

# North Shore Levee West Segment

Hoquiam, Washington

MT – 2 FORMS  
CLOMR Submittal

April 17, 2020





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**FORM 1**

**Overview & Concurrence Form**



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY  
 FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY  
**OVERVIEW & CONCURRENCE FORM**

*O.M.B No. 1660-0016  
 Expires February 28, 2014*

**PAPERWORK BURDEN DISCLOSURE NOTICE**

Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 1 hours per response. The burden estimate includes the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the needed data, and completing, reviewing, and submitting the form. You are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. Send comments regarding the accuracy of the burden estimate and any suggestions for reducing this burden to: Information Collections Management, Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 1800 South Bell Street, Arlington, VA 20958-3005, Paperwork Reduction Project (1660-0016). Submission of the form is required to obtain or retain benefits under the National Flood Insurance Program. **Please do not send your completed survey to the above address.**

**PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT**

**AUTHORITY:** The National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, Public Law 90-448, as amended by the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, Public Law 93-234.

**PRINCIPAL PURPOSE(S):** This information is being collected for the purpose of determining an applicant's eligibility to request changes to National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM).

**ROUTINE USE(S):** The information on this form may be disclosed as generally permitted under 5 U.S.C § 552a(b) of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended. This includes using this information as necessary and authorized by the routine uses published in DHS/FEMA/NFIP/LOMA-1 National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP); Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA) February 15, 2006, 71 FR 7990.

**DISCLOSURE:** The disclosure of information on this form is voluntary; however, failure to provide the information requested may delay or prevent FEMA from processing a determination regarding a requested change to a (NFIP) Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM).

**A. REQUESTED RESPONSE FROM DHS-FEMA**

This request is for a (check one):

- CLOMR: A letter from DHS-FEMA commenting on whether a proposed project, if built as proposed, would justify a map revision, or proposed hydrology changes (See 44 CFR Ch. 1, Parts 60, 65 & 72).
- LOMR: A letter from DHS-FEMA officially revising the current NFIP map to show the changes to floodplains, regulatory floodway or flood elevations. (See 44 CFR Ch. 1, Parts 60, 65 & 72)

**B. OVERVIEW**

1. The NFIP map panel(s) affected for all impacted communities is (are):

Community No.	Community Name	State	Map No.	Panel No.	Effective Date
530061	City of Hoquiam	WA	53027C	0882D	02/03/17
530061	City of Hoquiam	WA	53027C	0881D	02/03/17

2. a. Flooding Source: Grays Harbor

- b. Types of Flooding:  Riverine     Coastal     Shallow Flooding (e.g., Zones AO and AH)  
 Alluvial fan     Lakes     Other (Attach Description)

3. Project Name/Identifier: North Shore Levee West Segment

4. FEMA zone designations affected: AE (choices: A, AH, AO, A1-A30, A99, AE, AR, V, V1-V30, VE, B, C, D, X)

5. Basis for Request and Type of Revision:

a. The basis for this revision request is (check all that apply)

- Physical Change     Improved Methodology/Data     Regulatory Floodway Revision     Base Map Changes
- Coastal Analysis     Hydraulic Analysis     Hydrologic Analysis     Corrections
- Weir-Dam Changes     Levee Certification     Alluvial Fan Analysis     Natural Changes
- New Topographic Data     Other (Attach Description)

Note: A photograph and narrative description of the area of concern is not required, but is very helpful during review.

b. The area of revision encompasses the following structures (check all that apply)

- Structures:     Channelization     Levee/Floodwall     Bridge/Culvert

Dam                       Fill                       Other (Attach Description)

6.  Documentation of ESA compliance is submitted (required to initiate CLOMR review). Please refer to the instructions for more information.

SEE SUBMITTAL PACKAGE FOR ESA COMPLIANCE LETTER

**C. REVIEW FEE**

Has the review fee for the appropriate request category been included?                       Yes                      Fee amount: \$7,250  
 No, Attach Explanation


Please see the DHS-FEMA Web site at [http://www.fema.gov/plan/prevent/fhm/fhm\\_fees.shtml](http://www.fema.gov/plan/prevent/fhm/fhm_fees.shtml) for Fee Amounts and Exemptions.

**D. SIGNATURE**

All documents submitted in support of this request are correct to the best of my knowledge. I understand that any false statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment under Title 18 of the United States Code, Section 1001.

Name: Mark Steepy, PE	Company: KPFF Consulting Engineers	
Mailing Address: 612 Woodland Square Loop SE, Suite 100 Lacey, WA 98503	Daytime Telephone No.: (360) 292-7230	Fax No.: (360) 292-7231
	E-Mail Address: mark.steepy@kpff.com	
Signature of Requester (required): 	Date: <u>04-21-2020</u>	

As the community official responsible for floodplain management, I hereby acknowledge that we have received and reviewed this Letter of Map Revision (LOMR) or conditional LOMR request. Based upon the community's review, we find the completed or proposed project meets or is designed to meet all of the community floodplain management requirements, including the requirements for when fill is placed in the regulatory floodway, and that all necessary Federal, State, and local permits have been, or in the case of a conditional LOMR, will be obtained. For Conditional LOMR requests, the applicant has documented Endangered Species Act (ESA) compliance to FEMA prior to FEMA's review of the Conditional LOMR application. For LOMR requests, I acknowledge that compliance with Sections 9 and 10 of the ESA has been achieved independently of FEMA's process. For actions authorized, funded, or being carried out by Federal or State agencies, documentation from the agency showing its compliance with Section 7(a)(2) of the ESA will be submitted. In addition, we have determined that the land and any existing or proposed structures to be removed from the SFHA are or will be reasonably safe from flooding as defined in 44CFR 65.2(c), and that we have available upon request by FEMA, all analyses and documentation used to make this determination.

Community Official's Name and Title: Brian Shay, City Administrator	Community Name: Hoquiam, Washington	
Mailing Address: Hoquiam City Hall  609 8 <sup>th</sup> Street Hoquiam, WA 98550	Daytime Telephone No.: (360) 538-3983	Fax No.: (360) 538-0938
	E-Mail Address: bshay@cityofhoquiam.com	
Community Official's Signature (required): 	Date: <u>4/13/2020</u>	

**CERTIFICATION BY REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER AND/OR LAND SURVEYOR**

This certification is to be signed and sealed by a licensed land surveyor, registered professional engineer, or architect authorized by law to certify elevation information data, hydrologic and hydraulic analysis, and any other supporting information as per NFIP regulations paragraph 65.2(b) and as described in the MT-2 Forms Instructions. All documents submitted in support of this request are correct to the best of my knowledge. I understand that any false statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment under Title 18 of the United States Code, Section 1001.

Certifier's Name: Mark Steepy, PE	License No.: 34853 (WA)	Expiration Date: Feb 27 2021
Company Name: KPFF Consulting Engineers	Telephone No.: (360) 292-7230	Fax No.: (360) 292-7231
Signature: 	Date: <u>04-21-2020</u>	E-Mail Address: mark.steepy@kpff.com

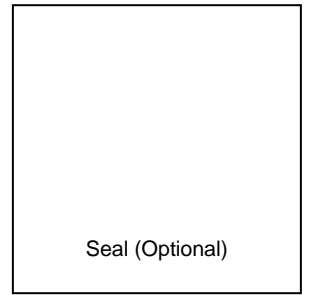


Ensure the forms that are appropriate to your revision request are included in your submittal.

**Form Name and (Number)**

**Required if ...**

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Riverine Hydrology and Hydraulics Form (Form 2) | New or revised discharges or water-surface elevations   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Riverine Structures Form (Form 3)               | Channel is modified, addition/revision of bridge/culverts, addition/revision of levee/floodwall, addition/revision of dam |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Coastal Analysis Form (Form 4)                  | New or revised coastal elevations   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Coastal Structures Form (Form 5)                | Addition/revision of coastal structure  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Alluvial Fan Flooding Form (Form 6)                        | Flood control measures on alluvial fans   |





**FORM 2**

**Riverine Hydrology & Hydraulics Form**



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY  
 FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY  
**RIVERINE HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS FORM**

*O.M.B No. 1660-0016  
 Expires February 28, 2014*

**PAPERWORK BURDEN DISCLOSURE NOTICE**

Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 3.5 hours per response. The burden estimate includes the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the needed data, and completing, reviewing, and submitting the form. You are not required to respond to this collection of information unless a valid OMB control number appears in the upper right corner of this form. Send comments regarding the accuracy of the burden estimate and any suggestions for reducing this burden to: Information Collections Management, Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 1800 South Bell Street, Arlington VA 20958-3005, Paperwork Reduction Project (1660-0016). Submission of the form is required to obtain or retain benefits under the National Flood Insurance Program. **Please do not send your completed survey to the above address.**

**PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT**

**AUTHORITY:** The National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, Public Law 90-448, as amended by the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, Public Law 93-234.

**PRINCIPAL PURPOSE(S):** This information is being collected for the purpose of determining an applicant's eligibility to request changes to National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM).

**ROUTINE USE(S):** The information on this form may be disclosed as generally permitted under 5 U.S.C § 552a(b) of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended. This includes using this information as necessary and authorized by the routine uses published in DHS/FEMA/NFIP/LOMA-1 National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP); Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA) February 15, 2006, 71 FR 7990.

**DISCLOSURE:** The disclosure of information on this form is voluntary; however, failure to provide the information requested may delay or prevent FEMA from processing a determination regarding a requested change to a NFIP Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM).

Flooding Source: The coastal, tidally influence area of the Hoquiam River

**Note:** Fill out one form for each flooding source studied

**A. HYDROLOGY**

1. Reason for New Hydrologic Analysis (check all that apply)

- |   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not revised (skip to section B) | <input type="checkbox"/> No existing analysis        | <input type="checkbox"/> Improved data                           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Alternative methodology                    | <input type="checkbox"/> Proposed Conditions (CLOMR) | <input type="checkbox"/> Changed physical condition of watershed |

2. Comparison of Representative 1%-Annual-Chance Discharges NOT APPLICABLE

Location	Drainage Area (Sq. Mi.)	Effective/FIS (cfs)	Revised (cfs)
----------	-------------------------	---------------------	---------------

3. Methodology for New Hydrologic Analysis (check all that apply) NOT APPLICABLE

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Statistical Analysis of Gage Records | <input type="checkbox"/> Precipitation/Runoff Model → Specify Model: _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Regional Regression Equations        | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (please attach description)                 |

Please enclose all relevant models in digital format, maps, computations (including computation of parameters), and documentation to support the new analysis.

4. Review/Approval of Analysis NOT APPLICABLE

If your community requires a regional, state, or federal agency to review the hydrologic analysis, please attach evidence of approval/review.

5. Impacts of Sediment Transport on Hydrology NOT APPLICABLE

Is the hydrology for the revised flooding source(s) affected by sediment transport?  Yes  No

If yes, then fill out Section F (Sediment Transport) of Form 3. If No, then attach your explanation..

See Attachment #1: North Shore Levee West Segment Sediment Transport Explanations (Note 2)

**B. HYDRAULICS**

1. Reach to be Revised NOT APPLICABLE

	Description	Cross Section	Water-Surface Elevations (ft.)	
			Effective	Proposed/Revised
Downstream Limit*	_____	_____	_____	_____
Upstream Limit*	_____	_____	_____	_____

\*Proposed/Revised elevations must tie into the Effective elevations within 0.5 foot at the downstream and upstream limits of revision.

2. Hydraulic Method/Model Used: See BFE Determination Memo included with this submittal.

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3. Pre-Submittal Review of Hydraulic Models\*  
 DHS-FEMA has developed two review programs, CHECK-2 and CHECK-RAS, to aid in the review of HEC-2 and HEC-RAS hydraulic models, respectively. We recommend that you review your HEC-2 and HEC-RAS models with CHECK-2 and CHECK-RAS.

4.

<u>Models Submitted</u>	<u>Natural Run</u>	<u>Floodway Run</u>	<u>Datum</u>
Duplicate Effective Model*	File Name: _____ Plan Name: _____	File Name: _____ Plan Name: _____	_____
Corrected Effective Model*	File Name: _____ Plan Name: _____	File Name: _____ Plan Name: _____	_____
Existing or Pre-Project Conditions Model	File Name: _____ Plan Name: _____	File Name: _____ Plan Name: _____	_____
Revised or Post-Project Conditions Model	File Name: _____ Plan Name: _____	File Name: _____ Plan Name: _____	_____
Other - (attach description)	File Name: _____ Plan Name: _____	File Name: _____ Plan Name: _____	_____

\* For details, refer to the corresponding section of the instructions.

NOT APPLICABLE
 Digital Models Submitted? (Required)

**C. MAPPING REQUIREMENTS**

A **certified topographic work map** must be submitted showing the following information (where applicable): the boundaries of the effective, existing, and proposed conditions 1%-annual-chance floodplain (for approximate Zone A revisions) or the boundaries of the 1%- and 0.2%-annual-chance floodplains and regulatory floodway (for detailed Zone AE, AO, and AH revisions); location and alignment of all cross sections with stationing control indicated; stream, road, and other alignments (e.g., dams, levees, etc.); current community easements and boundaries; boundaries of the requester's property; certification of a registered professional engineer registered in the subject State; location and description of reference marks; and the referenced vertical datum (NGVD, NAVD, etc.).

Digital Mapping (GIS/CADD) Data Submitted (preferred)

Topographic Information: 2015 and 2016 aerial potogrammetry data

Source: David Smith and Associates Date: 2015 and 2016

Accuracy: 3ft x 3ft

Note that the boundaries of the existing or proposed conditions floodplains and regulatory floodway to be shown on the revised FIRM and/or FBFM must tie-in with the effective floodplain and regulatory floodway boundaries. Please attach **a copy of the effective FIRM and/or FBFM**, at the same scale as the original, annotated to show the boundaries of the revised 1%-and 0.2%-annual-chance floodplains and regulatory floodway that tie-in with the boundaries of the effective 1%-and 0.2%-annual-chance floodplain and regulatory floodway at the upstream and downstream limits of the area on revision.

Annotated FIRM and/or FBFM (Required)

**D. COMMON REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS\***

1. For LOMR/CLOMR requests, do Base Flood Elevations (BFEs) increase?  Yes  No
- a. For CLOMR requests, if either of the following is true, please submit **evidence of compliance with Section 65.12 of the NFIP regulations**:
- The proposed project encroaches upon a regulatory floodway and would result in increases above 0.00 foot compared to pre-project conditions.
  - The proposed project encroaches upon a SFHA with or without BFEs established and would result in increases above 1.00 foot compared to pre-project conditions.
- b. Does this LOMR request cause increase in the BFE and/or SFHA compared with the effective BFEs and/or SFHA?  Yes  No  
If Yes, please attach **proof of property owner notification and acceptance (if available)**. Elements of and examples of property owner notifications can be found in the MT-2 Form 2 Instructions.
2. Does the request involve the placement or proposed placement of fill?  Yes  No
- If Yes, the community must be able to certify that the area to be removed from the special flood hazard area, to include any structures or proposed structures, meets all of the standards of the local floodplain ordinances, and is reasonably safe from flooding in accordance with the NFIP regulations set forth at 44 CFR 60.3(A)(3), 65.5(a)(4), and 65.6(a)(14). Please see the MT-2 instructions for more information.
3. For LOMR requests, is the regulatory floodway being revised?  Yes  No
- If Yes, attach **evidence of regulatory floodway revision notification**. As per Paragraph 65.7(b)(1) of the NFIP Regulations, notification is required for requests involving revisions to the regulatory floodway. (Not required for revisions to approximate 1%-annual-chance floodplains [studied Zone A designation] unless a regulatory floodway is being established. Elements and examples of regulatory floodway revision notification can be found in the MT-2 Form 2 Instructions.)
4. For CLOMR requests, please submit documentation to FEMA and the community to show that you have complied with Sections 9 and 10 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA).

For actions authorized, funded, or being carried out by Federal or State agencies, please submit documentation from the agency showing its compliance with Section 7(a)(2) of the ESA. Please see the MT-2 instructions for more detail.

\* Not inclusive of all applicable regulatory requirements. For details, see 44 CFR parts 60 and 65.





**FORM 3**

**Riverine Structures Form**



DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY  
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY  
**RIVERINE STRUCTURES FORM**

**O.M.B. NO. 1660-0016**  
**Expires February 28, 2014**

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**DISCLOSURE:** The disclosure of information on this form is voluntary; however, failure to provide the information requested may delay or prevent FEMA from processing a determination regarding a requested change to a NFIP Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM).

Flooding Source: Coastal flooding of Grays Harbor that impacts lower regions of the Hoquiam River

Note: Fill out one form for each flooding source studied.

**A. GENERAL**

Complete the appropriate section(s) for each Structure listed below:

- Channelization.....complete Section B
- Bridge/Culvert.....complete Section C
- Dam.....complete Section D
- Levee/Floodwall.....complete Section E
- Sediment Transport.....complete Section F (if required)

Description Of Modeled Structure

1. Name of Structure: North Shore Levee West Segment

Type (check one):     Channelization                       Bridge/Culvert                       Levee/Floodwall                       Dam

Location of Structure: 0+00 to 203+00. West Terminus: Northing = 623355.74 Easting = 793,782.85.  
East Terminus: Northing = 619,731.11 Easting = 787,629.74

Downstream Limit/Cross Section: left of confluence of Little Hoquiam River and Hoquiam River

Upstream Limit/Cross Section: East of Bowerman Basin (Grays Harbor)

2. Name of Structure: Perry Ave Bridge (US 101)

Type (check one):     Channelization                       Bridge/Culvert                       Levee/Floodwall                       Dam

Location of Structure: Levee Station 1+74

Downstream Limit/Cross Section: 3.06 (Hoquiam R)

Upstream Limit/Cross Section: 3.08 (Hoquiam R)

3. Name of Structure: Riverside Ave Bridge (US 101)

Type (check one)     Channelization                       Bridge/Culvert                       Levee/Floodwall                       Dam

Location of Structure: Levee Station 105+30

Downstream Limit/Cross Section: 0.8 (Hoquiam R)

Upstream Limit/Cross Section: .82 (Hoquiam R)

4. Name of Structure: Simpson Ave Bridge (US 101)

Type (check one)       Channelization                       Bridge/Culvert                       Levee/Floodwall                       Dam

Location of Structure: Levee Station 129+3

Downstream Limit/Cross Section: .36 (Hoquiam R)

Upstream Limit/Cross Section: .38 (Hoquiam R)

5. Name of Structure: Railroad Bridge

Type (check one)       Channelization                       Bridge/Culvert                       Levee/Floodwall                       Dam

Location of Structure: East of K St Pump Station located at Levee Station 147+00

Downstream Limit/Cross Section: .12 (Hoquiam R)

Upstream Limit/Cross Section: .14 (Hoquiam R)

NOTE: FOR MORE STRUCTURES, ATTACH ADDITIONAL PAGES AS NEEDED.

B. CHANNELIZATION

Flooding Source: \_\_\_\_\_

NOT APPLICABLE

Name of Structure: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Hydraulic Considerations

The channel was designed to carry \_\_\_\_\_ (cfs) and/or the \_\_\_\_\_-year flood.

The design elevation in the channel is based on (check one):

- Subcritical flow       Critical flow       Supercritical flow       Energy grade line

If there is the potential for a hydraulic jump at the following locations, check all that apply and attach an explanation of how the hydraulic jump is controlled without affecting the stability of the channel.

- Inlet to channel     Outlet of channel     At Drop Structures     At Transitions

Other locations (specify): \_\_\_\_\_

2. Channel Design Plans

Attach the plans of the channelization certified by a registered professional engineer, as described in the instructions.

3. Accessory Structures

The channelization includes (check one):

- Levees [Attach Section E (Levee/Floodwall)]     Drop structures     Superelevated sections  
 Transitions in cross sectional geometry     Debris basin/detention basin [Attach Section D (Dam/Basin)]     Energy dissipator  
 Weir       Other (Describe): \_\_\_\_\_

4. Sediment Transport Considerations

Are the hydraulics of the channel affected by sediment transport?     Yes     No

If yes, then fill out Section F (Sediment Transport) of Form 3. If No, then attach your explanation for why sediment transport was not considered.

C. BRIDGE/CULVERT

Flooding Source: Grays Harbor & the Hoquiam River

Name of Structure: Perry Ave Bridge, Riverside Ave Bridge, Simpson Ave Bridge, Railroad Bridge,

1. This revision reflects (check one):

- Bridge/culvert not modeled in the FIS
- Modified bridge/culvert previously modeled in the FIS
- Revised analysis of bridge/culvert previously modeled in the FIS

2. Hydraulic model used to analyze the structure (e.g., HEC-2 with special bridge routine, WSPRO, HY8): HEC-RAS  
If different than hydraulic analysis for the flooding source, justify why the hydraulic analysis used for the flooding source could not analyze the structures. Attach justification.

3. Attach plans of the structures certified by a registered professional engineer. The plan detail and information should include the following (check the information that has been provided):

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Dimensions (height, width, span, radius, length) | <input type="checkbox"/> Distances Between Cross Sections                      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Shape (culverts only)                            | <input type="checkbox"/> Erosion Protection                                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Material   | <input type="checkbox"/> Low Chord Elevations – Upstream and Downstream        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Beveling or Rounding                             | <input type="checkbox"/> Top of Road Elevations – Upstream and Downstream      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Wing Wall Angle                                  | <input type="checkbox"/> Structure Invert Elevations – Upstream and Downstream |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Skew Angle                                       | <input type="checkbox"/> Stream Invert Elevations – Upstream and Downstream    |
|   | <input type="checkbox"/> Cross-Section Locations                               |

Plans of bridges in levee alignment to be provided upon detailed design.

4. Sediment Transport Considerations

Are the hydraulics of the structure affected by sediment transport?  Yes  No

If Yes, then fill out Section F (Sediment Transport) of Form 3. If no, then attach an explanation.

See Attachment #1: North Shore Levee West Segment Sediment Transport Explanations (Note 2)

**D. DAM/BASIN**

Flooding Source: \_\_\_\_\_ NOT APPLICABLE

Name of Structure: \_\_\_\_\_

1. This request is for (check one):  Existing dam/basin  New dam/basin  Modification of existing dam/basin
2. The dam/basin was designed by (check one):  Federal agency  State agency  Private organization  Local government agency

Name of the agency or organization: \_\_\_\_\_

3. The Dam was permitted as (check one):  Federal Dam  State Dam

Provide the permit or identification number (ID) for the dam and the appropriate permitting agency or organization

Permit or ID number \_\_\_\_\_ Permitting Agency or Organization \_\_\_\_\_

- a.  Local Government Dam  Private Dam

Provided related drawings, specification and supporting design information.

4. Does the project involve revised hydrology?  Yes  No

If Yes, complete the Riverine Hydrology & Hydraulics Form (Form 2).

Was the dam/basin designed using critical duration storm? (must account for the maximum volume of runoff)

- Yes, provide supporting documentation with your completed Form 2.
- No, provide a written explanation and justification for not using the critical duration storm.

5. Does the submittal include debris/sediment yield analysis?  Yes  No

If Yes, then fill out Section F (Sediment Transport). If No, then attach your explanation for why debris/sediment analysis was not considered?

6. Does the Base Flood Elevation behind the dam/basin or downstream of the dam/basin change?  Yes  No

If Yes, complete the Riverine Hydrology & Hydraulics Form (Form 2) and complete the table below.

FREQUENCY (% annual chance)	Stillwater Elevation Behind the Dam/Basin	
	FIS	REVISED
10-year (10%)	_____	_____
50-year (2%)	_____	_____
100-year (1%)	_____	_____
500-year (0.2%)	_____	_____
Normal Pool Elevation	_____	_____

6. Please attach a copy of the formal Operation and Maintenance Plan

**E. LEVEE/FLOODWALL**

1. System Elements

a. This Levee/Floodwall analysis is based on (check one):

- upgrading of an existing levee/floodwall system     
  a newly constructed levee/floodwall system     
  reanalysis of an existing levee/floodwall system

b. Levee elements and locations are (check one):

- earthen embankment, dike, berm, etc.     
  structural floodwall     
  Other (describe): Existing High Ground

29+00 to 30+25, 39+30 to 43+10, 44+25 to 45+75, 50+90 to 52+85, 68+75 to 71+25, 102+00 to 105+00, 147+75 to 157+75, 163+60 to 165+10, 202+75 to 203+00

0+80 to 29+00, 71+25 to 102+00, 107+20 to 147+75, 201+15 to 202+75

30+25 to 39+30, 43+10 to 44+25, 45+75 to 50+90, 52+85 to 68+75, 105+00 to 107+20, 157+75 to 163+60, 165+10 to 201+15

c. Structural Type (check one):  monolithic cast-in place reinforced concrete   
 reinforced concrete masonry block   
 sheet piling  
 Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_ See structural explanation below.

d. Has this levee/floodwall system been certified by a Federal agency to provide protection from the base flood?

Yes     No

If Yes, by which agency? \_\_\_\_\_

**Structural Type Explanation**  
 Two structural types were incorporated with the North Shore Levee West Segment project, concrete and sheet pile flood wall. The type of structure was determined based on space constraints. For example, sheet piling was used where a concrete wall was not able to fit.



e. Attach certified drawings containing the following information (indicate drawing sheet numbers):

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1. Plan of the levee embankment and floodwall structures.  | Sheet Numbers: <u>C3.0 - C3.32</u>                       |
| 2. A profile of the levee/floodwall system showing the Base Flood Elevation (BFE), levee and/or wall crest and foundation, and closure locations for the total levee system. | Sheet Numbers: <u>C7.3 - C7.7</u>                        |
| 3. A profile of the BFE, closure opening outlet and inlet invert elevations, type and size of opening, and kind of closure.  | Sheet Numbers: <u>C7.3 - C7.7</u>                        |
| 4. A layout detail for the embankment protection measures.   | Sheet Numbers: <u>N/A</u>                                |
| 5. Location, layout, and size and shape of the levee embankment features, foundation treatment, Floodwall structure, closure structures, and pump stations.                  | Sheet Numbers: <u>C5.0 - C5.4;</u><br><u>C6.0 - C6.4</u> |

2. Freeboard

a. The minimum freeboard provided above the BFE is:

1 ft

Riverine

NOT APPLICABLE

- |  |                              |                             |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 3.0 feet or more at the downstream end and throughout                    | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No |
| 3.5 feet or more at the upstream end                                     | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No |
| 4.0 feet within 100 feet upstream of all structures and/or constrictions | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No |

Coastal

- |   |   |                             |
|---|---|-----------------------------|
| 1.0 foot above the height of the one percent wave associated with the 1%-annual-chance stillwater surge elevation or maximum wave runup (whichever is greater). | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No |
| 2.0 feet above the 1%-annual-chance stillwater surge elevation  | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes            | <input type="checkbox"/> No |

See BFE Determination Memo included with this submittal.

Please note, occasionally exceptions are made to the minimum freeboard requirement. If an exception is requested, attach documentation addressing Paragraph 65.10(b)(1)(ii) of the NFIP Regulations.

If No is answered to any of the above, please attach an explanation.

b. Is there an indication from historical records that ice-jamming can affect the BFE?  Yes  No

If Yes, provide ice-jam analysis profile and evidence that the minimum freeboard discussed above still exists.

3. Closures

a. Openings through the levee system (check one):  exists  does not exist

If opening exists, list all closures:

Channel Station	Left or Right Bank	Opening Type	Highest Elevation for Opening Invert	Type of Closure Device
		See Attached:		
		MT-2 Attachment #2: North Shore Levee West Segment Closure Summary		
		MT-2 Attachment #3: North Shore Levee West Segment Pipe Penetrations		

(Extend table on an added sheet as needed and reference)

Note: Geotechnical and geologic data

In addition to the required detailed analysis reports, data obtained during field and laboratory investigations and used in the design analysis for the following system features should be submitted in a tabulated summary form. (Reference U.S. Army Corps of Engineers [USACE] EM-1110-2-1906 Form 2086.)

4. Embankment Protection

NOTE: A copy of this page is included for each type of flood control structure  
COPY 1 - Structural Floodwall

- a. The maximum levee slope land side is: Not applicable
- b. The maximum levee slope flood side is: Not applicable
- c. The range of velocities along the levee during the base flood is: 0 ft/s (min.) to 1.3 ft/s (max.)
- d. Embankment material is protected by (describe what kind): \_\_\_\_\_ NOT APPLICABLE
- e. Riprap Design Parameters (check one):  Velocity  Tractive stress NOT APPLICABLE  
Attach references

Reach	Sideslope	Flow Depth	Velocity	Curve or Straight	Stone Riprap			Depth of Toedown
					D <sub>100</sub>	D <sub>50</sub>	Thickness	
Sta to								
Sta to								
Sta to				<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">NOT APPLICABLE</span>				
Sta to								
Sta to								
Sta to								

(Extend table on an added sheet as needed and reference each entry)

- f. Is a bedding/filter analysis and design attached?  Yes  No
- g. Describe the analysis used for other kinds of protection used (include copies of the design analysis): NOT APPLICABLE  
Not Applicable

Attach engineering analysis to support construction plans.

5. Embankment And Foundation Stability

- a. Identify locations and describe the basis for selection of critical location for analysis: floodwall section closest to the river bank.
  - Overall height: Sta.: 98+50, height 4.2 ft.
  - Limiting foundation soil strength:
    - Strength  $\phi = \underline{0}$  degrees,  $c = \underline{250}$  psf
    - Slope: SS = n/a (h) to n/a (v)
    - (Repeat as needed on an added sheet for additional locations)
- b. Specify the embankment stability analysis methodology used (e.g., circular arc, sliding block, infinite slope, etc.): circular arc
- c. Summary of stability analysis results: See section 3.5 Embankment Stability Analysis of the Geotechnical Report included with the submittal

4. Embankment Protection

NOTE: A copy of this page is included for each type of flood control structure  
COPY 2 - Earthen Embankment, dike, berm, etc.

- a. The maximum levee slope land side is: Not applicable
- b. The maximum levee slope flood side is: Not applicable
- c. The range of velocities along the levee during the base flood is: 0 ft/s (min.) to 1.3 ft/s (max.)
- d. Embankment material is protected by (describe what kind): grass cover
- e. Riprap Design Parameters (check one):       Velocity       Tractive stress      NOT APPLICABLE  
Attach references

Reach	Sideslope	Flow Depth	Velocity	Curve or Straight	Stone Riprap			Depth of Toedown
					D <sub>100</sub>	D <sub>50</sub>	Thickness	
Sta to								
Sta to								
Sta to				<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">NOT APPLICABLE</span>				
Sta to								
Sta to								
Sta to								

(Extend table on an added sheet as needed and reference each entry)

- f. Is a bedding/filter analysis and design attached?     Yes     No
- g. Describe the analysis used for other kinds of protection used (include copies of the design analysis):  
Not Applicable

Attach engineering analysis to support construction plans.

5. Embankment And Foundation Stability

- b. Identify locations and describe the basis for selection of critical location for analysis:  
levee embankment section closes to the river bank.
  - Overall height: Sta.: 101+00, height 4.4 ft.
  - Limiting foundation soil strength:  
Strength  $\phi = 0$  degrees,  $c = 240$  psf  
Slope: SS = 2 (h) to 1 (v)  
  
(Repeat as needed on an added sheet for additional locations)
- c. Specify the embankment stability analysis methodology used (e.g., circular arc, sliding block, infinite slope, etc.):  
circular arc
- c. Summary of stability analysis results: See section 3.5 Embankment Stability Analysis of the Geotechnical Report included with the submitta

**E. LEVEE/FLOODWALL (CONTINUED)**

NOTE: A copy of this page is included for each type of flood control structure  
COPY 1 - Structural Floodwall

5. Embankment And Foundation Stability (continued)

Case	Loading Conditions	Critical Safety Factor	Criteria (Min.)
I	End of construction	2.32	1.3
II	Sudden drawdown	2.29	1.0
III	Critical flood stage	4.79	1.4
IV	Steady seepage at flood stage	>1.4	1.4
VI	Earthquake (Case I)	n/a	1.0

(Reference: USACE EM-1110-2-1913 Table 6-1)

d. Was a seepage analysis for the embankment performed?  Yes  No

If Yes, describe methodology used: seep with steady state seepage at critical flow stage.

e. Was a seepage analysis for the foundation performed?  Yes  No

f. Were uplift pressures at the embankment landside toe checked?  Yes  No

g. Were seepage exit gradients checked for piping potential?  Yes  No

h. The duration of the base flood hydrograph against the embankment is \_\_\_\_\_ hours.

NOT APPLICABLE

Attach engineering analysis to support construction plans.

6. Floodwall And Foundation Stability

a. Describe analysis submittal based on Code (check one):  UBC (1988)  Other (specify): IBC (2015), EM 110-2-2505, EC 110-2-6066

b. Stability analysis submitted provides for:  Overturning  Sliding If not, explain: \_\_\_\_\_

c. Loading included in the analyses were:  Lateral earth @  $P_A = \text{varies}$  psf;  $P_p = \text{varies}$  psf

Surcharge-Slope @ \_\_\_\_\_,  surface \_\_\_\_\_ psf

Wind @  $P_w = 30$  psf

Seepage (Uplift); ftg uplift  Earthquake @  $P_{eq} = 0.26$  %g

1%-annual-chance significant wave height: \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

1%-annual-chance significant wave period: \_\_\_\_\_ sec.

NOT APPLICABLE

d. Summary of Stability Analysis Results: Factors of Safety.  
Itemize for each range in site layout dimension and loading condition limitation for each respective reach.

Loading Condition	Criteria (Min)		Sta	To	Sta	To
	Overturn	Sliding	Overturn	Sliding	Overturn	Sliding
Dead & Wind	1.5	1.5	>1.5	>1.5		
Dead & Soil	1.5	1.5	>1.5	>1.5		
Dead, Soil, Flood, & Impact	1.5	1.5	1.51	2.22		
Dead, Soil, & Seismic	1.3	1.3	>1.5	>1.5		

(Ref: FEMA 114 Sept 1986; USACE EM 1110-2-2502)  
Note: (Extend table on an added sheet as needed and reference)

**E. LEVEE/FLOODWALL (CONTINUED)**

5. Embankment And Foundation Stability (continued)

NOTE: A copy of this page is included for each type of flood control structure  
COPY 2 - Earthen Embankment, dike, berm, etc.

Case	Loading Conditions	Critical Safety Factor	Criteria (Min.)
I	End of construction	1.65	1.3
II	Sudden drawdown	1.65	1.0
III	Critical flood stage	3.14	1.4
IV	Steady seepage at flood stage	>1.4	1.4
VI	Earthquake (Case I)	n/a	1.0

(Reference: USACE EM-1110-2-1913 Table 6-1)

d. Was a seepage analysis for the embankment performed?  Yes  No

If Yes, describe methodology used: seep with steady state seepage at critical flow stage.

e. Was a seepage analysis for the foundation performed?  Yes  No

f. Were uplift pressures at the embankment landside toe checked?  Yes  No

g. Were seepage exit gradients checked for piping potential?  Yes  No

h. The duration of the base flood hydrograph against the embankment is 6 hours.

Attach engineering analysis to support construction plans.

6. Floodwall And Foundation Stability

NOT APPLICABLE

a. Describe analysis submittal based on Code (check one):  UBC (1988)  Other (specify): \_\_\_\_\_

b. Stability analysis submitted provides for:  Overturning  Sliding If not, explain: \_\_\_\_\_

c. Loading included in the analyses were:  Lateral earth @  $P_A =$  \_\_\_\_\_ psf;  $P_p =$  \_\_\_\_\_ psf

Surcharge-Slope @ \_\_\_\_\_,  surface \_\_\_\_\_ psf

Wind @  $P_w =$  \_\_\_\_\_ psf

Seepage (Uplift); \_\_\_\_\_  Earthquake @  $P_{eq} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ %g

1%-annual-chance significant wave height: \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

1%-annual-chance significant wave period: \_\_\_\_\_ sec.

d. Summary of Stability Analysis Results: Factors of Safety.  
Itemize for each range in site layout dimension and loading condition limitation for each respective reach.

Loading Condition	Criteria (Min)		Sta	To	Sta	To
	Overturn	Sliding	Overturn	Sliding	Overturn	Sliding
Dead & Wind	1.5	1.5				
Dead & Soil	1.5	1.5				
Dead, Soil, Flood, & Impact	1.5	1.5				
Dead, Soil, & Seismic	1.3	1.3				

(Ref: FEMA 114 Sept 1986; USACE EM 1110-2-2502)  
Note: (Extend table on an added sheet as needed and reference)

**E. LEVEE/FLOODWALL (CONTINUED)**

6. Floodwall And Foundation Stability (continued)

e. Foundation bearing strength for each soil type:

Bearing Pressure	Sustained Load (psf)	Short Term Load (psf)
Computed design maximum	see table below	see table below
Maximum allowable	1,460 ult	1,460 ult

**TABLE 3. FLOODWALL DESIGN ULTIMATE BEARING PRESSURES**

Footing Embedment Depth (ft)	Ultimate Bearing Capacity (psf)		
	North Alignment	South Hoquiam	Grays Harbor
2	2,529	1,738	1,436 <sup>1</sup>
3	2,637	1,836	1,537 <sup>1</sup>
4	2,745	1,934	1,638 <sup>1</sup>

Note:

<sup>1</sup> Allowable bearing capacity based on soil properties presented in the report titled "Geotechnical Design Study, WSDOT SR 520 Pontoon Construction Project" in Grays Harbor, Washington by Landau Associates, dated March 25, 2009. We reviewed these properties with the previously completed boring logs and agree with the presented engineering soil parameters.

f. Foundation scour protection  is,  is not provided. If provided, attach explanation and supporting documentation:

Attach engineering analysis to support construction plans.

7. Settlement

- a. Has anticipated potential settlement been determined and incorporated into the specified construction elevations to maintain the established freeboard margin?  Yes  No
- b. The computed range of settlement is 0.5 ft. to 1.0 ft.
- c. Settlement of the levee crest is determined to be primarily from :  Foundation consolidation  Embankment compression  Other (Describe): \_\_\_\_\_
- d. Differential settlement of floodwalls  has  has not been accommodated in the structural design and construction.

Attach engineering analysis to support construction plans.

8. Interior Drainage

a. Specify size of each interior watershed:

See Attachment #4: North Shore Levee West Segment Drainage Basin Information

Draining to pressure conduit: \_\_\_\_\_ acres  
 Draining to ponding area: \_\_\_\_\_ acres

b. Relationships Established

- Ponding elevation vs. storage  Yes  No
- Ponding elevation vs. gravity flow  Yes  No
- Differential head vs. gravity flow  Yes  No

c. The river flow duration curve is enclosed:  Yes  No

d. Specify the discharge capacity of the head pressure conduit: \_\_\_\_\_ cfs

See Attachment #4: North Shore Levee West Segment Drainage Basin Information

e. Which flooding conditions were analyzed?

- Gravity flow (Interior Watershed)  Yes  No
- Common storm (River Watershed)  Yes  No
- Historical ponding probability  Yes  No
- Coastal wave overtopping  Yes  No

If No for any of the above, attach explanation.

See BFE Determination Memo included with this submittal.

e. Interior drainage has been analyzed based on joint probability of interior and exterior flooding and the capacities of pumping and outlet facilities to provide the established level of flood protection.  Yes  No If No, attach explanation.

g. The rate of seepage through the levee system for the base flood is \_\_\_\_\_ cfs

See below

h. The length of levee system used to drive this seepage rate in item g: \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

Design Group	Station	Embankment Length (ft)	Seepage Per 100 LF	Seepage (cf/hr)
North Alignment	0+00 to 32+50			
Hoquiam River	32+50 to 88+00	1500	0.00768	0.1152
North Hoquiam	88+00 to 105+00	300	0.000968	0.002904
South Hoquiam	105+00 to 129+00	0	0.022	0
Grays Harbor	129+00 to 203+00	1175	0.0187	0.219725

**E. LEVEE/FLOODWALL (CONTINUED)**

8. Interior Drainage (continued)

i. Will pumping plants be used for interior drainage?  Yes  No

See Attachment #4: North Shore Levee West Segment Drainage Basin Information

If Yes, include the number of pumping plants: 6 For each pumping plant, list:

	Plant #1	Plant #2
The number of pumps		
The ponding storage capacity		
The maximum pumping rate		
The maximum pumping head	NOTE: See Attachment #4: North Shore Levee West Segment Drainage Basin Information. Also, see Phase 1 and Phase 2 drainage improvements identified in the Interior Drainage Report included with this submittal	
The pumping starting elevation		
The pumping stopping elevation		
Is the discharge facility protected?		
Is there a flood warning plan?		
How much time is available between warning and flooding?		

Will the operation be automatic?  Yes  No  
 If the pumps are electric, are there backup power sources?  Yes  No

(Reference: USACE EM-1110-2-3101, 3102, 3103, 3104, and 3105)

Include a copy of supporting documentation of data and analysis. Provide a map showing the flooded area and maximum ponding elevations for all interior watersheds that result in flooding.

9. Other Design Criteria

a. The following items have been addressed as stated:

- Liquefaction  is  is not a problem
- Hydrocompaction  is  is not a problem
- Heave differential movement due to soils of high shrink/swell  is  is not a problem

b. For each of these problems, state the basic facts and corrective action taken:  
 Seismic issues are beyond the scope of the analysis performed.

Soils are not susceptible to hydrocompaction or heave differential movement due to high shrink/swell soils.

Attach supporting documentation

c. If the levee/floodwall is new or enlarged, will the structure adversely impact flood levels and/or flow velocities floodside of the structure?  
 Yes  No Attach supporting documentation

d. Sediment Transport Considerations:

See Attachment #1: North Shore Levee West Segment Sediment Transport Explanations (Note 3)

Was sediment transport considered?  Yes  No  
 If Yes, then fill out Section F (Sediment Transport). If No, then attach your explanation for why sediment transport was not considered.

10. Operational Plan And Criteria

- a. Are the planned/installed works in full compliance with Part 65.10 of the NFIP Regulations?  Yes  No
- b. Does the operation plan incorporate all the provisions for closure devices as required in Paragraph 65.10(c)(1) of the NFIP regulations?  
 Yes  No
- c. Does the operation plan incorporate all the provisions for interior drainage as required in Paragraph 65.10(c)(2) of the NFIP regulations?  
 Yes  No If the answer is No to any of the above, please attach supporting documentation.

**E. LEVEE/FLOODWALL (CONTINUED)**



11. Maintenance Plan  
Please attach a copy of the formal maintenance plan for the levee/floodwall

12. Operations and Maintenance Plan  
Please attach a copy of the formal Operations and Maintenance Plan for the levee/floodwall.

### CERTIFICATION OF THE LEVEE DOCUMENTATION

This certification is to be signed and sealed by a licensed registered professional engineer authorized by law to certify elevation information data, hydrologic and hydraulic analysis, and any other supporting information as per NFIP regulations paragraph 65.10(e) and as described in the MT-2 Forms Instructions. All documents submitted in support of this request are correct to the best of my knowledge. I understand that any false statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment under Title 18 of the United States Code, Section 1001.

Certifier's Name: Mark Steepy, PE License No.: 35853 (WA) Expiration Date: Feb 27, 2021  
Company Name: KPFF Consulting Engineers Telephone No.: (360) 292-7230 Fax No.: (360) 292-7231  
Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ E-Mail Address: mark.steepy@kpff.com

### F. SEDIMENT TRANSPORT

Flooding Source: Not applicable

Name of Structure: \_\_\_\_\_

NOT APPLICABLE

If there is any indication from historical records that sediment transport (including scour and deposition) can affect the Base Flood Elevation (BFE); and/or based on the stream morphology, vegetative cover, development of the watershed and bank conditions, there is a potential for debris and sediment transport (including scour and deposition) to affect the BFEs, then provide the following information along with the supporting documentation:

Sediment load associated with the base flood discharge: Volume \_\_\_\_\_ acre-feet

Debris load associated with the base flood discharge: Volume \_\_\_\_\_ acre-feet

Sediment transport rate \_\_\_\_\_ (percent concentration by volume)

Method used to estimate sediment transport: \_\_\_\_\_

Most sediment transport formulas are intended for a range of hydraulic conditions and sediment sizes; attach a detailed explanation for using the selected method.

Method used to estimate scour and/or deposition: \_\_\_\_\_

Method used to revise hydraulic or hydrologic analysis (model) to account for sediment transport: \_\_\_\_\_

Please note that bulked flows are used to evaluate the performance of a structure during the base flood; however, FEMA does not map BFEs based on bulked flows.

If a sediment analysis has not been performed, an explanation as to why sediment transport (including scour and deposition) will not affect the BFEs or structures must be provided.



**FORM 4**

**Coastal Analysis Form**



DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY  
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY  
**COASTAL ANALYSIS FORM**

O.M.B No. 1660-0016  
Expires February 28, 2014

**PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT**

Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 1 hour per response. The burden estimate includes the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the needed data, and completing, reviewing, and submitting the form. You are not required to respond to this collection of information unless a valid OMB control number appears in the upper right corner of this form. Send comments regarding the accuracy of the burden estimate and any suggestions for reducing this burden to: Information Collections Management, U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 1800 South Bell Street, Arlington VA 20958-3005, Paperwork Reduction Project (1660-0016). Submission of the form is required to obtain or retain benefits under the National Flood Insurance Program. **Please do not send your completed survey to the above address.**

**PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT**

**AUTHORITY:** The National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, Public Law 90-448, as amended by the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, Public Law 93-234.

**PRINCIPAL PURPOSE(S):** This information is being collected for the purpose of determining an applicant's eligibility to request changes to National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM).

**ROUTINE USE(S):** The information on this form may be disclosed as generally permitted under 5 U.S.C § 552a(b) of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended. This includes using this information as necessary and authorized by the routine uses published in DHS/FEMA/NFIP/LOMA-1 National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP); Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA) February 15, 2006, 71 FR 7990.

**DISCLOSURE:** The disclosure of information on this form is voluntary; however, failure to provide the information requested may delay or prevent FEMA from processing a determination regarding a requested change to a NFIP Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM).

Flooding Source: Grays Harbor

**Note:** Fill out one form for each flooding source studied.

**A. COASTLINE TO BE REVISED**

Describe limits of study area: No Proposed Revisions to Coastal Analysis

**B. EFFECTIVE FIS**

The area being revised in the effective FIS was studied by detailed methods using (check all that apply):

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Storm surge modeling          | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wave setup computations         |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wave height computations      | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wave runup computations         |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wave overtopping computations | <input type="checkbox"/> Dune erosion computations                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Primary Frontal Dune Assessment          | <input type="checkbox"/> N/A (area not studied by detailed methods) |

**C. REVISED ANALYSIS**

1. Number of transects in revised analysis: Not Revised

NOT APPLICABLE

2. Information used to prepare the revision (check all that apply):

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Wave setup analyses (complete Items 3, 4, and 5 below) | <input type="checkbox"/> Wave overtopping assessment (complete Items 4 and 5)                            |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stillwater elevation determinations (complete Item 3)  | <input type="checkbox"/> More detailed topographic information (complete Section E)                      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Erosion considerations (complete Item 4)               | <input type="checkbox"/> Shore protection structures (attach completed Coastal Structures Form - Form 5) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Wave runup analysis (complete Items 4 and 5)           | <input type="checkbox"/> Primary frontal dune assessment (complete Item 5)                               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Wave height analysis (complete Items 4 and 5)          | <input type="checkbox"/> Other, attach basis of revision request with explanation                        |

3. Stillwater Elevation Determination

a. How were stillwater elevations determined?

- Gage analysis (If revised gage analysis was used, provide copies of gage data and revised analysis.)  
 Storm surge analysis  
 Other (Describe): \_\_\_\_\_

b. Specify what datum was used in the calculations: \_\_\_\_\_

If not the FIS datum, have the calculations been adjusted to the FIS datum?  Yes  No Conversion factor: \_\_\_\_\_

c. Was the storm surge analysis revised?  Yes  No

d. If a new storm surge model was used, attach a detailed description of the differences between the current and the revised analyses, and why the revised analysis should replace the current analysis.

**C. REVISED ANALYSIS (continued)**

e. If wave setup was computed, attach a description of methodology used.  
Amount of wave setup added to stillwater elevation: \_\_\_\_\_ feet

**4. Revised Analysis (i.e., erosion, wave height, wave runup, primary frontal dune, and wave overtopping)**

If DHS-FEMA procedures were utilized to perform the revision, attach a detailed description of differences between the current and the revised analyses, and why the revised analysis should replace the current analysis.

If DHS-FEMA procedures were not utilized to perform the revision, provide full documentation on methodology and/or models used; including operational program, detailed differences between methodology and/or models utilized and DHS-FEMA's methodology and/or models. Also, attach an explanation of why new methodology and/or models should replace current methodology and/or models.

If revision reflects more detailed topographic information and fill has been/will be placed in a V Zone, and is not protected from erosion by a shore protection structure, provide a detailed description of how the fill has been treated in the revised analysis.

**5. Wave Runup, Wave Height, And Wave Overtopping Analysis**

Wave height analyses along a transect are greatly affected by starting wave conditions that propagate inland. Wave runup and overtopping analyses are typically considered when wave heights and/or wave runup are close to or greater than the crest of shore protection structures or natural land forms.

a. Was an analysis performed to determine starting wave height and period for input into WHAFIS?

If Yes, attach an explanation of the method utilized. If No, explain why these analyses were not performed.

Yes  No

b. Was wave setup included in wave height analysis and removed for erosion and wave runup analyses?

Yes  No

c. Was an overtopping analysis performed for any coastal shore protection structures or natural land forms that may be overtopped?

Yes  No

If Yes, attach an explanation of the methodology utilized and describe in detail the results of the analysis.

If overtopping was not analyzed, attach an explanation for why these analyses were not performed.

**D. RESULTS**

1. Stillwater storm surge elevation: \_\_\_\_\_ feet \_\_\_\_\_ Datum

2. Wave setup: \_\_\_\_\_ feet

3. Starting deep-water significant wave condition:

height: \_\_\_\_\_ period: \_\_\_\_\_

4. Maximum wave height elevation: \_\_\_\_\_ feet

5. Maximum wave runup elevation: \_\_\_\_\_ feet

6. Estimated amount of maximum overtopping: \_\_\_\_\_ cfs/feet

7. Has this revision changed the Limit of Moderate Wave Action (LiMWA)?  Yes  No  N/A

8. The areas designated as coastal high hazard areas (V Zones) have:

increased  decreased  both

Attach a description where they have increased and/or decreased.

9. As a result of the revised analyses, the V Zone location has shifted a maximum of \_\_\_\_\_ feet seaward and \_\_\_\_\_ feet ward of its existing position.

NOT APPLICABLE

10. Does this revision reflect the location of the primary frontal dune?  
 Yes  No

11. The Base Flood Elevations have:  
 increased  decreased

a. What was the greatest increase? \_\_\_\_\_ feet

b. What was the greatest decrease? \_\_\_\_\_ feet

12. The special flood hazard area has:  
 increased  decreased  both

Attach a description where it has increased or decreased.

**E. MAPPING REQUIREMENTS**

A certified topographic map must be submitted showing the following information (where applicable): effective, existing conditions, and proposed conditions 1%-annual-chance floodplain boundaries, revised shoreline due to either erosion or accretion, location and alignment of all transects, correct location and alignment of any structures, current community easements and boundaries, boundary of the requester's property, certification of a professional engineer registered in the subject State, location and description of reference marks, and the referenced vertical datum (NGVD, NAVD, etc.).

Note that the existing or proposed conditions floodplain boundaries to be shown on the revised FIRM must tie-in with the effective floodplain boundaries. Please attach a copy of the current FIRM annotated to show the revised 1%-annual-chance floodplain boundaries that tie-in with effective 1%-annual-chance floodplain boundaries along the entire extent of the area of revision.







**FORM 5**

**Coastal Structures Form**



DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY  
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY  
**COASTAL STRUCTURES FORM**

O.M.B No. 1660-0016  
Expires February 28, 2014

**PAPERWORK BURDEN DISCLOSURE NOTICE**

Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 1 hour per response. The burden estimate includes the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the needed data, and completing, reviewing, and submitting the form. You are not required to respond to this collection of information unless a valid OMB control number appears in the upper right corner of this form. Send comments regarding the accuracy of the burden estimate and any suggestions for reducing this burden to: Information Collections Management, U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 1800 South Bell Street, Arlington, VA 20598-3005, Paperwork Reduction Project (1660-0016). Submission of the form is required to obtain or retain benefits under the National Flood Insurance Program. **Please do not send your completed survey to the above address.**

**PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT**

**AUTHORITY:** The National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, Public Law 90-448, as amended by the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, Public Law 93-234.

**PRINCIPAL PURPOSE(S):** This information is being collected for the purpose of determining an applicant's eligibility to request changes to National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM).

**ROUTINE USE(S):** The information on this form may be disclosed as generally permitted under 5 U.S.C § 552a(b) of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended. This includes using this information as necessary and authorized by the routine uses published in DHS/FEMA/NFIP/LOMA-1 National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP); Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA) February 15, 2006, 71 FR 7990.

**DISCLOSURE:** The disclosure of information on this form is voluntary; however, failure to provide the information requested may delay or prevent FEMA from processing a determination regarding a requested change to a (NFIP) Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM).

Flooding Source: Coastal flood that impacts the Hoquiam River and Grays Harbor

**Note:** Fill out one form for each flooding source studied.

**A. BACKGROUND**

1. Name of structure (if applicable): North Shore Levee West Segment

2. Structure location: City of Hoquiam, WA

3. Type of structure (check one):

- Levee/Floodwall\*       Anchored Bulkhead       Revetment       Gravity Seawall  
 Breakwater       Pile supported seawall       Other: \_\_\_\_\_

\*Note: If the coastal structure is a levee/floodwall, complete Section E of Form 3 (Riverine Structures Form).  
The remainder of this form does not need to be completed. →

Coastal structure is a levee/floodwall. The remainder of the form does not need to be completed.

4. Material structure is composed of (check all that apply):

- Stone       Earthen fill       Concrete       Steel       Sand  
 Other \_\_\_\_\_

5. The structure is (check one):

- New or proposed       Existing       Modification of existing structure  
 Replacement structure of the same size and design as what was previously at the site

Describe in detail the existing structure and/or modifications being made to the structure and the purpose of the modifications:

If existing, please include date of construction: \_\_\_\_\_

6. Copies of certified "as-built" plans  are  are not attached. Attach all design analyses that apply.

If "as-built" plans are not available for submittal, please explain why and attach a sketch with general structure dimensions including: face slope, height, length, depth, and toe elevation referenced to the appropriate datum (e.g. NGVD 1929, NAVD 1988, etc.).

A. BACKGROUND (continued)

7. Has a Federal agency with responsibility for the design of coastal flood protection structures designed or certified that the structures have been adequately designed and constructed to provide protection against the 1%-annual-chance event?

Yes  No

If Yes, specify the name of the agency and dates of project completion and certification.

\_\_\_\_\_  
If Yes, then no other sections of this form need to be completed.

8. An Operation & Maintenance Plan has been provided.(required for all coastal structures)

B. DESIGN CRITERIA

1. Design Parameters

a. Were physical parameters representing the 1%-annual-chance event or greater used to design the coastal flood protection structure?

Yes  No

b. The number of design water levels that were evaluated \_\_\_\_\_ (number) range from the mean low water elevation of \_\_\_\_\_ feet to the 1%-annual-chance stillwater surge elevation of \_\_\_\_\_ feet. The critical water level is \_\_\_\_\_ feet. The datum that these elevations are referenced to is \_\_\_\_\_ e.g.,(NGVD)

Attach an explanation specifying which water levels and associated wave heights and periods were analyzed.

c. Were breaking wave forces used to design the structure?

Yes  No If No, attach an explanation why they were not used for design.

2. Settlement

a. What is the expected settlement rate at the site of the structure?

Please attach a settlement analysis.

3. Freeboard

a. Does the structure have 1 foot of freeboard above the height of the 1%-annual-chance wave-height elevation or maximum wave runup (whichever is greater)?

Yes  No

b. Does the structure have freeboard of at least 2 feet above the 1% annual chance stillwater surge elevation?

Yes  No

4. Toe Protection

Specify the type of toe protection: \_\_\_\_\_

If no toe protection is provided, provide analysis of scour potential and attach an evaluation of structural stability performed with potential scour at the toe.

5. Backfill Protection

Will the structure be overtopped during the 1%-annual-chance event?  Yes  No

If the structure will be overtopped, attach an explanation of what measures are used to prevent the loss of backfill from rundown over the structure, drainage landward, under or laterally around the ends of the structure, or through seams and drainage openings in the structure.

6. Structural Stability - Minimum Water Level

a. For coastal revetments, was a geotechnical analysis of potential failure in the landward direction by rotational gravity slip performed for maximum loads associated with minimum seaward water level, no wave action, saturated soil conditions behind the structure, and maximum toe scour?

Yes  No

b. For gravity and pile-supported seawalls, were engineering analyses of landward sliding, landward overturning, and of foundation adequacy using maximum pressures developed in the sliding and overturning calculations performed?

Yes  No

c. For anchored bulkheads, were engineering analyses performed for shear failure, moment failure, and adequacy of tiebacks and deadmen to resist loading under low-water conditions?

Yes  No

B. DESIGN CRITERIA (CONTINUED)

7. Structural Stability - Critical Water Level (Note: All structures must be designed to resist the maximum loads associated with the critical water level to be credited as providing protection from the 1% annual chance event.)

- a. For coastal revetments, were geotechnical analyses performed investigating the potential failure in the seaward direction by rotational gravity slip or foundation failure due to inadequate bearing strength?  
 Yes  No
- b. For revetments, were engineering analyses of rock, riprap, or armor blocks' stability under wave action or uplift forces on the rock, riprap, or armor blocks performed?  
 Yes  No
- c. Are the rocks graded?  
 Yes  No
- d. Are soil or geotextile filters being used in the design?  
 Yes  No
- e. For gravity and pile supported seawalls, were engineering analyses of landward sliding, landward overturning, and foundation adequacy performed?  
 Yes  No
- f. For anchored bulkheads, were engineering analyses of shear and moment failure performed using "shock" pressures?  
 Yes  No

For all analyses marked "No" above for the appropriate type of structure, please attach an explanation why the analyses were not performed.

8. Material Adequacy

The design life of the structure given the existing conditions at the structure site is \_\_\_\_\_ years.

9. Ice and Impact Alignment

- a. Will the structure be subjected to ice forces?  Yes  No If Yes, attach impact analysis and design details for such forces.
- b. Will the structure be subjected to impact forces from boats, ships, or large debris?  Yes  No If Yes, attach impact analysis.

10. Structure Plan Alignment

The structure is (check one):  Isolated  Part of a continuous structure with redundant return walls at frequent intervals.

Please provide a map showing the location of the structure and any natural land features that shelter the structure from wave actions.

C. ADVERSE IMPACT EVALUATION

If the structure is new, proposed, or modified, will the structure impact flooding and erosion for areas adjacent to the structure?

- Yes  No

If Yes, attach an explanation.

D. COMMUNITY AND/OR STATE REVIEW

Has the design, maintenance, and impact of the structure been reviewed and approved by the community, and any Federal, State, or local agencies having jurisdiction over flood control and coastal construction activities in the area the structure impacts?

- Yes  No

If Yes, attach a list of agencies who have reviewed and approved the project.

If No, attach an explanation why review and approval by the appropriate community or agency has not been obtained.

E. CERTIFICATION

As a Professional Engineer, I certify that the above structures will withstand all hydraulic and wave forces associated with the 1% annual chance flood without significant structural degradation. All documents submitted in support of this request are correct to the best of my knowledge. I understand that any false statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment under Title 18 of the United States Code, Section 1001.

Certifier's Name: Mark Steepy, PE

License No.: 34853 (WA) Exp. Date: 2/27/21

Company Name: KPFF Consulting Engineers

Telephone No.: (360) 292-7230 Fax. No.:

Signature: Mark Steepy

Date: 04-21-2020

Seal (optional)

## **MT – 2 ATTACHMENTS**

**Attachment #1 – North Shore Levee West Sediment Transport Explanations**

**Attachment #2 – North Shore Levee West Closure Summary**

**Attachment #3 – North Shore Levee West Pipe Penetrations**

**Attachment #4 – North Shore levee West Drainage Basins and Pump Capacities**

The bottom of the page features a decorative graphic consisting of two overlapping blue shapes. On the left, a dark blue triangle points downwards. On the right, a lighter blue triangle points upwards, overlapping the dark blue one.





**MT-2 ATTACHMENT #1**  
**NORTH SHORE LEVEE SEDIMENT TRANSPORT EXPLANATIONS**

Note 1:

During hydraulic analysis, the velocities within the evaluated channels did not demonstrate a risk for the flood wall to be impacted by transport sediment.

Note 2:

Sediment transport with relation to bridges was not considered as the velocities within the channel are not affected by the inclusion of the proposed levee. Additionally, there have been no recorded issues with sediment or scour at these bridges since the original study in 1981.

Note 3:

Sediment transport was not considered in the analysis of the proposed levee as the velocities within the channel are not affected by the inclusion of the proposed levee. Additionally, there have been no recorded issues with sediment since the original study in 1981.



**NORTH SHORE LEVEE WEST CLOSURE PLAN**

April 17, 2020

**Closure Summary Table**

Closure No.	Location	Crew No.	Opening Width	Total Width (ft.)	Spacing (ft.)	Stoplog Height (ft.)	# of Bollards	# of Stoplogs	Assembly Time (min.)	Approx. Base Elev. (ft.)	Station
1	Highway 101	1	45'	45	5	1.77	8	45	40	13.43	1+74
2	Perry Avenue & Queen Ave Bus Stop	1	5'	5	5	4.53	0	11	10	10.67	2+57
3	Queen Avenue	1	30'	30	5	4.94	5	72	30	10.26	3+89
4	Queen Avenue	1	25'	25	5	5.18	4	60	20	10.018	4+37
5	Queen Avenue	1	35'	35	5	4.78	6	77	30	10.42	5+18
6	Queen Avenue	1	30'	30	5	4.91	5	72	30	10.29	5+86
7	Queen Avenue	1	5'	5	5	5.17	0	12	10	10.03	6+79
8	Queen Avenue	1	20'	20	5	5.20	3	48	20	10.00	7+91
9	Queen Avenue	1	65'	65	5	4.77	12	143	60	10.43	9+66
10	Minor Street	1	5'	5	5	4.75	0.0	11	10	10.45	11+07
11	Minor Street	1	5'	5	5	4.72	0.0	11	10	10.48	11+55
12	Minor Street	1	5'	5	5	4.47	0	11	10	10.73	12+35
13	Minor Street & Kuhn Avenue	1	10'	10	5	4.59	1	22	10	10.61	13+04
14	Kuhn Avenue	1	40'	40	5	5.16	7	96	40	10.05	14+03
15	Kuhn Avenue	1	20'	20	5	5.06	3	48	20	10.15	14+74
16	Kuhn Avenue	1	40'	40	5	4.67	7	88	40	10.53	16+04
17	Kuhn Avenue	1	55'	55	5	4.63	10	121	60	10.58	17+36
18	Kuhn Avenue	1	20'	20	5	4.99	3	48	20	10.22	18+79
19	Kuhn Avenue	1	5'	5	5	4.35	0	10	10	10.85	19+58
20	Kuhn Avenue	1	25'	25	5	4.57	4	55	20	10.63	20+09
21	Laurel Street	1	15'	15	5	4.93	2	36	20	10.28	22+00
22	Laurel Street	1	15'	15	5	4.95	2	36	20	10.25	23+17
23	Queen Avenue	1	45'	45	5	4.85	8	108	40	10.35	24+01
24	Queen Avenue	1	30'	30	5	4.75	5	66	30	10.45	25+51
25	Queen Avenue	1	20'	20	5	4.83	3	48	20	10.37	26+87
26	Queen Avenue	1	50'	50	5	4.22	9	100	60	10.98	28+14
27	Food Bank North Entrance	2	50'	50	5	2.50	9	60	60	12.70	71+53
28	Tyler Street	2	55'	55	5	3.36	10	88	60	11.84	74+41
29	Tyler Street	2	35'	35	5	2.09	6	35	30	13.11	79+32
30	Chenault Ave & Roosevelt St	2	60'	60	5	3.03	11	84	60	12.18	83+53
31	Chenault Avenue & Polk Street	2	30'	30	5	3.30	5	48	30	11.90	86+98
32	Chenault Avenue & Polk Street	2	30'	30	5	2.97	5	42	30	12.23	87+38
33	Monroe Street & Eklund Avenue	2	75'	75	5	3.93	14	135	60	11.27	92+15
34	Not Used										
35	Levee Street Crossing	3	30'	30	5	1.37	5	24	30	13.83	107+41
36	Levee Street & 7th Street	3	85'	85	5	2.50	16	102	60	12.70	109+51
37	Levee Street	3	25'	25	5	3.95	4	50	20	11.25	112+51
38	Levee Street & 8th Street	3	90'	90	5	2.85	17	126	60	12.35	114+29
39	Levee Street	3	15'	15	5	3.82	2	27	20	11.38	116+17
40	Levee Street	3	25'	25	5	3.51	4	45	20	11.69	116+62
41	Levee Street	3	25'	25	5	3.17	4	40	20	12.03	117+13
42	Levee Street	3	25'	25	5	3.58	4	45	20	11.62	117+51
43	Levee Street & 9th Street	3	45'	45	5	3.36	8	72	40	11.84	118+02
44	Levee Street	3	20'	20	5	3.50	3	32	20	11.70	118+57
45	Levee Street	3	20'	20	5	3.30	3	32	20	11.90	119+10
46	Levee Street & 10th Street	3	50'	50	5	2.07	9	50	60	13.13	121+76
47	Simpson Avenue Park Pathway	3	10'	10	5	2.81	1	14	10	12.39	125+91
48	I Avenue	3	45'	45	5	3.97	8	90	40	11.23	130+65
49	I Avenue & 11 Street	3	5'	5	5	4.22	0	10	10	10.98	131+29
50	11th Street	3	40'	40	5	4.09	7	80	40	11.11	131+97
51	11th Street	3	25'	25	5	3.96	4	50	20	11.24	132+87
52	11th Street	3	25'	25	5	3.98	4	50	20	11.23	133+37
53	11th Street & J Street	3	60'	60	5	4.00	11	120	60	11.20	134+85
54	11th Street	3	25'	25	5	4.24	4	50	20	10.96	135+85
55	11th Street	3	20'	20	5	4.16	3	40	20	11.04	136+64
56	11th Street & K Street	3	60'	60	5	4.06	11	120	60	11.14	138+60
57	K Street Railroad Tracks Spur	3	20'	20	5	4.44	3	44	20	10.76	142+49
58	K Street Railroad Tracks	3	25'	25	5	1.97	4	25	20	13.23	144+33
59	K Street Pump Station	3	25'	25	5	2.84	4	35	20	12.36	144+68
60	Paulson Road &	2	60'	60	5	3.20	11	96	60	12.00	202+25

<b>Crew 1</b>		
Total Effort	580	min.
Crew Size	4	people
Crew Assembly Time	145	min.
Travel Time	25	min.
<b>TOTAL ASSEMBLY TIME</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>min.</b>

<b>Crew 2</b>		
Total Effort	610	min.
Crew Size	4	people
Crew Assembly Time	153	min.
Travel Time	30	min.
<b>TOTAL ASSEMBLY TIME</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>min.</b>

<b>Crew 3</b>		
Total Effort	640	min.
Crew Size	4	people
Crew Assembly Time	160	min.
Travel Time	25	min.
<b>TOTAL ASSEMBLY TIME</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>min.</b>

<b>Closure Plan</b>	
1	The Levee Superintendent appoints three crews of four people (12 total) to perform levee closure work.
2	Crew assignments are as follows: Crew 1: Closures 1-23 Crew 2: Closures 24-38 Crew 3: Closures 39-60
3	The crews are on-call to perform the levee closure work immediately when directed to do so by the Levee Superintendent.
4	Crews have access to transportation for travel to closure locations and keys to unlock storage trailers.

Time Assembly Assumptions	
Stoplog Width	Min.
5, 10	5
15, 20, 25	10
30,35	15
40, 45	20
≥ 50	30

MT-2 ATTACHMENT #3  
 NORTH SHORE LEVEE WEST SEGMENT PIPE PENETRATIONS

Penetration No.	Station	Left or Right Bank	Conduit Type	Type of Closure Device
1	2+03.33	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
2	2+72.35	RIGHT	SEWER	LOCKING MANHOLE LIDS
3	2+82.98	RIGHT	SEWER	LOCKING MANHOLE LIDS
4	7+66.51	RIGHT	SEWER	LOCKING MANHOLE LIDS
5	7+82.12	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
6	9+38.93	RIGHT	STORMWATER	CHECK VALVE
7	9+59.14	RIGHT	STORMWATER	CHECK VALVE
8	9+76.85	RIGHT	STORMWATER	CHECK VALVE
9	9+78.15	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
10	12+88.26	RIGHT	SEWER	LOCKING MANHOLE LIDS
11	13+88.47	RIGHT	SEWER	LOCKING MANHOLE LIDS
12	14+15.70	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
13	17+26.12	RIGHT	STORMWATER	CHECK VALVE
14	17+73.44	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
15	18+44.30	RIGHT	SEWER	LOCKING MANHOLE LIDS
16	21+10.23	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
17	23+91.87	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
18	24+36.38	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
19	24+67.22	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
20	28+46.48	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
21	28+62.40	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
22	29+23.53	RIGHT	STORMWATER	CHECK VALVE
23	72+43.36	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
24	75+20.70	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
25	80+00.00	RIGHT	SEWER	LOCKING MANHOLE LIDS
26	85+96.04	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
27	87+11.93	RIGHT	SEWER	LOCKING MANHOLE LIDS
28	88+07.69	RIGHT	SEWER	LOCKING MANHOLE LIDS
29	88+52.33	RIGHT	SEWER	LOCKING MANHOLE LIDS
30	91+26.53	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
31	91+78.35	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
32	93+42.80	RIGHT	SEWER	LOCKING MANHOLE LIDS
33	98+91.38	RIGHT	SEWER	LOCKING MANHOLE LIDS
34	100+85.79	RIGHT	STORMWATER	CHECK VALVE
35	104+31.98	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
36	107.74.30	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
37	109+53.81	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
38	113+47.70	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
39	114+16.74	RIGHT	STORMWATER	CHECK VALVE
40	114+43.22	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
41	117+44.09	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
42	117+73.37	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
43	121+50.98	RIGHT	WATER	NONE

Penetration No.	Station	Left or Right Bank	Conduit Type	Type of Closure Device
44	121+92.87	RIGHT	STORMWATER	CHECK VALVE
45	128+92.09	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
46	129+44.89	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
47	129+79.61	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
48	130+76.34	RIGHT	STORMWATER	CHECK VALVE
49	131+70.54	RIGHT	SEWER	LOCKING MANHOLE LIDS
50	132+33.15	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
51	132+60.24	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
52	134+93.08	RIGHT	STORMWATER	CHECK VALVE
53	135+45.92	RIGHT	SEWER	LOCKING MANHOLE LIDS
54	138+63.24	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
55	138+82.05	RIGHT	STORMWATER	CHECK VALVE
56	139+37.33	RIGHT	SEWER	LOCKING MANHOLE LIDS
57	141+67.70	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
58	144+14.52	RIGHT	SEWER	LOCKING MANHOLE LIDS
59	144+39.49	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
60	144+61.52	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
61	145+55.04	RIGHT	STORMWATER	CHECK VALVE
62	146+46.54	RIGHT	SEWER	LOCKING MANHOLE LIDS
63	152+75.71	RIGHT	SEWER	LOCKING MANHOLE LIDS
64	201+76.40	RIGHT	WATER	NONE
65	202+71.83	RIGHT	STORMWATER	CHECK VALVE

# NORTH SHORE LEVEE WEST SEGMENT

April 17, 2020

## *Drainage Basin Information*

Basin/Outfall	CALCULATED STORM RUNOFF TO BASIN OUTFALL			
	Q10-YR		Q100-YR	
	CFS	GPM	CFS	GPM
Cottage St	11.6	4,400	13.0	4,900
Ramer St	80.0	36,000	100.0	44,900
Queen St	23.0	8,600	24.6	9,200
Emerson St	195.0	72,900	254.0	95,000
10 <sup>th</sup> St	14.7	5,500	22.9	8,600
K St	63.5	23,800	68.4	25,600
Adams St	119.0	44,500	144.0	53,900