

Ground Water Cleanup Levels

Table 720-1

Notes on Developing Method A Table Values Washington State Department of Ecology Clarc Notes

Method A Notes.doc

Notes on the Development of Method A Cleanup Levels WAC 173-340-720, 740, and 745

The following tables were prepared as part of the rule-making process for the amended MTCA rule adopted February 12, 2001. The information in the tables was used when Ecology developed the Method A Cleanup Levels for the revised regulation.

The tables compile cleanup level calculations for various exposure pathways for both carcinogenic and noncarcinogenic heath effects, applicable state and federal laws, laboratory practical quantitation limits and other relevant information that was used to develop the Method A cleanup levels. While this is useful background information, <u>the values in these tables are not</u> <u>the adopted rule and should not be used as Method A cleanup levels</u>. Use the tables, footnotes and accompanying text in the adopted regulation to develop Method A cleanup levels.

NOTE: Some columns in these tables refer to "current" and "proposed" Method A values. "Current" as used in these tables refers to the cleanup levels as they existed prior to the adoption of the February 12, 2001 rule amendments. "Proposed" as used in these tables are the cleanup levels that were adopted on February 12, 2001.

February 9, 20 November 23,	001 , 2004 revision (1)
TO:	Interested Persons
FROM:	Pete Kmet, Senior Environmental Engineer Toxics Cleanup Program
SUBJECT:	Calculations for Table 720-1 Method A Ground Water Cleanup Levels
	several tables in excel format providing information on the development of the Method A ground levels for Table 720-1, WAC 173-340-900.
	uick summary providing the Method A ground water cleanup levels and a brief explanation ng in the development of Method A cleanup values.
	etailed compilation of the information considered in the development of Method A cleanup levels. This information includes:
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	vides the assumptions used for calculating the standard Method B ground water cleanup 1-carcinogens using equation 720-1 in WAC 173-340-720(4)(b)(iii)(A).
	vides the assumptions used for calculating the standard Method B ground water cleanup cinogens using equation 720-2 in WAC 173-340-720(4)(b)(iii)(B) .
adopted Febru February 9, 20 memos and ta	to and attached excel tables explain the basis for the Method A cleanup levels in the MTCA rule hary 12, 2001. The memos and tables have been slightly revised from the originals issued on 201 to clarify certain information in response to questions received since issuance of the original bles. The original memos and tables can be found in appendix D of the concise explanatory the February 12, 2001 rule amendments (http://www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/tcp/regs/reg_main.html)

		Table	1: Quick S	Summary Basis for Method A Groundwater Table Values
Parameter	CAS No.	1991 Method A ug/l	2001 adopted Method A ug/l	Basis for Proposed Cleanup Level
Arsenic	7440-38-2	5	5	Natr'l bkgdMCL exceeds allowable risk.
Benzene	71-43-2	5	5	MCL
Benzo(a)Pyrene	50-32-8	none	0.1	MCL adjusted to 1 X 10-5 risk. This can also be used as the total toxic equivalents for all cPAHs. See WAC 173-340-708(8). MCL
Cadmium	7440-43-9	5	5	
T Chromium	7440-47-3	50	50	Method Bbased on Chromium VI. If just Cr (III) is present, can use 100 ug/l.
Chromium VI	18540-29-9	none	none	
Chromium III	16065-83-1	none	none	
DDT	50-29-3	0.1	0.3	Method B (current Method A value appears to be in error)
1,2 Dichloroethane	107-06-2	5	5	MCL
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	30	700	MCL
Ethylene dibromide (EDB)	106-93-4	0.01	0.01	Method B adjusted to PQLMCL exceeds allowable risk.
Lead	7439-92-1	5	15	MCL
Lindane	58-89-9	0.2	0.2	MCL
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	5	5	MCL
Mercury (inorganic)	7439-97-6	2	2	MCL
MTBE	1634-04-4	none	20	Lower limit of EPA Advisory level
Naphthalenes	91-20-3	none	160	Method B for naphthalene. This is a total of all naphthalene, 1-Methyl naphthalene & 2-Methyl Naphthalene in the water.
PAHs(carcinogenic)(1)	na	0.1	none	Replaced by Benzo(a)Pyrene, above.
PCB mixtures	1336-36-3	0.1	0.1	Method B adjusted to PQL (MCL exceeds MTCA allowable HQ and cancer risk). This is a total for all PCBs.
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	127-18-4	5	5	MCL
Toluene	108-88-3	40	1000	MCL
TPH (total)	14280-30-9	1,000	none	Replaced with TPH for specific products.
Gasoline GRO w/o benzene GRO with benzene Diesel Heavy Oils Electrical Insulating Oil	6842-59-6		1,000 800 500 500 500	Equation 720-3, assuming no benzene is present in gasoline contaminated water. Equation 720-3, assuming benzene restored to 5 ug/l. Equation 720-3. Equation 720-3. Equation 720-3.
1,1,1 Trichloroethane	71-55-6	200	200	MCL
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	5	5	MCL
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	0.2	0.2	MCL adjusted to 1 X 10-5 risk.
Xylene (total)	1330-20-7	20	1000	Not to exceed total TPH for gasoline & aesthetic considerations (odor)
Gross Alpha Particle Act.		15 pCi/l	15 pCi/l	MCL.
Gross Beta Particle Act.		4 mrem/yr	4 mrem/yr	MCL (4 mrem/yr equals 50 pCi/l)
Radium 226 & 228		5 pCi/l	5 pCi/l	MCL
Radium 226		3 pCi/l	3 pCi/l	MCL

Baaia far Mathard A. Oracia	d Wotor Table	Volues						
Basis for Method A Groun	u vvater Table	values						
					MTCA		Solubility	
Parameter	CAS No.	MCL	Method B	Method B	Risk @ MCL	PQL	Limit	Other
	0/10/10.	ug/l (1)	Carc. ug/l (2)	NonC.ug/I (3)	HQ @ MCL (4)	ug/l (5)	ug/l (6)	ug/l (7)
	· · ·	0 ()	0 ()	0 ()	1	0 ()		U ()
Arsenic	7440-38-2	50	0.058	4.8	8.6x10-4/ 10	2 (SW7060)		5 (natr'l bkgd)
Benzene	71-43-2	5	1.5	24	3.3X10-6/ 0.21	1 (SW8260B)	1,750,000	1,100 (odor)
Benzo(a)Pyrene	50-32-8	0.2	0.012		1.7X10-5	0.02 (SW8270C SIM)	1.6	
Cadmium	7440-43-9	5		8.0	0.62	0.1 (SW7131)		
Chromium	7440-47-3	100			2.1	5 (SW6010A)		
Chromium VI	18540-29-9	none		48		2 (SW7196)		
Chromium III	16065-83-1	none		24,000		5 (SW6010A)		
DDT	50-29-3	2020	0.26	8.0		0.1 (SW8081)	25	
.2 Dichloroethane	50-29-3 107-06-2	none 5	0.26	0.0	1X10-5	1 (SW8260B)	8,520,000	
,			0.40			• •		
thylbenzene	100-41-4	700	0.00054	800	0.88	1 (SW8260B)	169,000	120 (odor)
thylene dibromide (EDB)	106-93-4	0.05	0.00051		9.7X10-5	0.01 (EPA504.1)	4,000,000	
ead	7439-92-1	zero/15				2 (SW7421)		5 (natr'l bkgd)
indane	58-89-9	0.2	0.067	4.8	3X10-6/ 0.04	0.1 (EPA504.1)	6,800	
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	5	5.8	480	8.6X10-7/ 0.1	1 (SW8260B)	13,000,000	
Mercury (inorganic)	7439-97-6	2		4.8	0.4	0.1 (SW7470)		
ИТВЕ	1634-04-4	20-40				1 (SW8260B)	50,000,000	5 - 40 (odor)
Naphthalene	91-20-3	none		160		1 (SW8260B) (10)	31,000	15 (odor)
1			0.012		4 7740 5		,	
PAHs(carcinogenic)(8) PCB mixtures(9)	na 1336-36-3	0.2 0.5	0.012	0.32	1.7X10-5 1.14X10-5/ 1.6	0.02 (SW8270C SIM) 0.1 (SW8082)	1.6 12 to 57	
	1330-30-3	0.5	0.044	0.32	1.14/10-5/1.0	0.1 (300002)	12 10 37	
1) Maximum contaminant le	vel from 40 CF	R 141.61 ar	nd WAC 246-290-	310 except for lead	and MTBE, MT	BE is an EPA Advisorv rar	nge.	
ead is the MCL goal of zero								
2) Value calculated using e	quation 720-2 a	and cancer p	otency factor from	n IRIS or HEAST.		•		
3) Value calculated using e							EA].	
Risk posed by MCL, calc		uations 720	-1 and 720-2. No	n carcinogen relat	ed values are high	lighted with bolding.		
5) From Manchester Labora								
6) Source: EPA Soil Screen								
om ATSDR Toxicological F								
 7) Odor threshold is mediar 8) The cPAH values shown 				values for AS and		ז.		
9) For PCBs, the noncarcin				254. The carcinor	l nenic risk is based	on the most potent CPF	in IRIS.	
10) Use SW 8270C to meas								
					1			

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asis for Method A Ground	Water Table	Values						
					MTCA		Solubility	
Parameter	CAS No.	MCL	Method B	Method B	Risk @ MCL	PQL	Limit	Other
		ug/l (1)	Carc. ug/l (2)	NonC.ug/I (3)	HQ @ MCL (4)	ug/l (5)	ug/l (6)	ug/l (7)
etrachloroethylene (PCE)	127-18-4	5	0.86	80	5.8X10-6/ 0.06	1 (SW8260B)	200,000	
oluene	108-88-3	1,000		1,600	0.62	1 (SW8260B)	526,000	500 (odor)
PH (total)	14280-30-9	none						
Basoline	6842-59-6	none				250 (NWTPH-Gx)	~100,000	340 (odor)
GRO w/o benzene				1,000		, , ,		
GRO with benzene				800				
Diesel		none		500		250 (NWTPH-Gx)	<1,000-5,000	200 (odor)
leavy Oils		none		500		500 (NWTPH-Dx)	<1,000-6,300	500 (odor)
Electrical Insulating Oil		none		500		500 (NWTPH-Dx)	~1,000-1,700	2,500 (odor)
,1,1 Trichloroethane	71-55-6	200		7200	0.028	1 (SW8260B)	1,330,000	
richloroethylene	79-01-6	5	4.0		1.3X10-6	1 (SW8260B)	1,100,000	
'inyl Chloride	75-01-4	2	0.023		8.7X10-5	0.01 (SW8260B SIM)	2,760,000	
Sylene (total)	1330-20-7	10,000		16,000	0.62	3 (SW8260B)	176,000	760 (odor)
Bross Alpha Particle Act.		15 pCi/l				4 pCi/l		0.25-3 pCi/l (natr'l bkgd)
Fross Beta Particle Act.		4 mrem/yr				1 pCi/l		3-9 pCi/l (natr'l bkgd)
adium 226 & 228		5 pCi/l				0.2-0.7 pCi/l		0.3 pCi/l (natr'l bkgd)
adium 226		3 pCi/l				-		<0.3 pCi/l (natr'l bkgd)
) Maximum contaminant le	vel from 40 CF	R 141.61 ar	d WAC 246-290-	310.				
Value calculated using ed								
 Value calculated using ed 								
asoline w/benzene: Based								
asoline w/o benzene: Base	ed on equation	720-3 using	dissolved phase	composition derive	ed with 4 phase m	odel and assuming no be	enzene is present ir	n water.
iesel: Based on equation 7	20-3 using dis	solved phas	e compostion der	ived with 4 phase r	model and in wate	r/diesel partitioning exper	iment.	
eavy Oil: Based on equation								
lineral Oil: Based on equation							ng experiment.	
) Risk posed by MCL, calci	ulated using ed	quations 720	-1 and 720-2. No	n carcinogen relate	ed values are high	nlighted with bolding.		
) PQLs from Manchester L								
) Source: EPA Soil Screen	ng Guidance:	Technical Ba	ackground Docun	nent. EPA/540/R-9	5/12B. May, 199	6, except TPH from vario	us sources. The v	alue for total xylenes
a weighted average of m, o	o & p xylene ba	ased on gase	oline composition	data from TPH Cri	teria Working Gro	oupVol. 2 (May, 1998).		
7) Odor threshold is median								
	1	1		1	1		1	

I	Table 2: Su	mmary of	f Information Used in Developing the Method A Ground Water Values in Table 720-1
	4004	2001	Desis (se
	1991	adopted Method A	Basis for
Parameter	Method A		Proposed Cleanup Level
	ug/l	ug/l	Cleanup Leven
Arsenic	5	5	Natr'l bkgdMCL exceeds allowable risk.
Benzene	5	5	MCL
Benzo(a)Pyrene	none	0.1	Method B cleanup level for B(a)P. The total toxic equivalents of all cPAHs cannot exceed this value. See WAC 173-340-708(1).
Cadmium	5	5	MCL
Chromium	50	50	Method Bbased on Chromium VI.
Chromium VI	none	none	
Chromium III	none	none	
DDT	0.1	0.3	Method B (current Method A value appears to be in error)
,2 Dichloroethane	5	5	MCL
Ithylbenzene	30	700	MCL
Ethylene dibromide (EDB)	0.01	0.01	Method B adjusted to PQLMCL exceeds allowable risk.
ead	5	15	MCL
indane	0.2	0.2	MCL
	-	_	
Methylene chloride	5	5	MCL MCL
Mercury (inorganic)	2		
ИТВЕ	none	20	Lower limit of EPA Advisory level
Naphthalene(s)	none	160	Method B for naphthalene. This is a total of all naphthalene, 1-Methyl naphthalene & 2-Methyl Naphthalene in the water.
PAHs (carcinogenic)	0.1	none	Replaced by Benzo(a)Pyrene, above.
PCB mixtures	0.1	0.1	Method B adjusted to PQL (MCL exceeds MTCA allowable HQ and cancer risk). This is a total for all PCBs.
	1	1	
	1		
		1	

I	able 2: Su	mmary o	f Information Used in Developing the Method A Ground Water Values in Table 720-1
		2001	
	1991	adopted	Basis for
Parameter	Method A	Method A	Proposed
	ug/l	ug/l	Cleanup Level
	1	1	
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	5	5	MCL
Toluene	40	1,000	MCL
TPH (total)	1,000	none	Replaced with TPH for specific products.
Gasoline			
GRO w/o benzene		1,000	Equation 720-3.
GRO with benzene		800	Equation 720-3.
Diesel		500	Equation 720-3.
Heavy Oils		500	Equation 720-3.
Electrical Insulating Oil		500	Equation 720-3.
1,1,1 Trichloroethane	200	200	MCL
Trichloroethylene	5	5	MGL
Vinyl Chloride	0.2	0.2	MCL adjusted to 1 X 10-5 risk.
Xylene (total)	20	1,000	Not to exceed maximum allowable total TPH for gasoline & aesthetic considerations (odor). This is the total of m, o & p xylenes.
		.,	
Gross Alpha Particle Act.	15 pCi/l	15 pCi/l	MCL. [It is anticipated radionuclide cleanup standards will be subject to future review.]
Gross Beta Particle Act.	4 mrem/yr	4 mrem/yr	MCL (4 mrem/yr equals 50 pCi/l)
Radium 226 & 228	5 pCi/l	5 pCi/l	MCL
Radium 226	3 pCi/l	3 pCi/l	MCL
		1	

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Risk CalculationsNoncarci	nogenic Effects	of Drinking Wa	ter Ingestion	า							
		Reference	Avg. Body	Unit Conv.	Hazard	Drinking H2O	Inhalation	Drinking H2O	Method B	MCL(3)	HQ @
Parameter	CAS No.	Dose (1)	Weight	Factor	Quotient	Ing. Rate	Corr. Factor	Fraction	Noncarc(2)		MCL(4)
		(mg/kg-day)	(kg)	(ug/mg)	(unitless)	(liter/day)	(unitless)	(unitless)	(ug/l)	(ug/l)	(unitless)
Arsenic	7440-38-2	0.0003	16	1,000	1	1.0	1	1.0	4.8	50	10
Benzene	71-43-2	0.003	16	1,000	1	1.0	2	1.0	24	5	0.2
Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.0005	16	1,000	1	1.0	1	1.0	8.0	5	0.6
T Chromium	7440-47-3	not available								100	
Chromium III	16065-83-1	1.5	16	1,000	1	1.0	1	1.0	24,000	none	
Chromium VI	18540-29-9	0.003	16	1,000	1	1.0	1	1.0	48	none	
DDT	50-29-3	0.0005	16	1,000	1	1.0	1	1.0	8.0	none	
1,2 Dichloroethane	107-06-2	not available		.,			•			5	
Ethylbonzono	100-41-4	0.1	16	1,000	1	1.0	2	1.0	800	700	0.9
Ethylbenzene Ethylene dibromide (EDB)	106-93-4	not available	10	1,000	I	1.0	2	1.0	800	0.05	0.9
Lead	7439-92-1	not available								zero / 15	
Lindane	58-89-9	0.0003	16	1,000	1	1.0	1	1.0	4.8	0.2	0.04
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	0.06	16	1,000	1	1.0	2	1.0	480	5	0.01
Mercury (inorganic)	7439-97-6	0.0003	16	1,000	1	1.0	1	1.0	4.8	2	0.4
МТВЕ	1634-04-4	not available								20-40	+
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.02	16	1,000	1	1.0	2	1.0	160	none	
cPAH Mixtures	na	not available									
Benzo[a]anthracene	56-55-3	not available									
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	205-99-2	not available									1
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	207-08-9	not available									
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	not available								0.2	
Chrysene	218-01-9	not available									
Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene	53-70-3	not available									
Ideno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	207-08-9	not available									
(1) Source of RfDs is EPA's IR	IS database exc	ept for benzene	which is from	EPA's NCEA	\.						
(2) Value calculated using equ											
(3) Maximum contaminant leve					MTBE which	is not an MCL b	out the EPA Adv	visory range.			
For lead, this is the MCL goal									ap.		
(4) MCL divided by Method B											1

Table 3: Drinking Water -- Method B Calculations for Noncarcingens

Risk CalculationsNor	ncarcinogenic E	ffects of Drinki	ng Water Ing	estion							
		Reference	Avg. Body	Unit Conv.	Hazard	Drinking H2O	Inhalation	Drinking H2O	Method B	MCL(3)	HQ @
Parameter	CAS No.	Dose (1)	Weight	Factor	Quotient	Ing. Rate	Corr. Factor	Fraction	Noncarc(2)		MCL(4)
		(mg/kg-day)	(kg)	(ug/mg)	(unitless)	(liter/day)	(unitless)	(unitless)	(ug/l)	(ug/l)	(unitless
PCB mixtures	1336-36-3	not available								0.5	
High Risk & Persistence		not available									
Low Risk & Persistence		not available									
Lowest Risk & Persistence		not available									
Aroclor 1016	12674-11-2	0.00007	16	1,000	1	1.0	1	1.0	1.1	0.5	0.4
Arochlor 1248	12672-29-6	not available									
Arochlor 1254	11097-69-1	0.00002	16	1,000	1	1.0	1	1.0	0.32	0.5	1.6
Arochlor 1260		not available									
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	127-18-4	0.01	16	1,000	1	1.0	2	1.0	80	5	0.1
Toluene	108-88-3	0.2	16	1,000	1	1.0	2	1.0	1,600	1,000	0.6
1,1,1 Trichloroethane	71-55-6	0.9	16	1,000	1	1.0	2	1.0	7,200	200	0.03
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	not available								5	
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	not available								2	
Xylenes	1330-20-7	2.0	16	1,000	1	1.0	2	1.0	16,000	10,000	0.6
m-Xylene	108-38-3	not available									
o-xylene	95-47-6	not available									
p-xylene		not available									
Gross Alpha Particle Act.		not available								15 pCi/l	
Gross Beta Particle Act.		not available								4 mrem/yr	
Radium 226 & 228		not available								5 pCi/l	
Radium 226		not available								3 pCi/l	
(A) 0 (D(D) : EDAL 15											
(1) Source of RfDs is EPA's IF											
(2) Value calculated using equ(3) Maximum contaminant leve											

Table 3: Drinking Water -- Method B Calculations for Noncarcingens

		Та	ble 4: C	Drinking	g Water	Method	B Calcula	ations for	Carcinge	ens			
Risk CalculationsCarcin	ogenic Effec	ts of Dri	nking Wate	r Ingestio	n								
	J					Cancer							
		Risk	Avg. Body	Lifetime	Unit Conv.	Potency	Drinking H2O	Duration	Inhalation	Drinking H2O	Method B	MCL(3)	Risk @
Parameter	CAS No.		Weight		Factor	Factor	Ing. Rate	of Exposure	Corr. Factor	Fraction	Carcinogen		MCL(4)
		(unitless)	(kg)	(years)	(ug/mg)	(kg-day/mg)	(liter/day)	(years)	(unitless)	(unitless)	(ug/l)	(ug/l)	(unitless)
Arsenic	7440-38-2	1E-06	70	75	1,000	1.5	2.0	30	1	1.0	0.058	50	857
Benzene	71-43-2	1E-06	70	75	1,000	0.029	2.0	30	2	1.0	1.51	5	3.3
Cadmium	7440-43-9					not available						5	
T Chromium	7440-47-3											100	
Chromium III	16065-83-1					not available						none	
Chromium VI	18540-29-9					not available						none	
DDT	50-29-3	1E-06	70	75	1,000	0.34	2.0	30	1	1.0	0.26	none	
1,2 Dichloroethane	107-06-2	1E-06	70	75	1,000	0.091	2.0	30	2	1.0	0.48	5	10
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4					not available						700	
Ethylene dibromide (EDB)	106-93-4	1E-06	70	75	1,000	85	2.0	30	2	1.0	0.00051	0.05	97
Lead	7439-92-1					not available						zero / 15	
Lindane	58-89-9	1E-06	70	75	1,000	1.3	2.0	30	1	1.0	0.067	0.2	3.0
Methvlene chloride	75-09-2	1E-06	70	75	1,000	0.0075	2.0	30	2	1.0	5.8	5	0.9
Mercury (inorganic)	7439-97-6				,	not available						2	
МТВЕ	1634-04-4					not available						20-40	
Naphthalene	91-20-3					not available						none	
cPAH Mixtures	na												
Benzo[a]anthracene	56-55-3					not available							
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	205-99-2					not available							
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	207-08-9					not available							
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	1E-06	70	75	1,000	7.3	2.0	30	1	1.0	0.012	0.2	17
Chrysene	218-01-9					not available							
Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene	53-70-3					not available							
Ideno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	207-08-9					not available							
(1) Source of Cancer Poten	ov Eastar is t	ha aral al	ono factore	from EDA!			r Lindono white	h in from LIF A	ст				
(1) Source of Cancer Poten (2) Value calculated using e									31.				
(3) Maximum contaminant l							lead and MTBF	. MTBE is an	EPA Advisory	/ range.			
Lead is the MCL goal of zer													
(4) MCL divided by Method													
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				-		•	•	-					

		1 a			y water	Methou			Carcinge	113			
Risk CalculationsCarcin	ogenic Effe	cts of Drir	nking Wate	r Ingestio	n								
				ingeotie		Cancer							
		Risk	Avg. Body	Lifetime	Unit Conv.	Potency	Drinking H2O	Duration	Inhalation	Drinking H2O	Method B	MCL(3)	Risk @
Parameter	CAS No.		Weight		Factor	Factor	Ing. Rate	of Exposure		Fraction	Carcinogen	(*)	MCL(4)
		(unitless)	U	(years)	(ug/mg)	(kg-day/mg)	(liter/day)	(years)	(unitless)	(unitless)	(ug/l)	(ug/l)	(unitless)
PCB mixtures	4000.00.0												
High Risk & Persistence	1336-36-3	1E-06	70	75	1,000	2.0	2.0	30	4	1.0	0.044	0.5	11
			-	75 75	,		-	30	1				
Low Risk & Persistence		1E-06	-	-	1,000	0.4	2.0		1	1.0	0.22	0.5	2.3
Lowest Risk & Persistence		1E-06	70	75	1,000	0.07	2.0	30	1	1.0	1.25	0.5	0.40
Aroclor 1016	12674-11-2					not available						0.5	
Arochlor 1248	12672-29-6					not available							
Arochlor 1254	11097-69-1	1				not available						0.5	
Arochlor 1260						not available							
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	127-18-4	1E-06	70	75	1,000	0.051	2.0	30	2	1.0	0.86	5	6
Toluene	108-88-3					not available						1,000	
1,1,1 Trichloroethane	71-55-6					not available						200	
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	1E-06	70	75	1,000	0.011	2.0	30	2	1.0	4.0	5	1.3
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	1E-06	70	75	1,000	1.9	2.0	30	2	1.0	0.023	2	87
Xylenes	1330-20-7					not available						10,000	
m-Xylene	108-38-3					not available						,	
o-xylene	95-47-6					not available							
p-xylene						not available							
Gross Alpha Particle Act.						not available						15 pCi/l	-
Gross Beta Particle Act.						not available						4 mrem/yr	r
Radium 226 & 228						not available						5 pCi/l	
Radium 226						not available						3 pCi/l	
(1) Source of Cancer Poten	cy Factor is t	the oral slo	ope factors	from EPA's	s IRIS datab	ase, except fo	or tetrachloroeth	ylene, trichlor	othylene and	vinyl chloride wl	hich are from H	IEAST.	
(2) Value calculated using e									-				
(3) Maximum contaminant lo													
(4) MCL divided by Method						A acceptable	risk of 1X10-5 [i	.e. >10].					
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Table 4: Drinking Water -- Method B Calculations for Carcingens