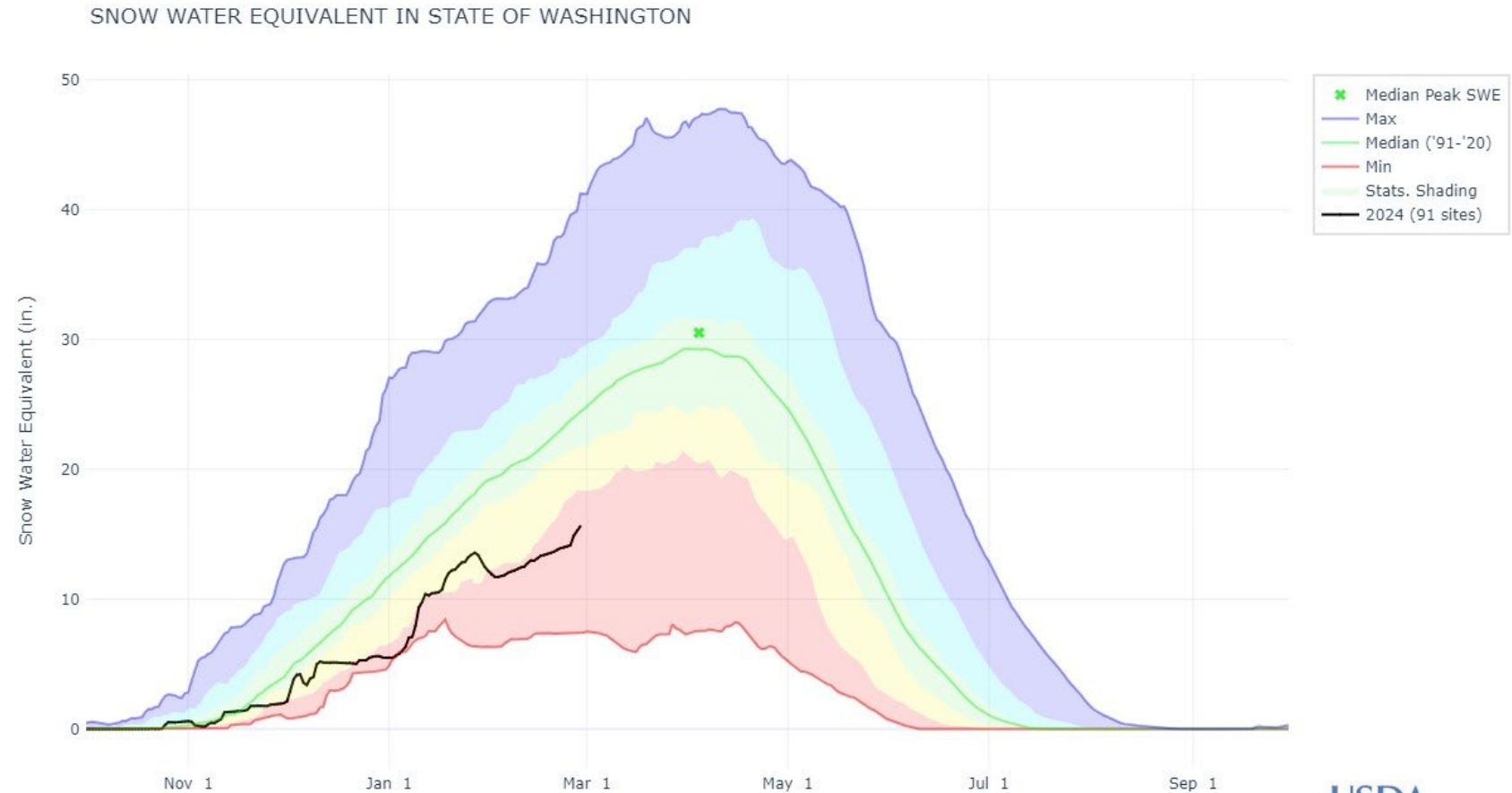
Statewide Snowpack:
64% of normal

Last meeting: 74% of normal

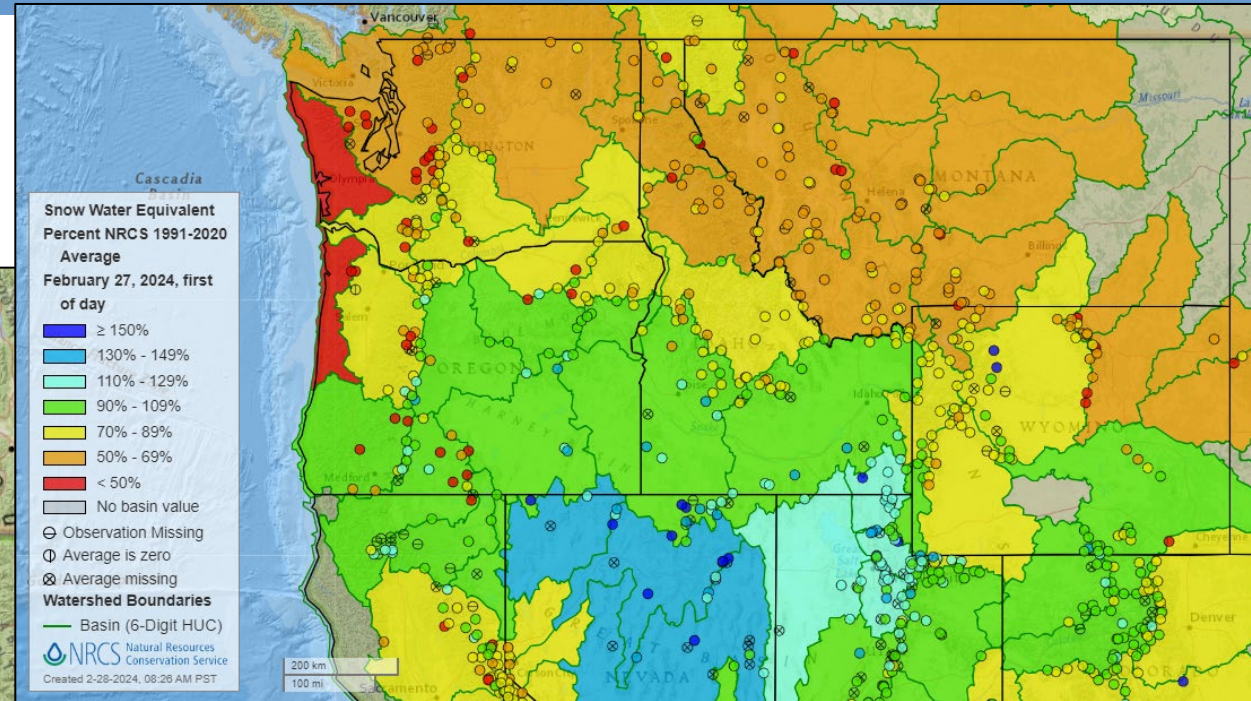
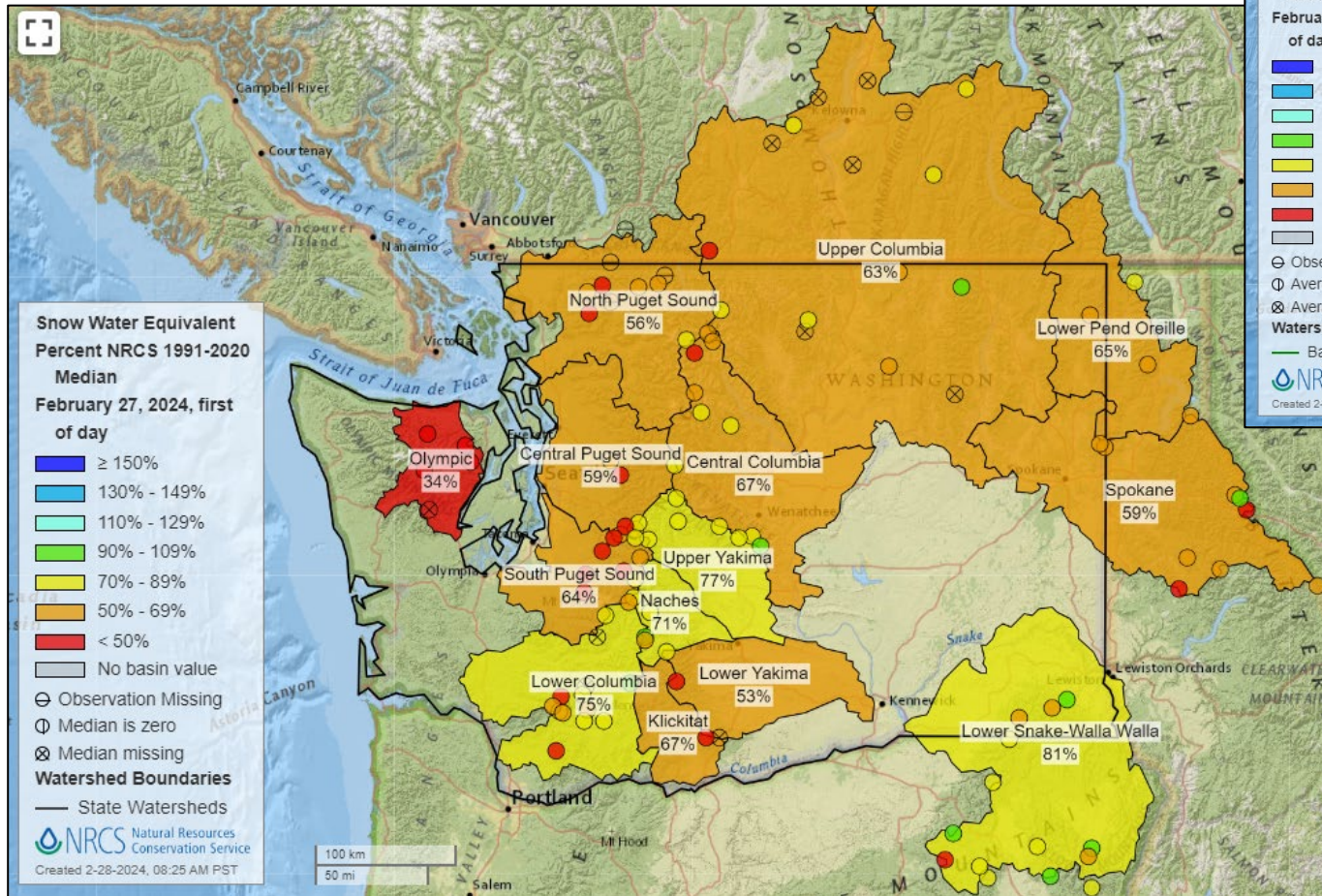
% of median peak snowpack: 51%

Days until median peak: 36

Snowpack Percentile: 8



Snowpack Basin & Site Map



Snow Water Equivalent

Percentile (Normal Period)

Snow Drought Classification

(based on SWE percentiles)

D0 – Abnormally Dry (≤ 30)

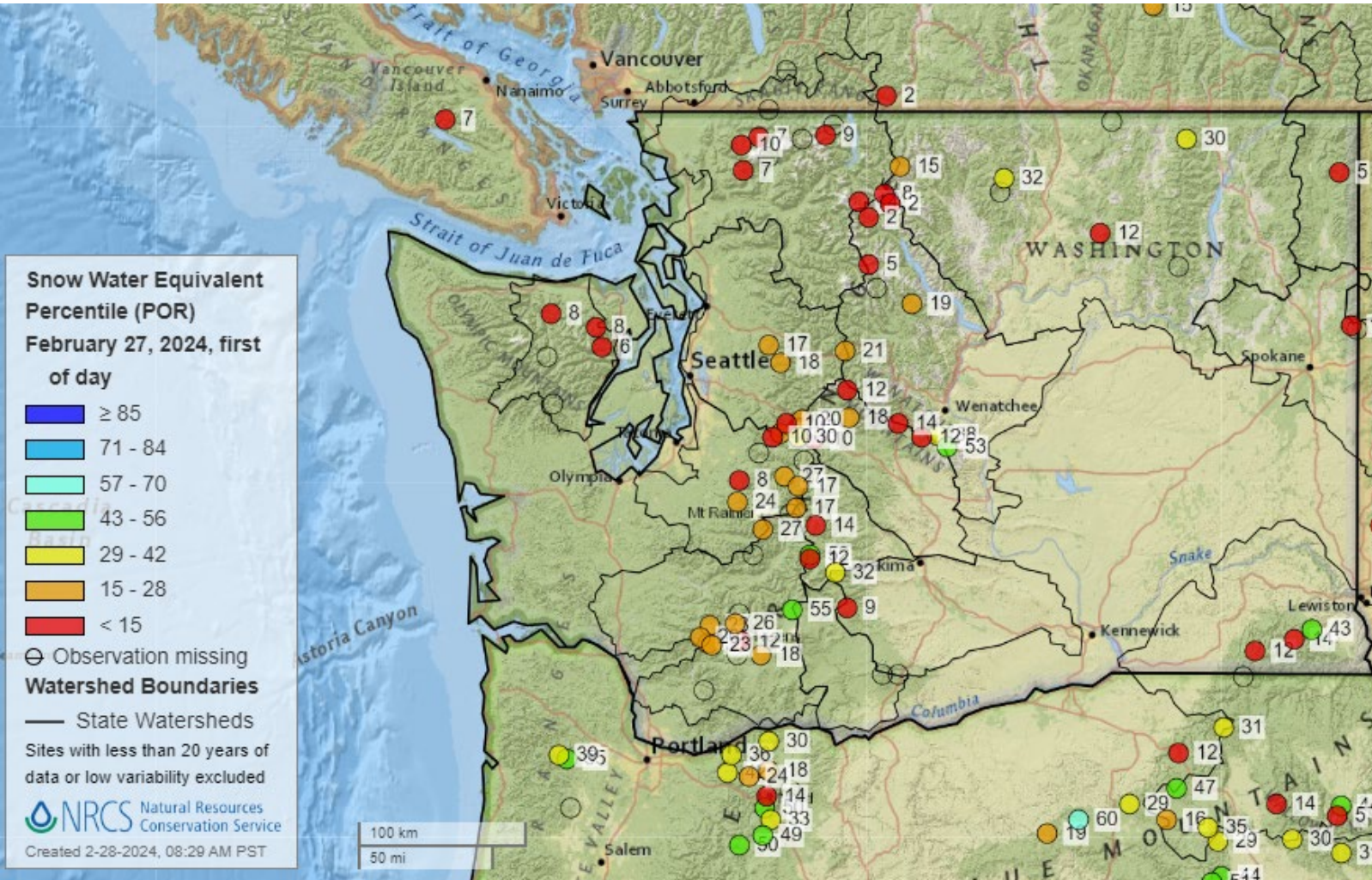
D1 – Moderate Drought (≤ 20)

D2 – Severe Drought (≤ 10)

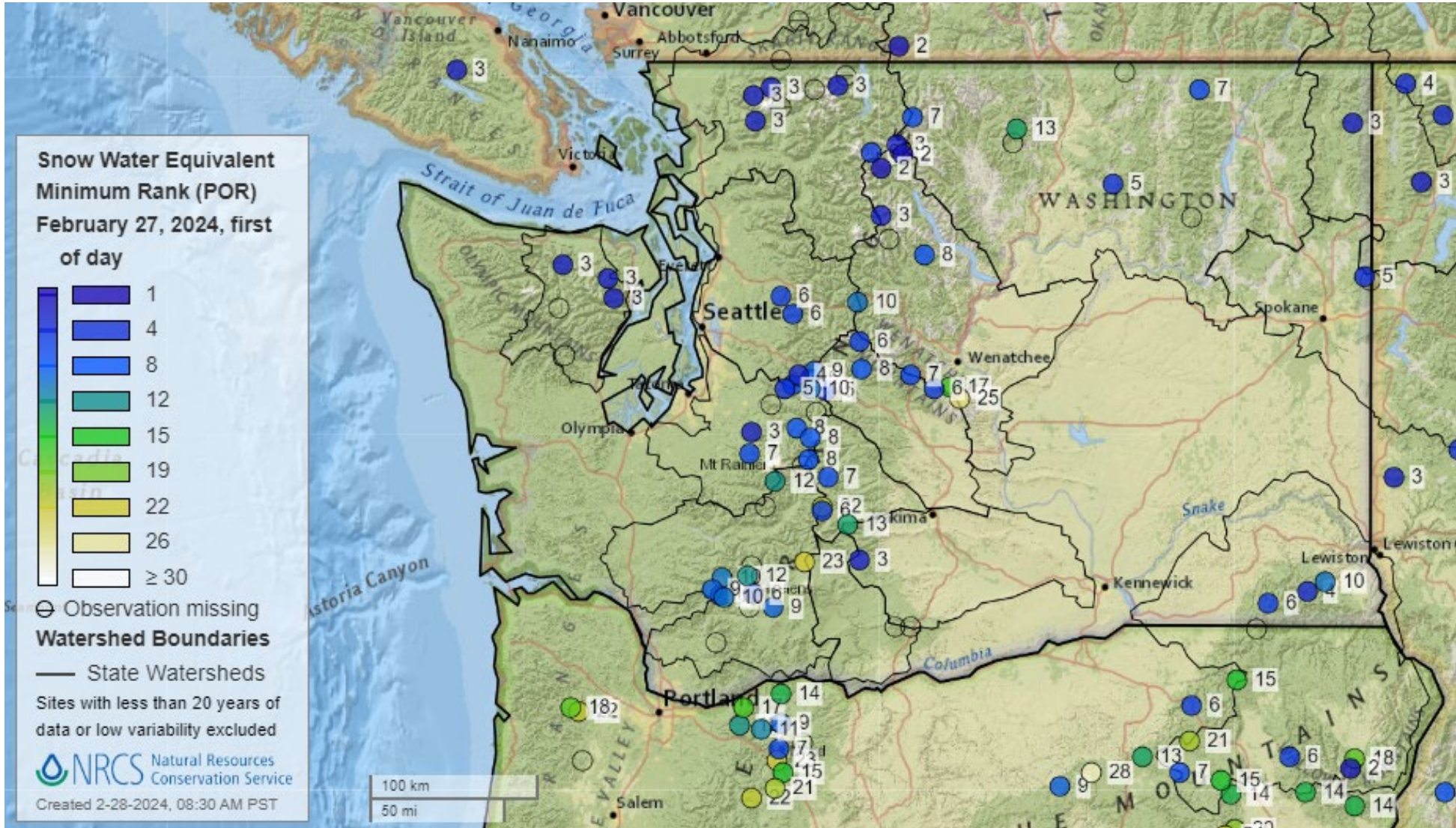
D3 – Extreme Drought (≤ 5)

D4 – Exceptional Drought (≤ 2)

[Hatchet et al. 2022](#)



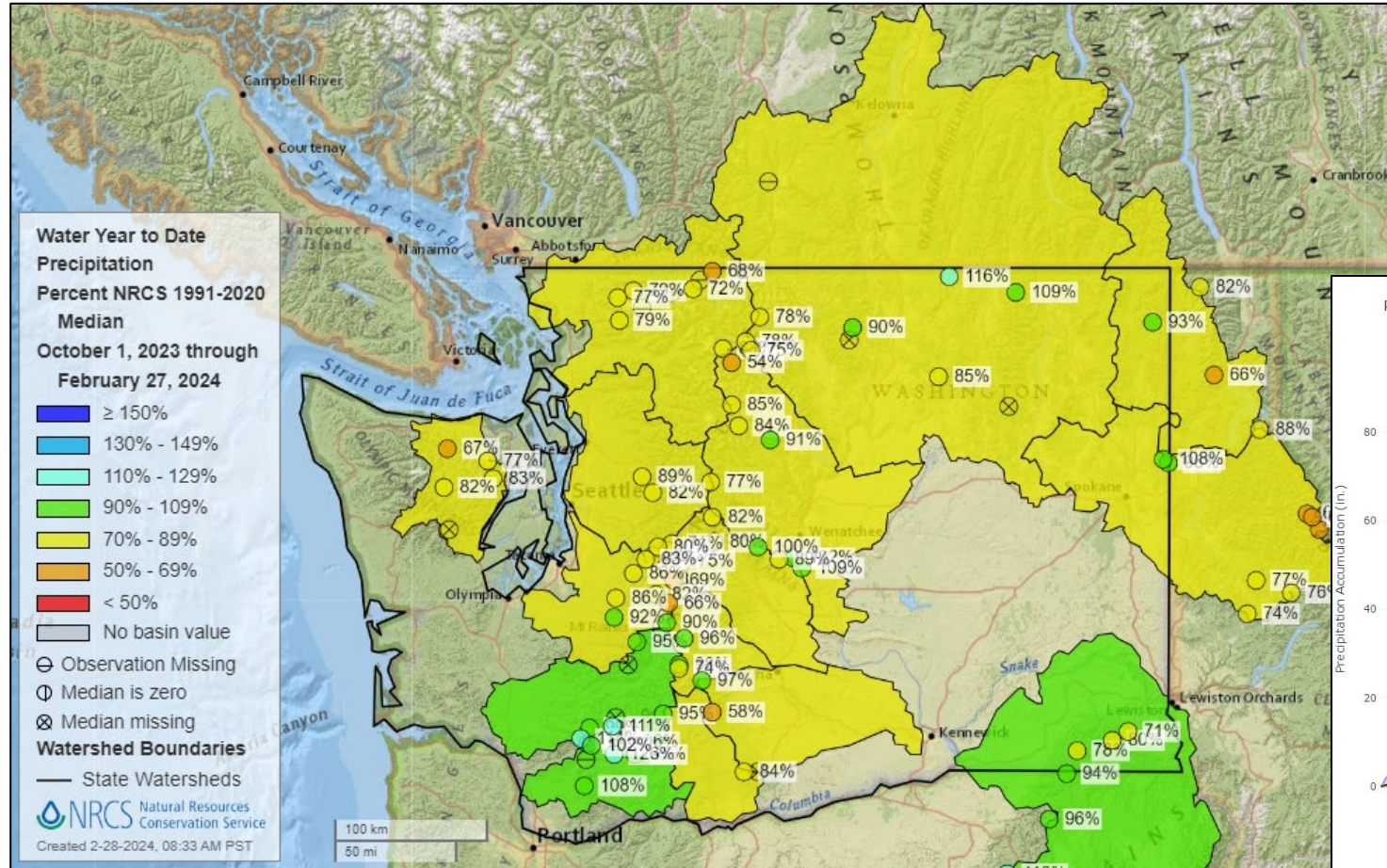
Site Ranking of SWE





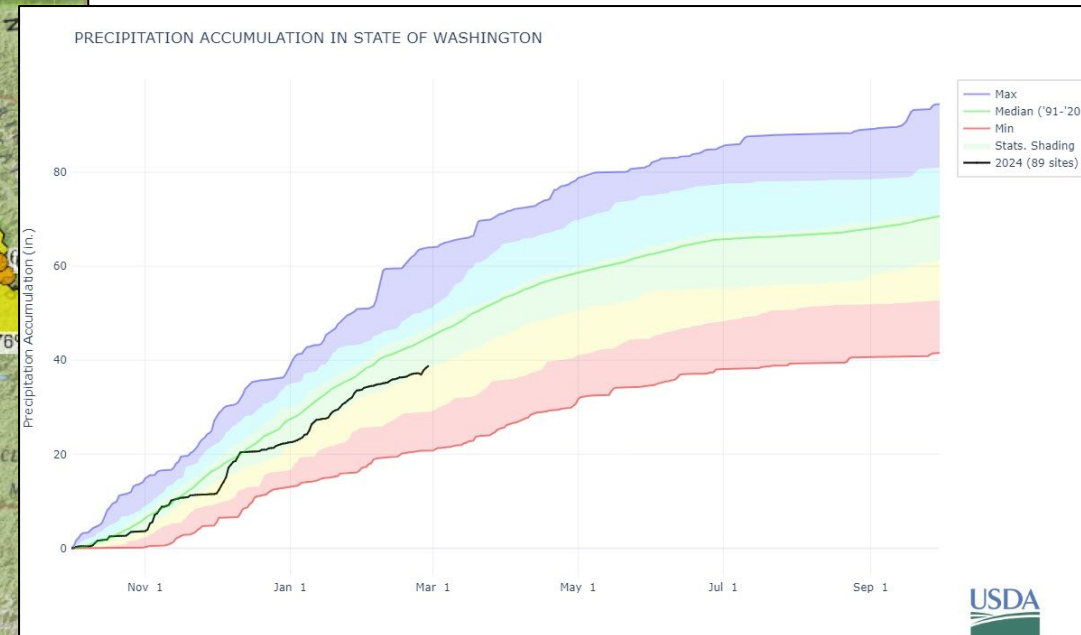
Precipitation Conditions

WYTD Precipitation – Basin Map

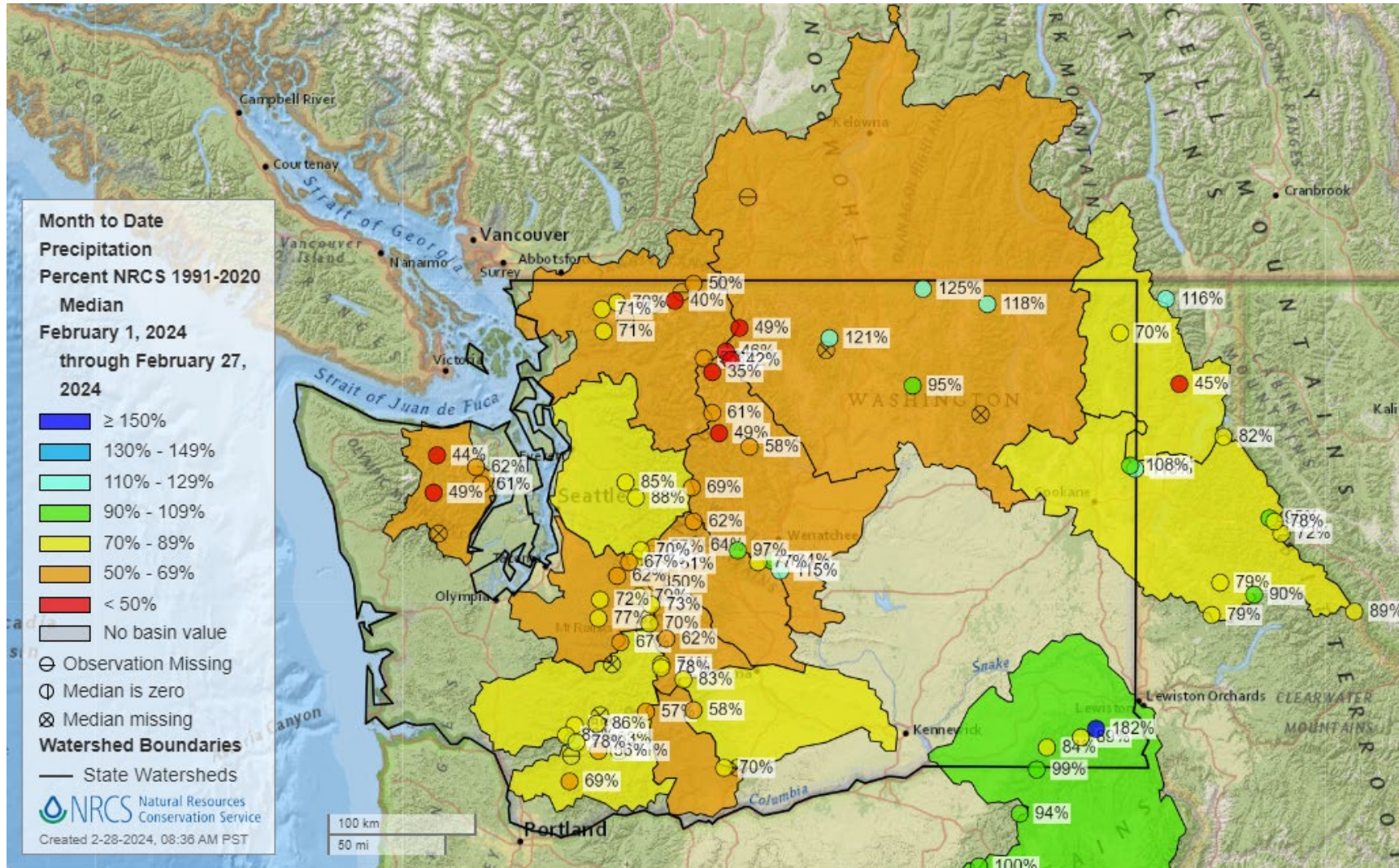


Statewide WYTD Precipitation:
89% of normal

Last meeting: 87%

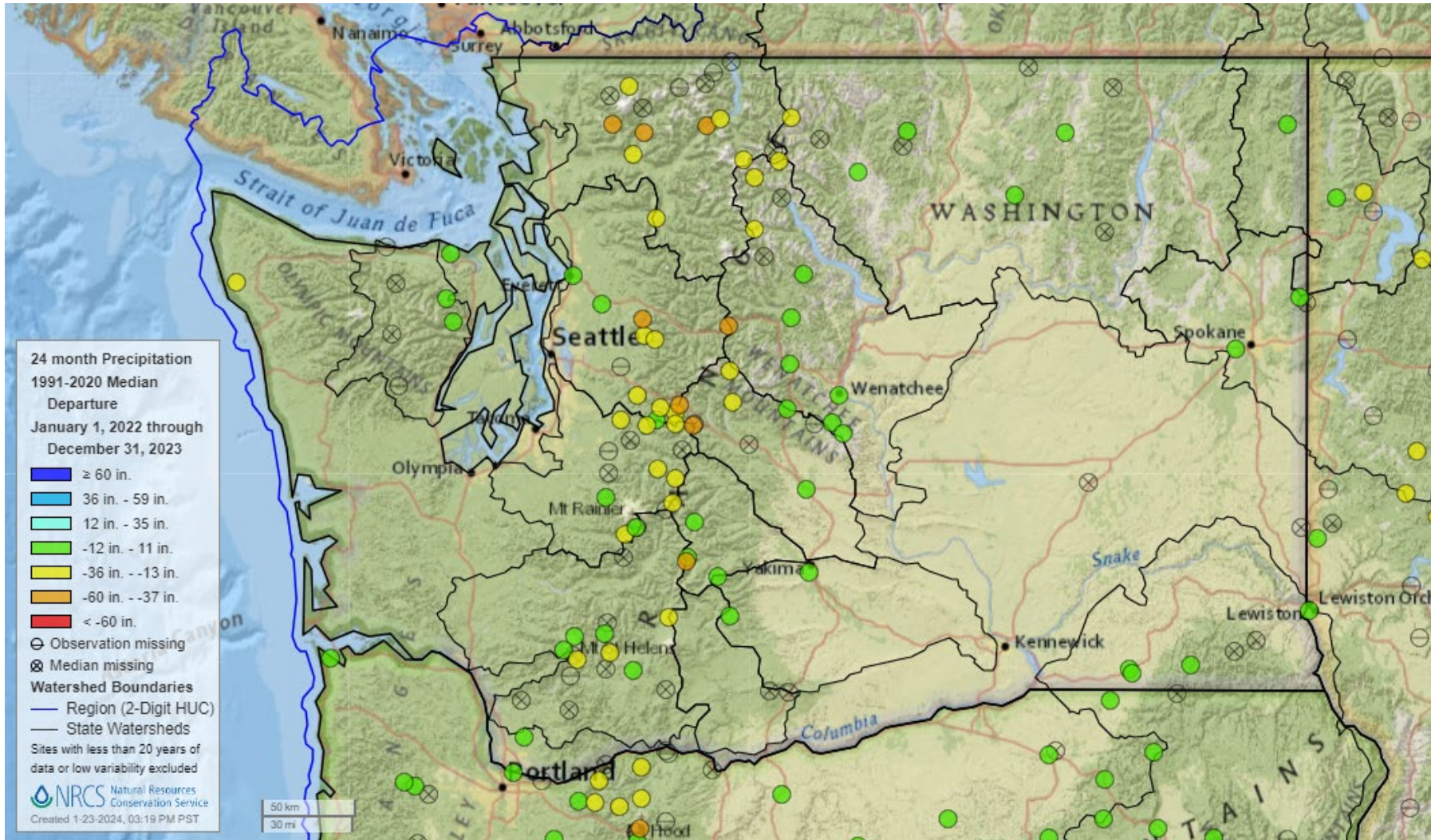


Month-to-Date Precipitation – Basin and Site Map



Precipitation: Compounding Deficits

24-month Precipitation – Normal Departure

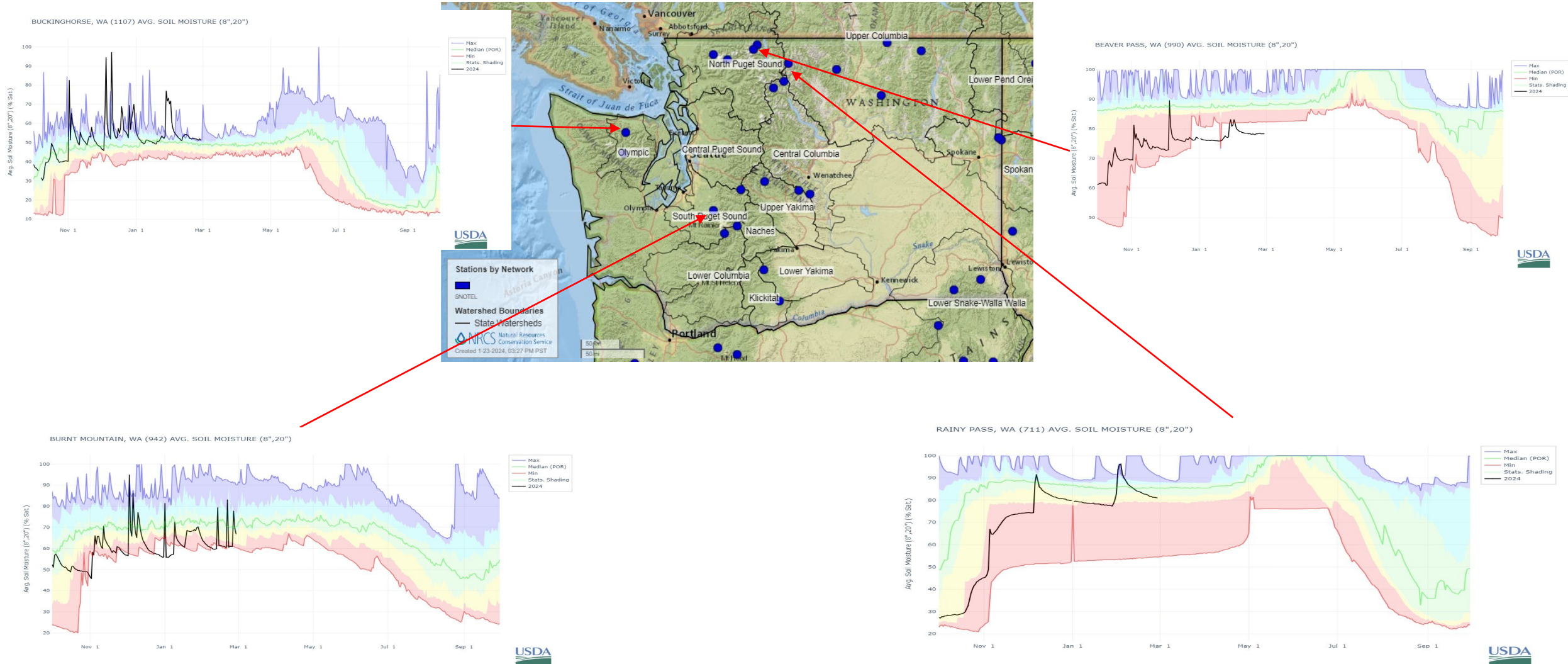




Soil Moisture

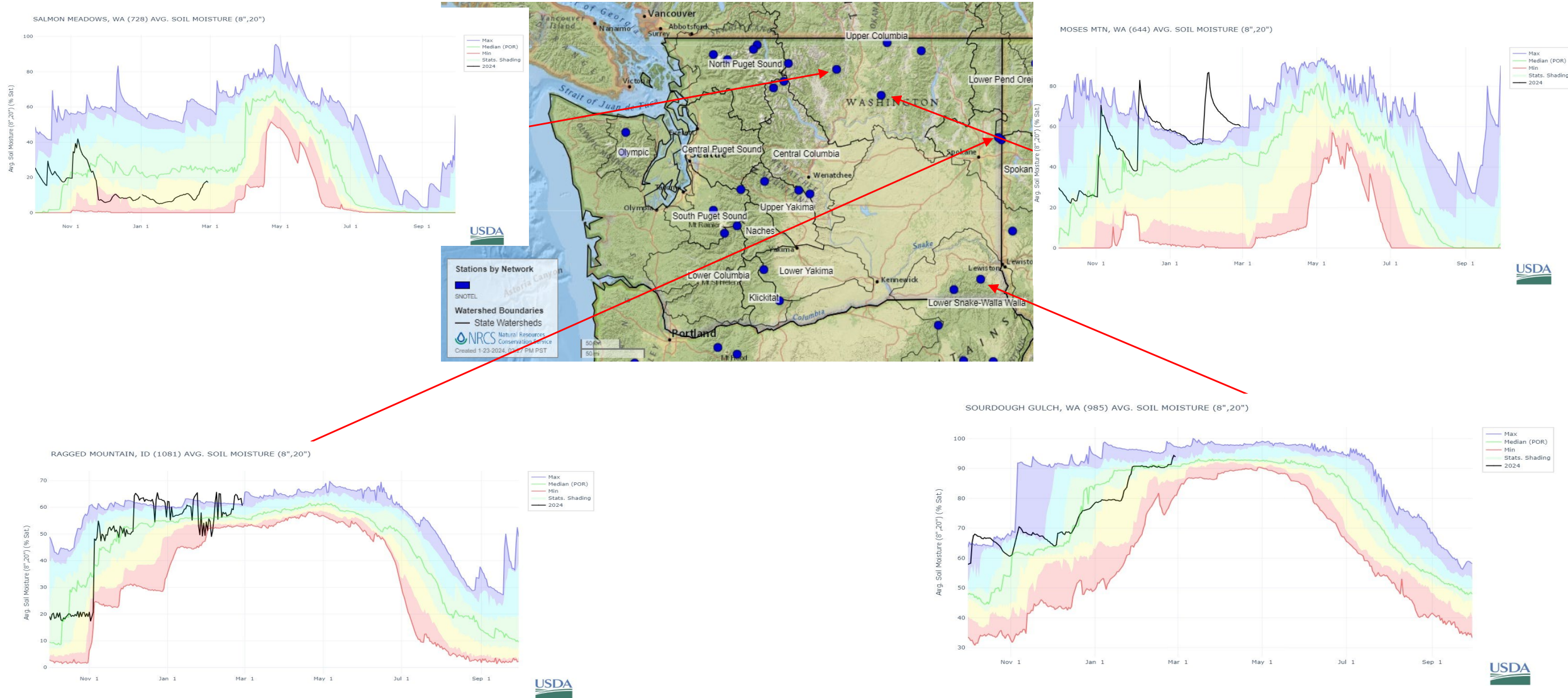
Soil Moisture

WY 2024 – Select Site Charts



Soil Moisture

WY 2024 – Select Site Charts



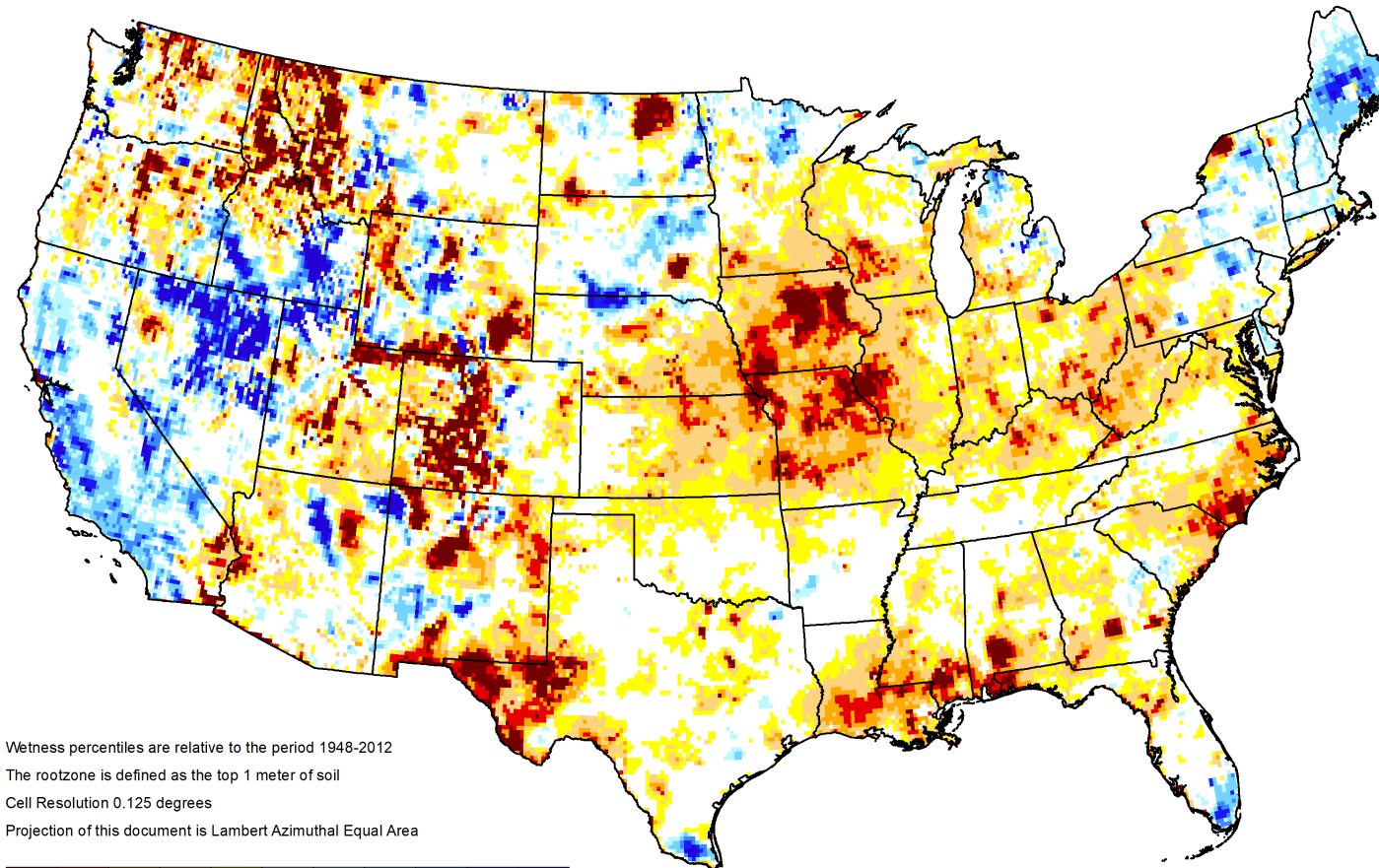
Soil Moisture

NASA GRACE



GRACE-Based Root Zone Soil Moisture Drought Indicator

February 26, 2024

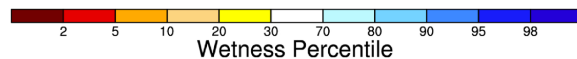


Wetness percentiles are relative to the period 1948-2012

The rootzone is defined as the top 1 meter of soil

Cell Resolution 0.125 degrees

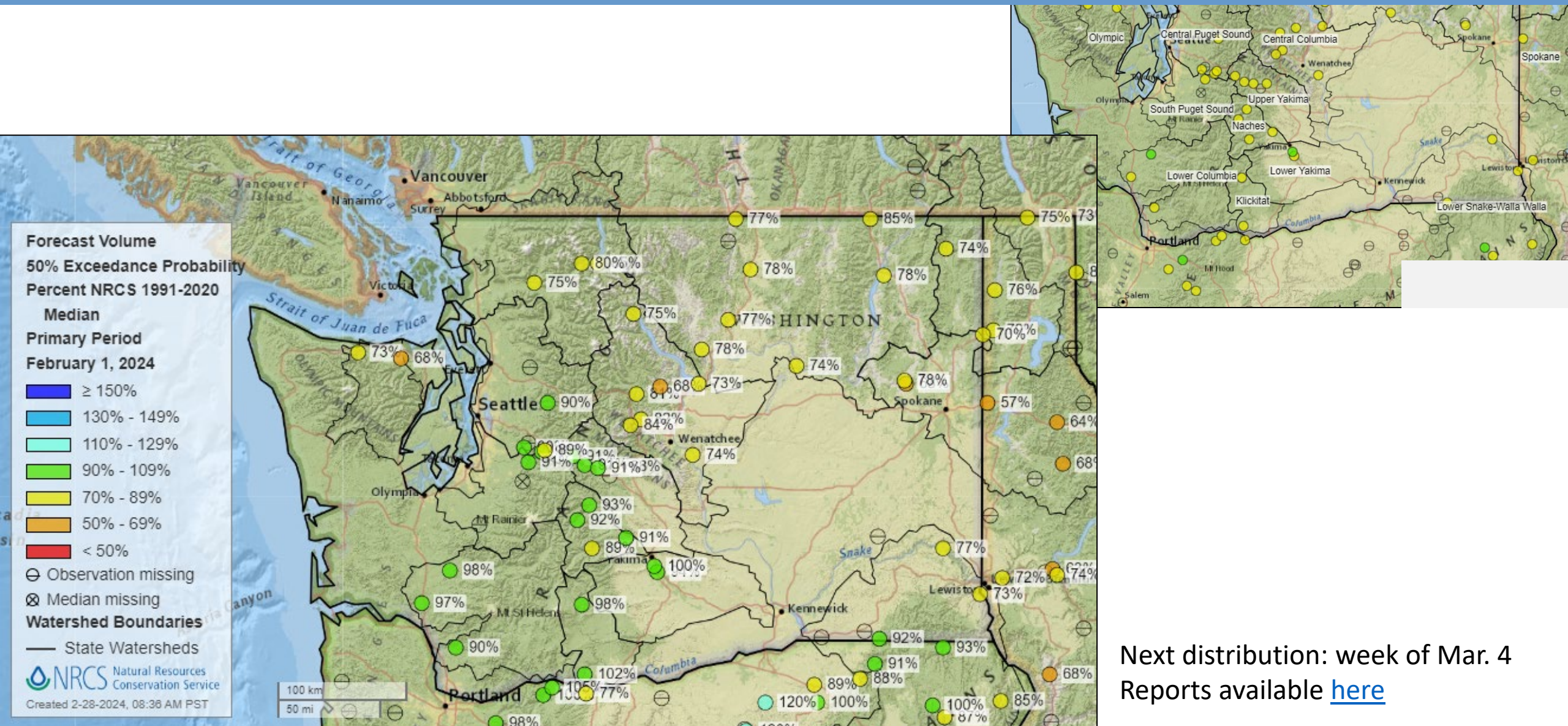
Projection of this document is Lambert Azimuthal Equal Area



<https://nasagrace.unl.edu>



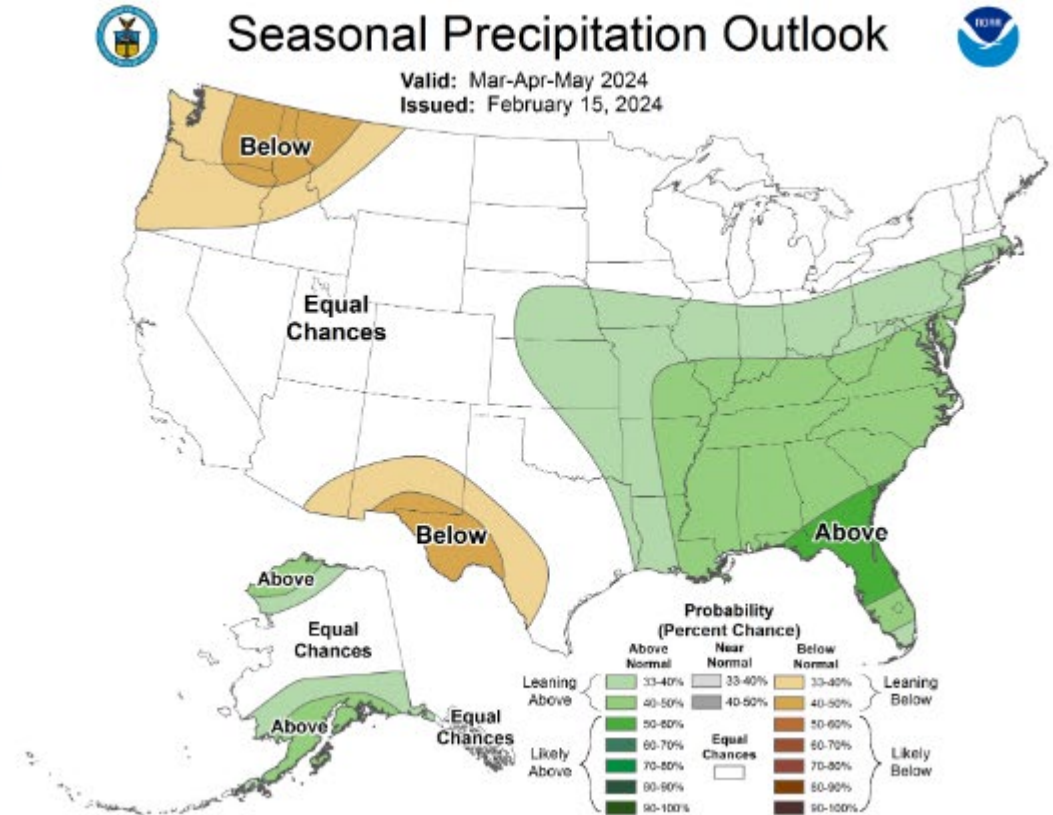
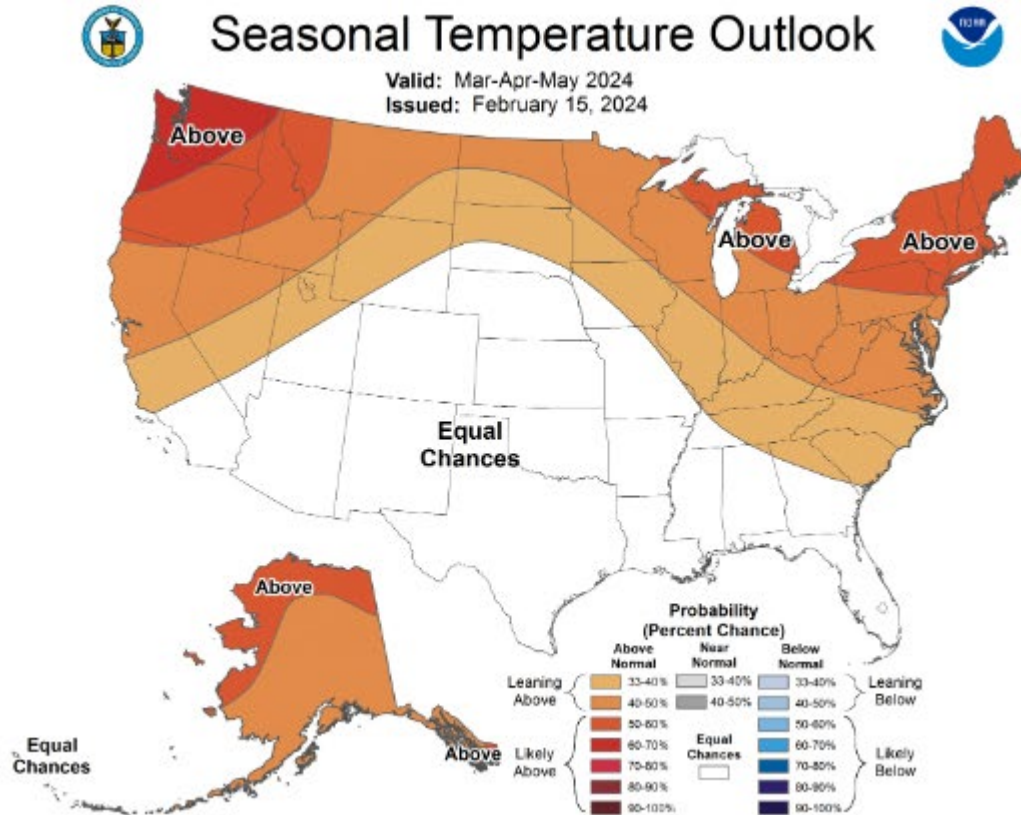
Water Supply Outlook



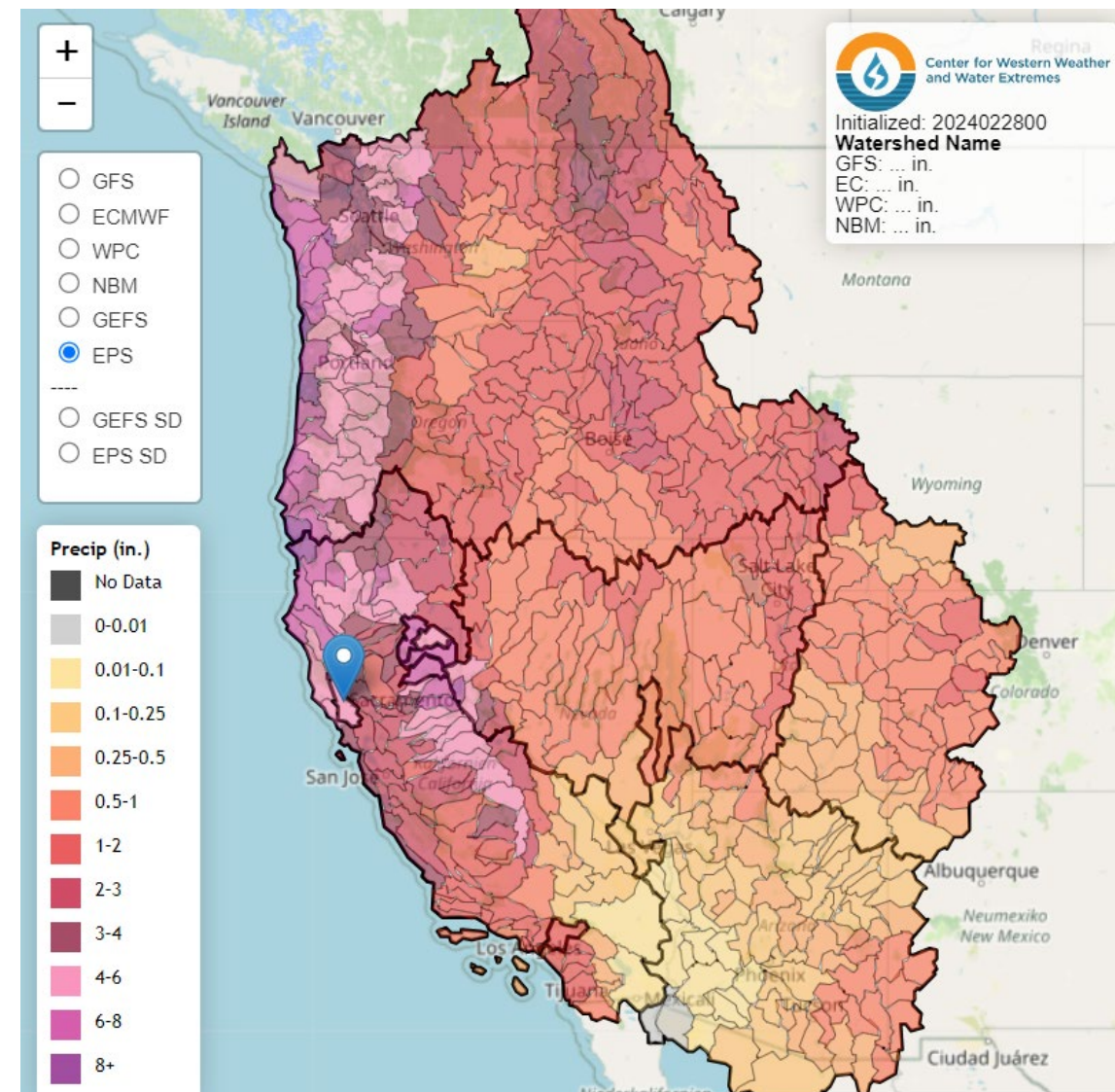
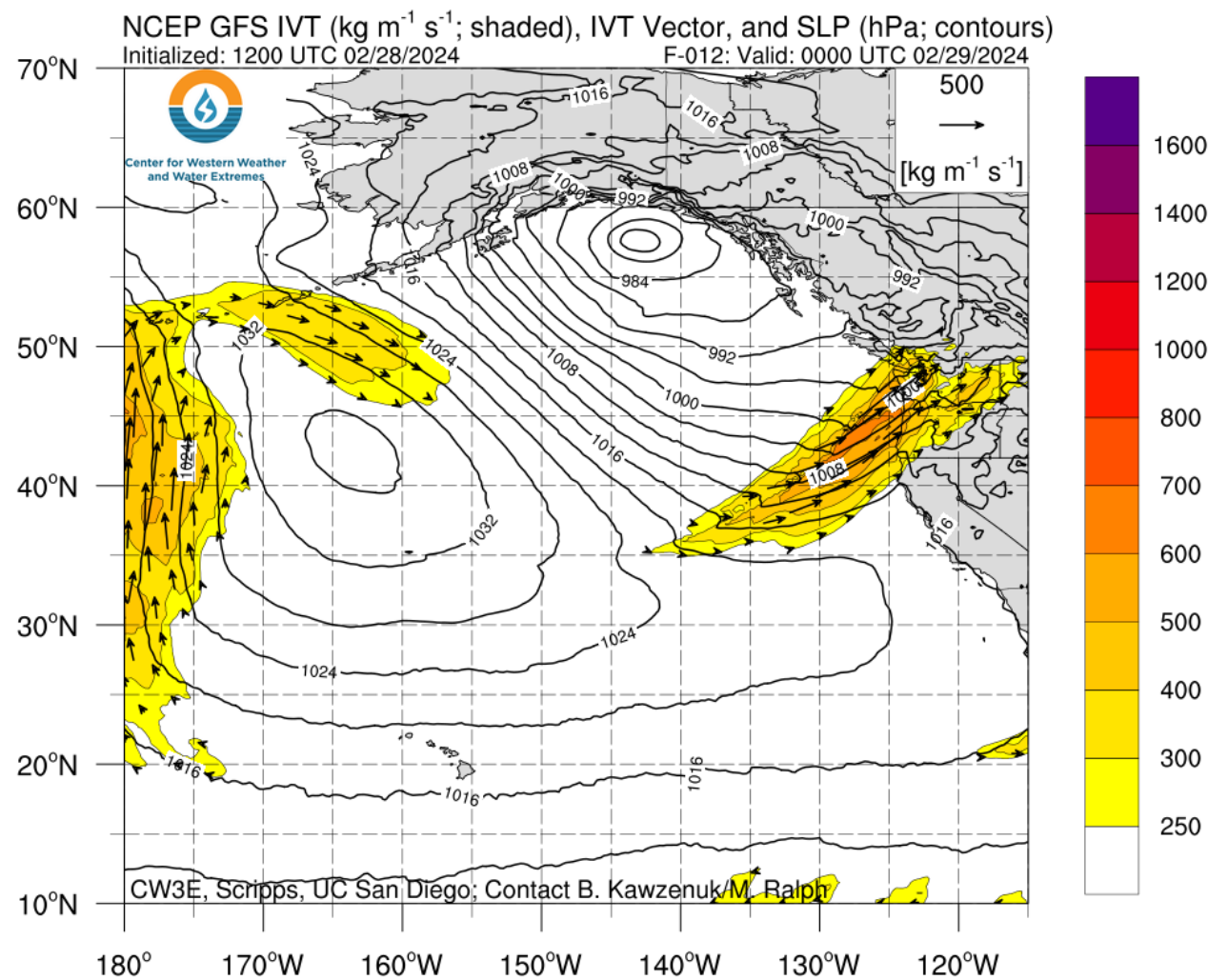


Climatic Outlook

NOAA CPC Seasonal Outlook



Near-term



Thank you!



NWAC, Drew Lovell. Delancey Ridge near Mazama

Matt Warbritton
Supervisory Hydrologist
USDA NRCS SSWSF
Portland Data Collection Office
matt.warbritton@usda.gov
503-307-2829

[Washington Snow Survey and Water
Supply Program Website](#)

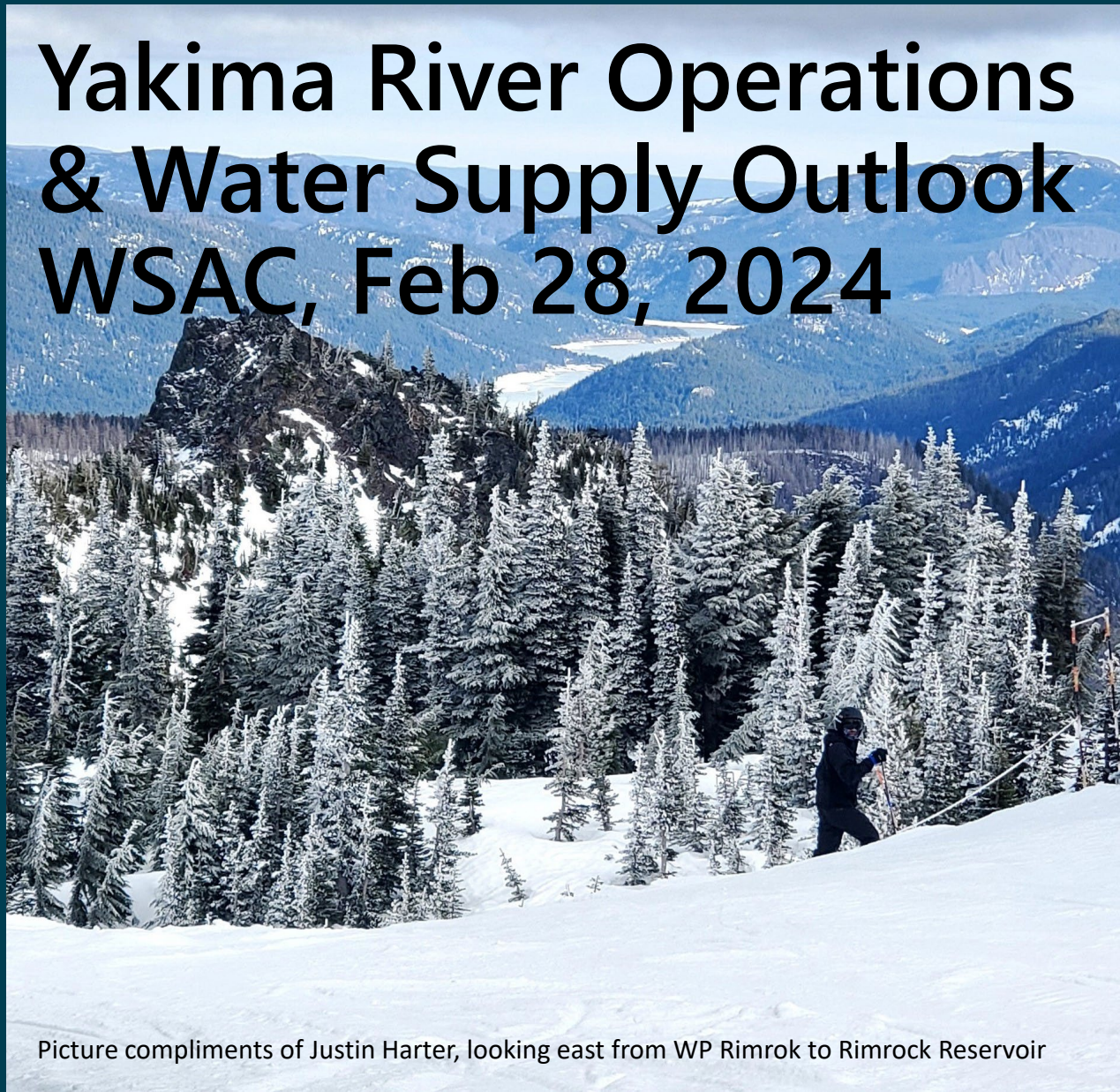
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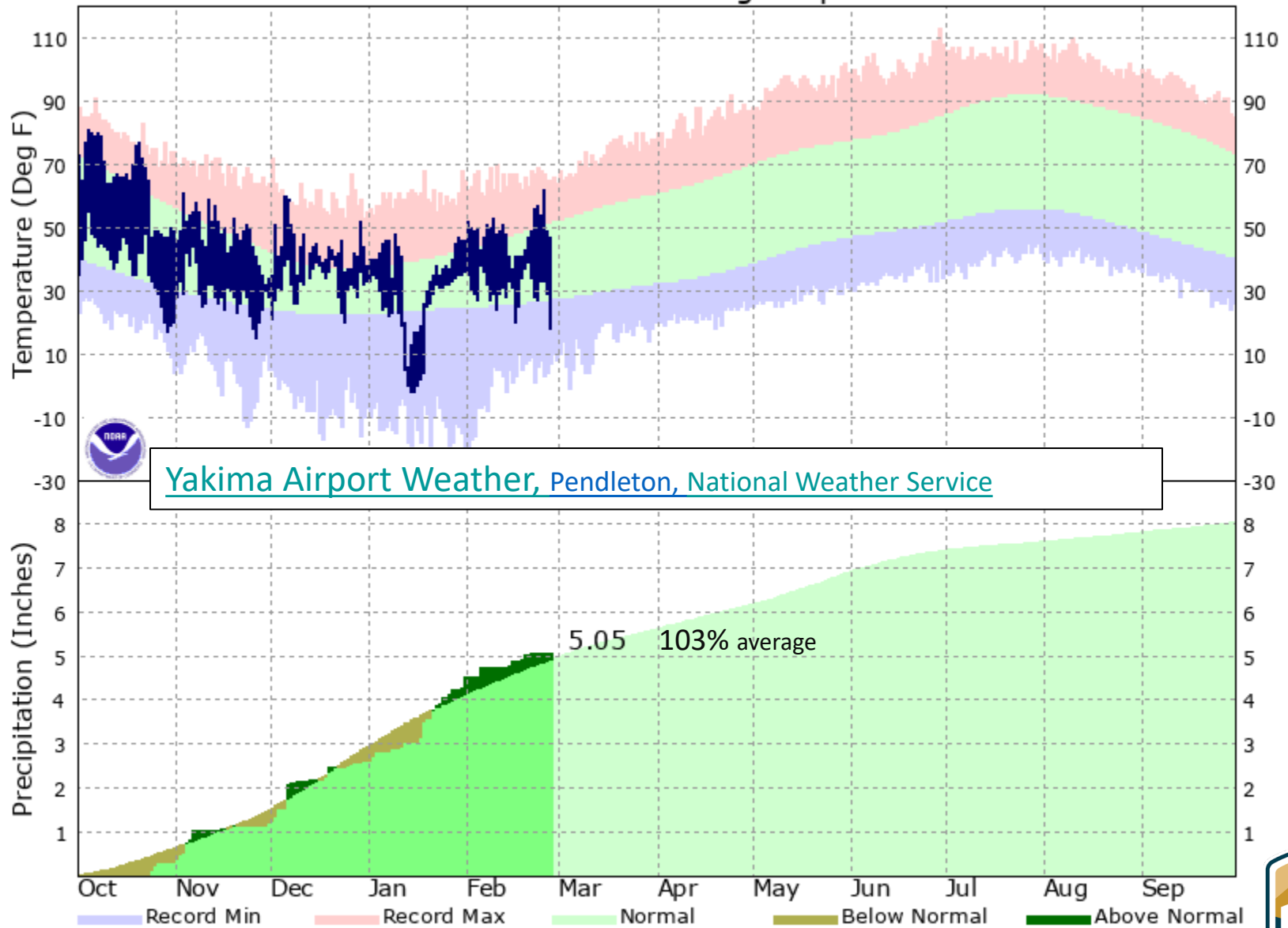
— BUREAU OF —
RECLAMATION

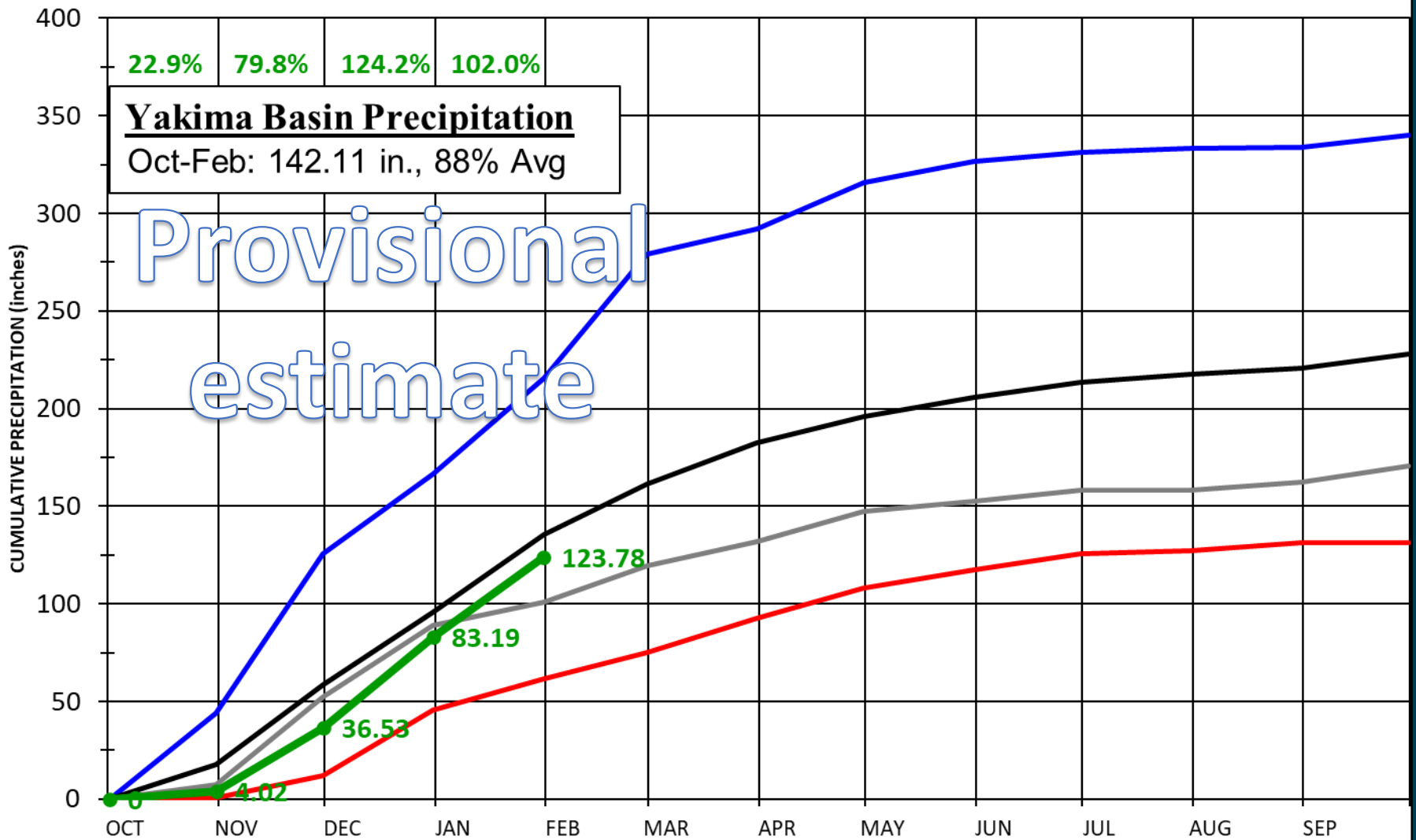
Yakima River Operations & Water Supply Outlook WSAC, Feb 28, 2024



Picture compliments of Justin Harter, looking east from WP Rimrok to Rimrock Reservoir

KYKM - Oct 2023 Through Sep 2024



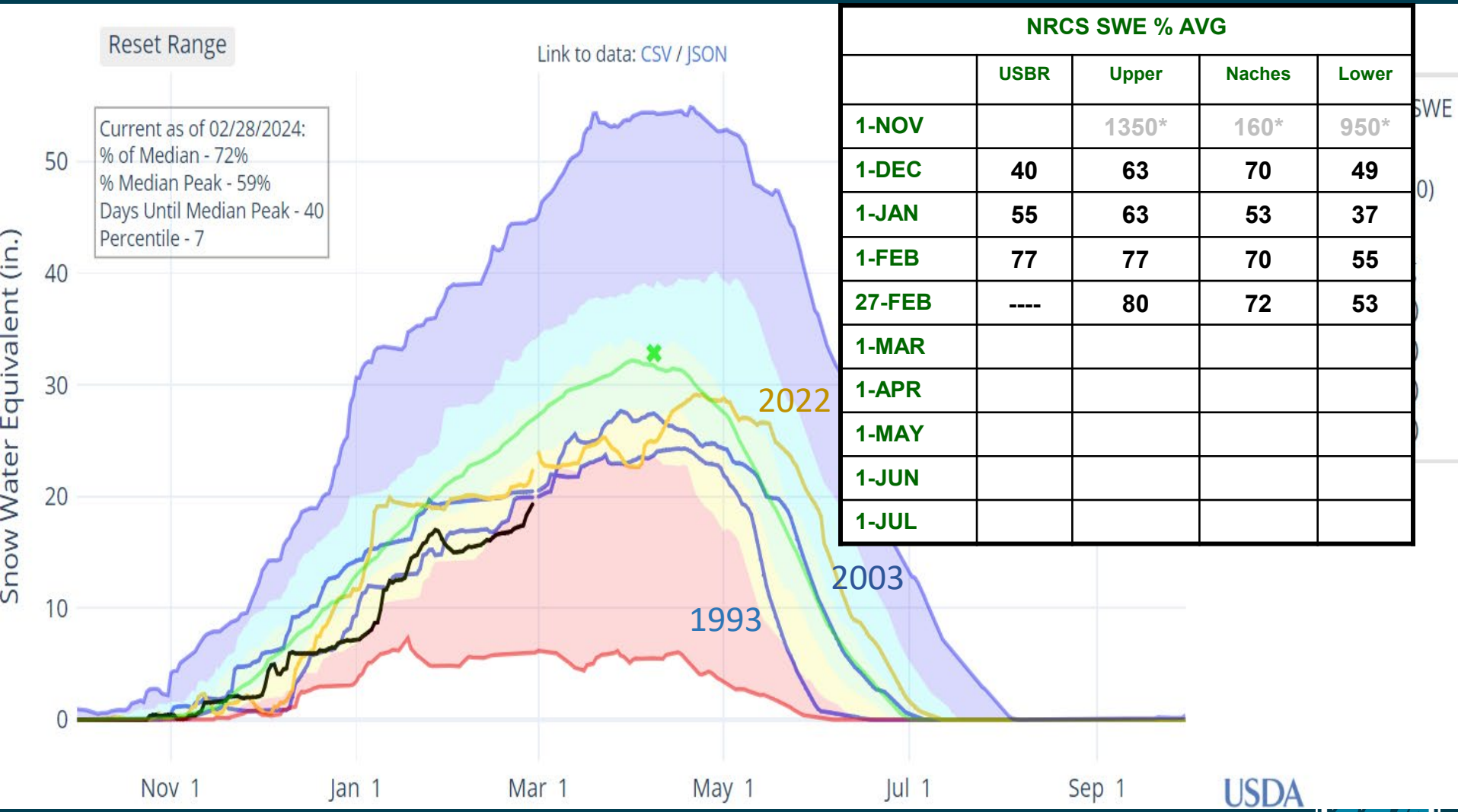


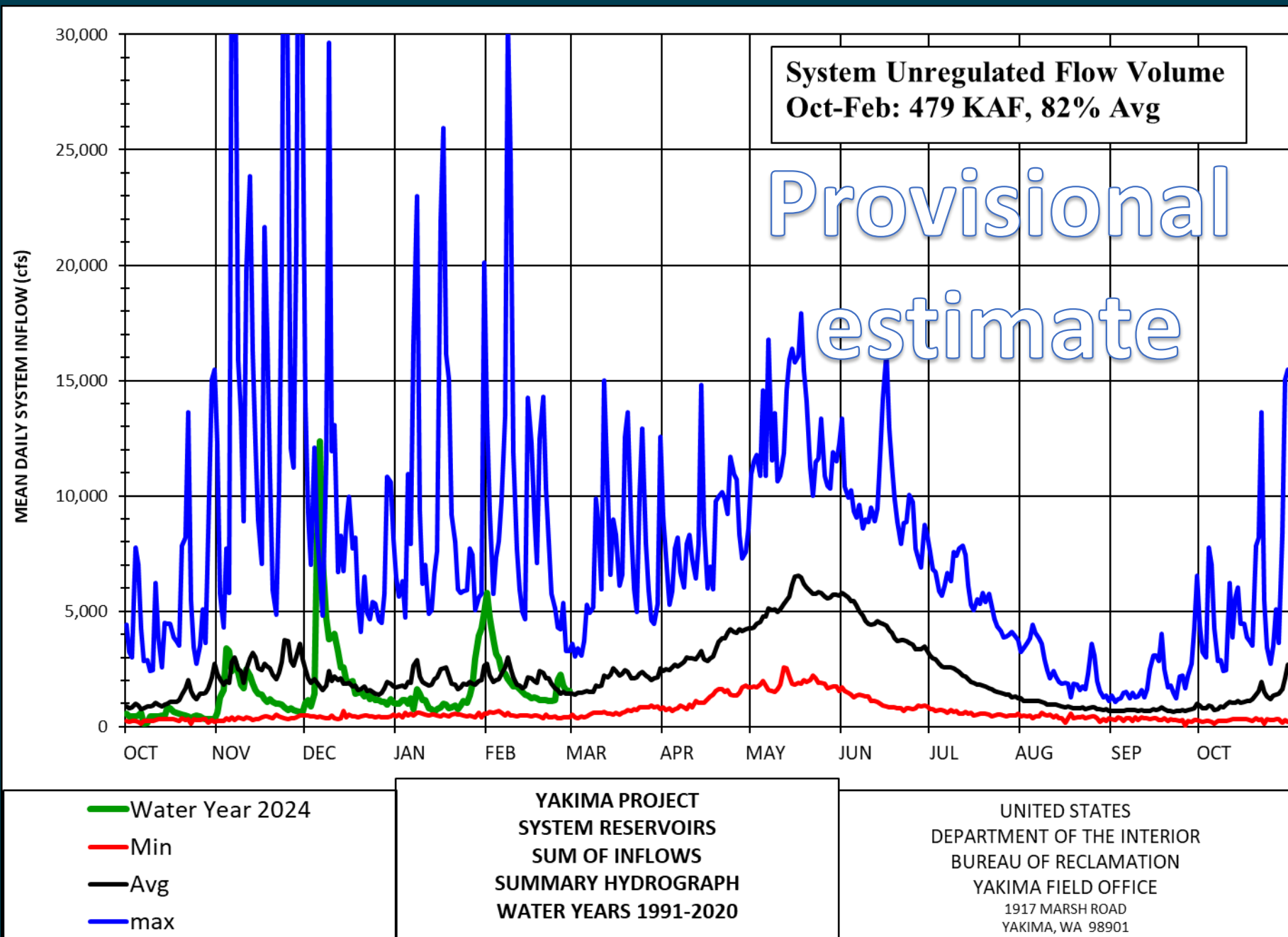
— Maximum — Average
— Minimum — WY2023
—●— WY 2024

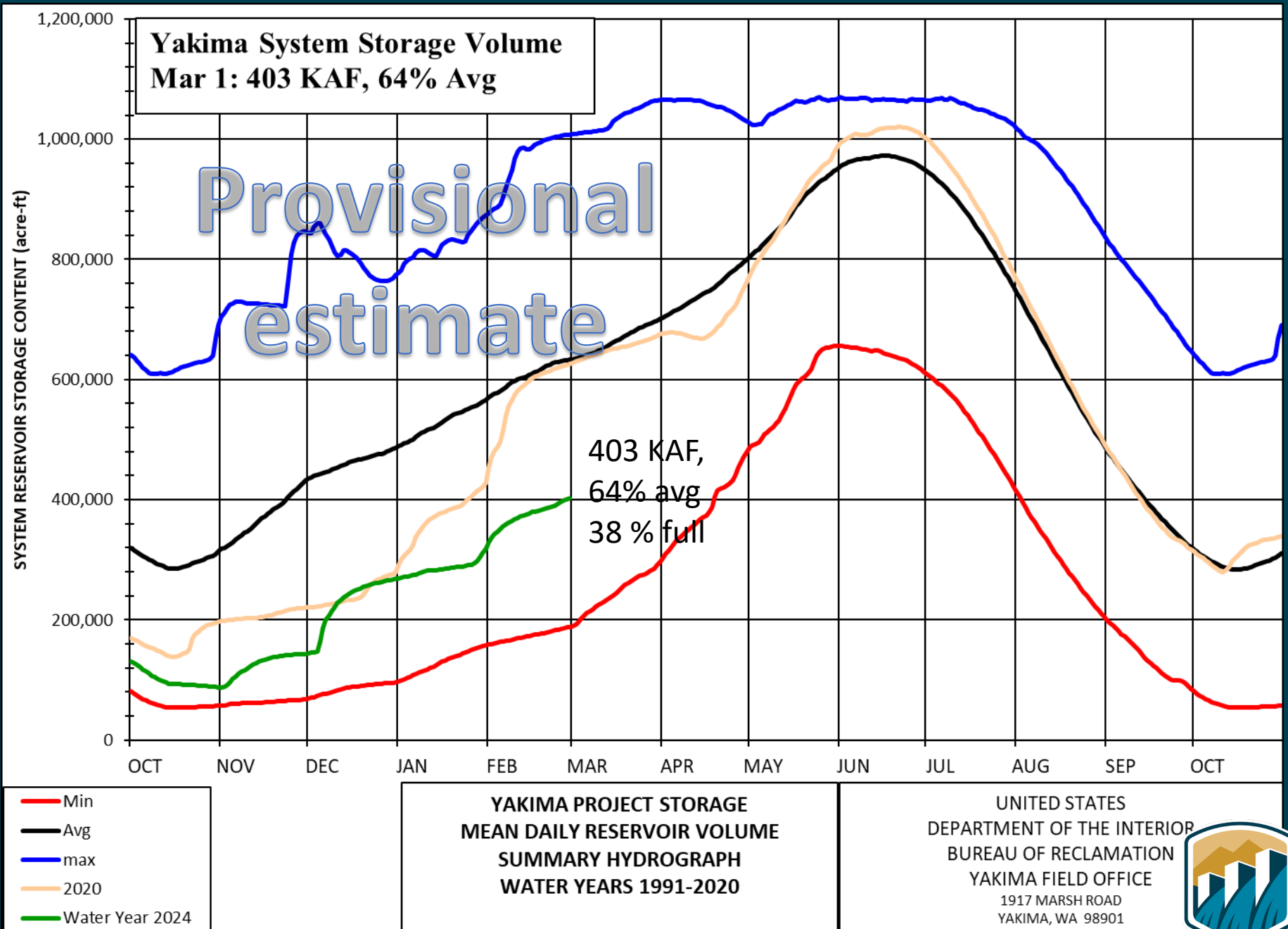
YAKIMA BASIN
Combined Cumulative Precipitation
5 Reservoir Sites
WATER YEARS 1981-2010

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF RECLAMATION
YAKIMA FIELD OFFICE
1917 MARSH ROAD
YAKIMA, WA 98901

Yakima Basin SNOTEL, Snow Water





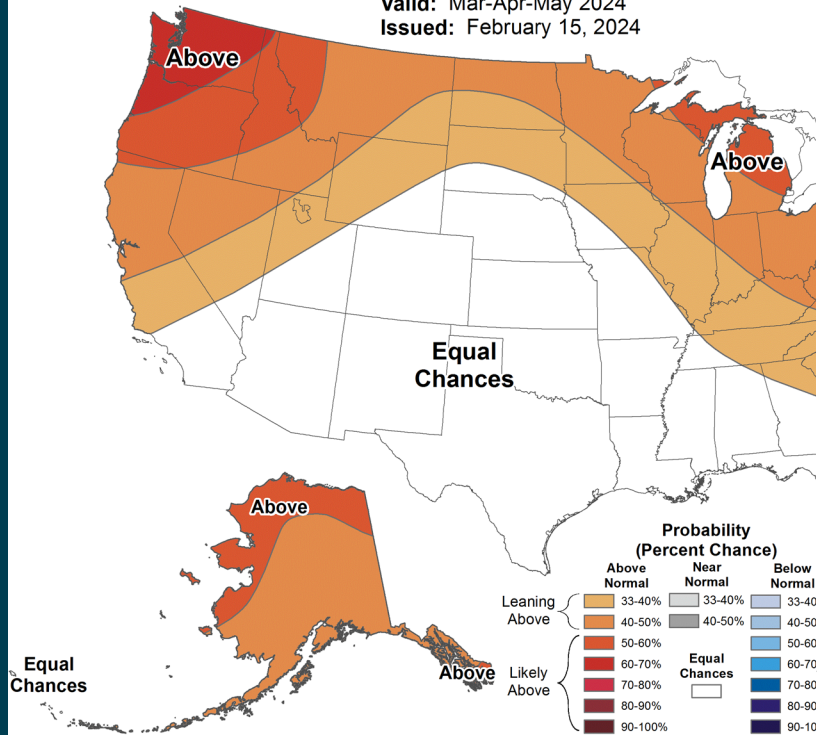


90-Day Forecast



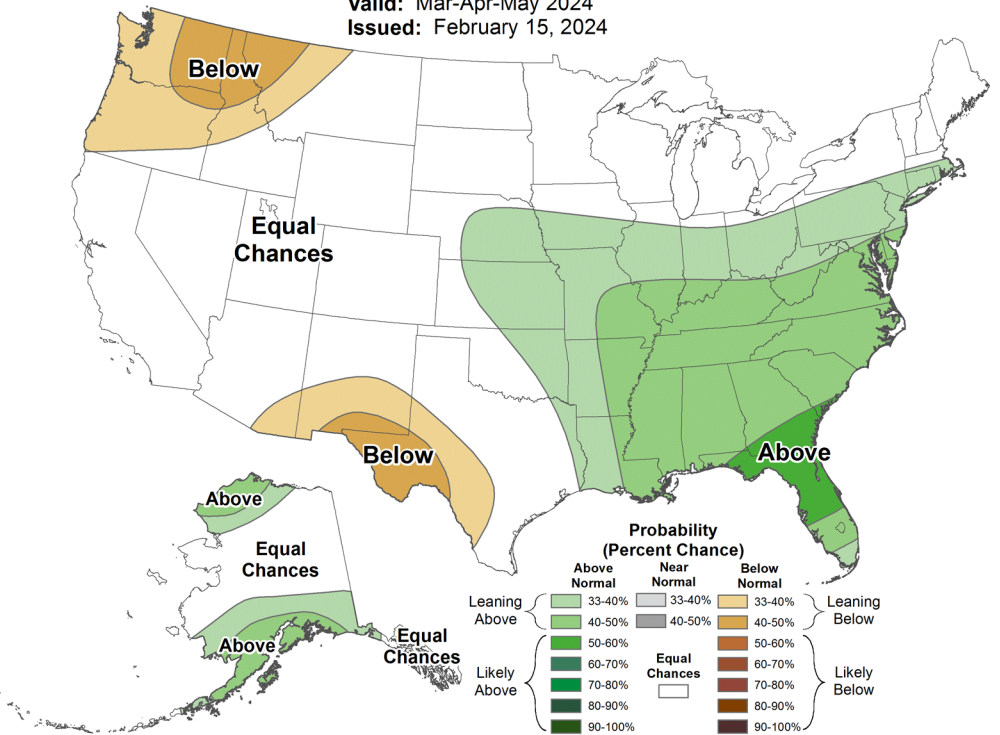
Seasonal Temperature Outlook

Valid: Mar-Apr-May 2024
Issued: February 15, 2024



Seasonal Precipitation Outlook

Valid: Mar-Apr-May 2024
Issued: February 15, 2024



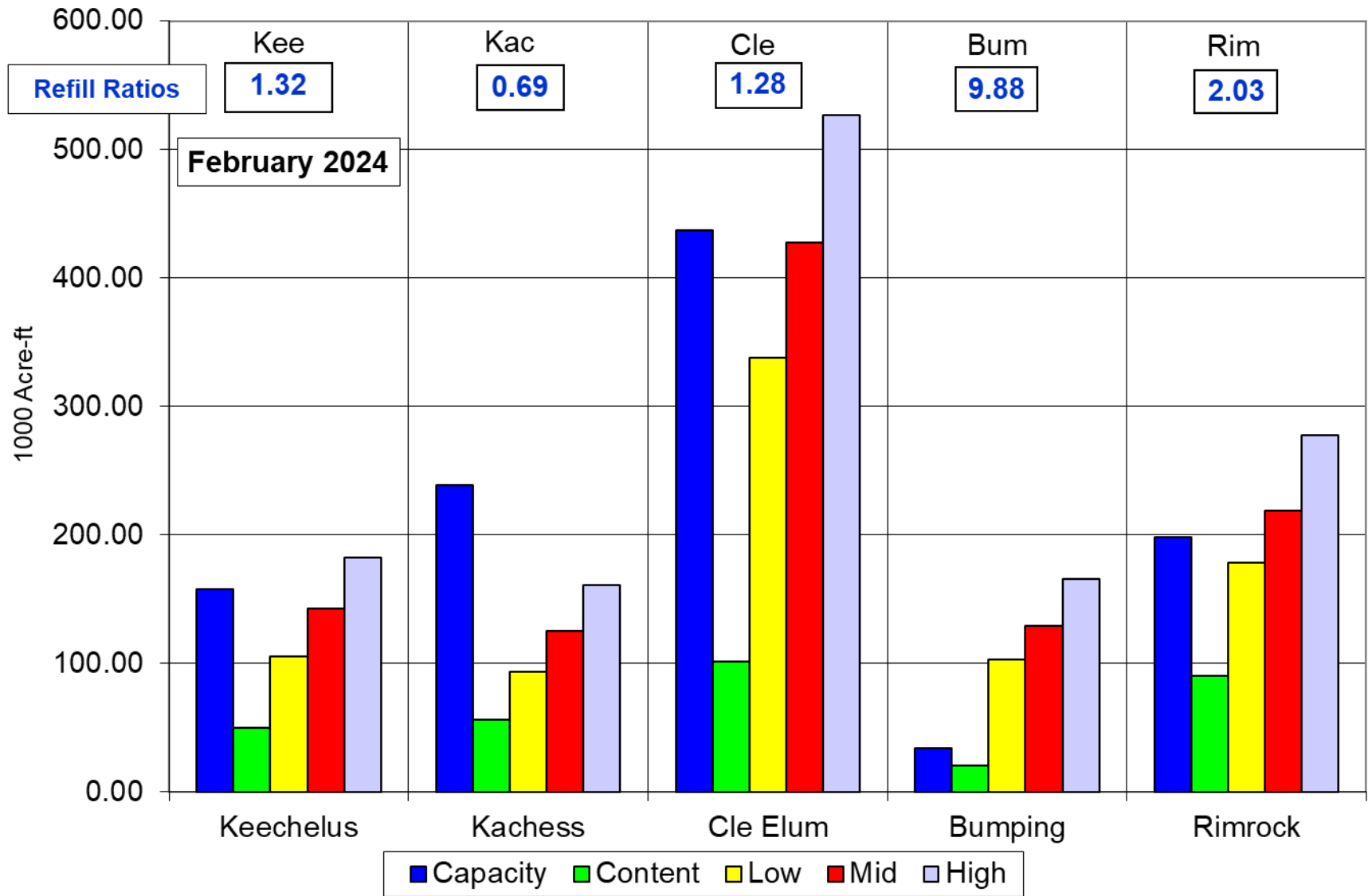
Yakima Subbasin forecasts

Yakima Basin Forecasts, Feb-Jul, AF

Feb, 2024	Min	Composite	Max	Min	Composite	Max
Parw	1619340	2100357	2758951	72%	93%	123%
kee	105695	142445	182582	70%	94%	120%
kac	93384	125071	160742	68%	91%	116%
cle	338163	427725	526436	73%	92%	113%
bum	103320	128943	166016	73%	92%	118%
rim	178743	218539	277605	75%	92%	117%
Yumw	700996	908345	1137058	72%	93%	116%
Nacw	632785	828361	1103434	71%	93%	124%
System	779423	1042722	1318373	69%	92%	116%



Yakima Project Runoff Forecast to Reservoir Space Available



Hydrologic Summary

- Yakima Reservoir Storage is low, 372KAF, 61% avg.
- Went from 3rd lowest to 6th lowest (1971-2023).
- Fall precip and flows were low
- Winter precip and flows have been good
- YRBWEP Conservation: 22.4 KAF
- Winter flows remain at the BA minimum.
- February forecasts are not too grim 90%+ range.